



C.E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
China Building. Tel. C. 269.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1861
NO. 22,461

二拜禮 號八月五英港香

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1928.

Dollar on Demand:—2. 05/16d.
Light-up Time:—6.53 p.m.
High Water:—10.27 a.m.
Low Water:—6.17 p.m.

日九十月三

34 PRAIRIE
SINGAPORE COPY 10 CENTS

BUICK 1928

Buick's Lovejoy Hydraulic Shock Absorbers, front and rear—integrally designed with Buick Cantilever Springs—smooth away all road imperfections.

THE DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

Telephone Central 1246 or 1247
33, West Hill Road, Happy Valley.

RUMANIAN PRINCE RUMOURS.

PLOTTING TO ACCEDE TO THRONE.

AUTHORITIES DENY STORIES OF REVOLUTION.

BALKANS INTRIGUE.

Diplomatic circles are intrigued by the numerous rumours in circulation regarding a plan by Prince Carol to ignore his renunciation of the throne of Rumania, and to bring off a coup.

It is alleged that he has been seeking the favour of the Peasants' Party, but M. Inca, the Rumanian Home Minister, discredits the stories of revolution.

It is learned that the ex-Crown Prince had drafted a manifesto which he proposed to circulate throughout Rumania, announcing his readiness to take the throne.

Aeroplanes Chartered.

London, May 7. Carol, the Rumanian ex-Crown Prince, with Madame Lupescu has been staying in Surrey as guests of a Rumanian business man for the past week. It is now learned that the British authorities on learning on the 6th inst. that two commercial aeroplanes had been chartered, presumably to fly with Carol to Rumania, took action to prevent the departure of the machines as the authorities are not satisfied that Carol is possessed of the necessary papers to land in Rumania.—*Reuter*.

Interviewed by *Reuter*, Prince Carol denied that he chartered the aeroplanes to take him to Rumania, adding:

"I came to England for rest and for sport, but we are not always masters of events, which sometimes move faster than we expect."

Political Propaganda.

He also denied emphatically that he was engaged in political propaganda in England, or that he chartered the aeroplanes for the purpose of distributing a manifesto over Rumania, announcing his readiness to take the throne.

The manifesto, he declared, was drafted at Monte Carlo a long time ago, and he dated it May 5th, in order to prevent bloodshed as he learned that the Peasants' Party was to hold a big meeting on May 6th, and the Government might have made an attempt to prevent the meeting.

No Backing for Carol.

If he returned to Rumania, Prince Carol declared, he would travel in a perfectly ordinary and open fashion.

The attitude of the Rumanian authorities towards Prince Carol has been outlined in authorised circles in London as follows:

Prince Carol's actions are those of a private individual in view of his renunciation of the right of accession to the throne of Rumania, and his undertaking not to return to Rumania for ten years without the consent of the Government.

There is no backing in Rumania for the aspirations attributed to Prince Carol.—*Reuter*.

Interview With Regency.

Bucharest, May 7. The Peasants' Congress at Alzajulia passed off quietly with untroubled incidents.

The Government provided special trains to take home several delegations at their request.

M. Maniu, the Peasant Party leader, is now on his way to Bucharest for the purpose of an interview with the Regency.

M. Inca, the Minister of the Interior, in a statement referring to the Peasants' Congress, scouted the idea of revolutionary agitation.—*Reuter*.

Further Wild Rumours.

London, May 7. Prince Carol's movements were followed with close attention by interested British quarters last night.

His departure from his Surrey residence last night gave rise to wild rumours until it was discovered that he, Madame Lupescu and their host, M. Jonescu, had only proceeded to a London cinema (where the programme included the film "We Are All Gamblers").

(Continued on Page 4.)

CHINESE FACULTY APPEAL.

H. E. URGES EUROPEANS TO SUPPORT.

REMOVING BARRIERS.

The following appeal has been issued by His Excellency the Governor in connection with the movement to establish a School of Chinese at the University of Hong Kong:

"I venture to recommend very strongly indeed to the attention of the European community of Hong Kong the strenuous and successful efforts which are now being made by the leaders of the Chinese community to raise funds with which to found a school of Chinese at the Hong Kong University. The objects of this school will be, on the one hand, to encourage the scientific study of the Chinese language, literature, history, philosophy, and on the other hand, to afford facilities to Europeans for learning the Chinese language and to acquaint themselves with Chinese thought and customs.

"One of the most urgent needs of this Colony, as I see it at the present time, is that the barriers between the European and Chinese communities here resident should be broken down and this cannot effectively be done until the Europeans who live and have their business in Hong Kong, acquire a competent knowledge of the Chinese language. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance that the project now in hand should succeed, and I sincerely hope that the response of the European community to the appeal now made will be no less generous than that of the Chinese community."

(Sd.) C. CLEMENTI, Governor.

BEST AMERICAN PLAY IN 1927.

MR. EUGENE O'NEILL GETS PULITZER PRIZE.

New York, May 7. "The Strange Interlude" has been adjudged by the Pulitzer Prize Committee to be the best American play of 1927, and the author, Mr. Eugene O'Neill, has been awarded the \$1,000 prize.

Mr. Thornton Wilder has been presented with \$1,000 for "Bridge of San Luis Rey," regarded as the best novel of 1927.—*Reuter's American Service*.

RUBBER ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

TO CONTINUE TO ACT TILL NOVEMBER.

London, May 7. In the House of Commons at question time, Lt.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, the Dominions Secretary stated that the last time the Rubber Advisory Committee met was on December 8th, last year.

He had invited the members to continue to act as long as the Stevenson restriction scheme continued in force.—*Reuter*.

EGYPT ROUNDS UP COMMUNISTS.

GREEKS AND ITALIANS MAKING TROUBLE.

Cairo, May 7. The Police last night carried out a series of raids in Cairo with the object of rounding up Communists.

Eighteen arrests were effected, the men apprehended being mostly Italians and Greeks. It is understood that they will be deported.—*Reuter*.

ECHO OF S-4 DISASTER.

U.S. NAVY DEPARTMENT ADDS TO RESCUE SERVICE.

Washington, May 7. The Navy Department has authorized the increase in number of submarine rescue vessels to five, and the establishment of a deep-sea diving school.—*Reuter's American Service*.

NEW TSINAN SENSATION.

FIERCE NATIONALIST ATTACK ON JAPANESE POSTS.

Tokyo Report of Broken Pledges and Renewed Hostilities.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN PROGRESS.

Despite the dreadful slaughter suffered in futile efforts to overcome the Japanese defences last Thursday and Friday, the Nationalist troops at Tsinan launched another fierce attack on the foreign commercial area last night, according to a cable received from Tokyo this morning.

In spite of all pledges, the Nationalists have renewed hostilities on a large scale, apparently, and it is stated that severe fighting is now in progress between the Japanese troops and the Southerners.

Only a little earlier in the day, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek had written to General Fukuda, expressing regret for the untoward developments and stating that all troops and officials had been ordered to keep out of the area "which has been unlawfully occupied by your men," in order to avoid further developments.

Large numbers of Japanese soldiers are arriving at Tsingtao, according to British naval wireless reports, and it is expected that these will be hurried to the relief of the harassed forces at Tsinan while it is also strongly suggested that the Japanese may decide upon the occupation of Shanghai, and the seizure of the railways until the disturbances are over.

In Canton and Shanghai, considerable agitation against Japanese is being fostered, while along the Yangtze, the Japanese residents are being advised by their Consuls to evacuate in case of anti-Japanese demonstrations. Effect has already been given to this advice at Wuhu.

A Northern aeroplane sailed over Tsinan yesterday and was bombing the foreign settlement area. The plane was brought down and destroyed by the Japanese troops.

There is a possibility that Japanese troops will be sent to Nanking.

SHANGHAI STUDENT AGITATION.

Tokyo, May 8, (11.05 a.m.)

It is clear from messages just received from Tsinan that severe fighting broke out again between the Japanese troops and the Nationalist soldiers last night.

The Southerners, in spite of previous agreements, launched an attack on the Japanese troops who were guarding the foreign commercial area.

Details are lacking at the moment but it appears that fierce fighting is going on.—*Reuter*.

Marshal Chiang's Appeal.

Shanghai, May 8. In a letter to General Fukuda before leaving Tsinan, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek expressed deep regret for the untoward developments in the city. He said:

"With the full intention of maintaining peace, we have ordered all our troops and officials to keep out of the area which has been unlawfully occupied by your men, in order to avoid further serious developments.

"All Nationalist forces have been instructed to leave Tsinan for the Northern Front and only a small force, just sufficient to maintain order within the city, will be allowed to remain."

He added that he was leaving the city for the front that day and expected that the Japanese military leaders would immediately order the Japanese troops to cease their unlawful actions, saying this was the only possible measure for the Japanese if they really desired to maintain peace in Asia and respect Sino-Japanese relations.

Similar letters were sent by Marshal Chiang to all the Foreign Consuls in Tsinan on the same day.—*Nam Chung Pao*.

Northerners Warned.

Naval wireless messages received to-day show that the Northern forces are making preparations for a counter-attack and that these are now nearing completion. A movement in the direction of Tsinan is anticipated. The Japanese authorities have, in view of this, warned the Northerners to avoid

hostilities until the recent incidents at Tsinan have been settled.

Wireless messages also refer to intelligence from Tokyo and state that it is expected sanction will be given for the despatch of additional troops to the Shantung Expeditionary Force including the Nagoya Infantry Division to Tsingtao.

Japanese to Seize Railways?

It is also disclosed that occupation by the Japanese of the whole of Shantung province and also occupation of the railways is being strongly suggested. In addition there is a proposal that Japanese troops should be despatched to Nanking.

Eight destroyers have been ordered to proceed to the Yangtze, along which it is anticipated there will be anti-Japanese agitation.

Sporadic Shooting at Tsinan.

Messages from Tsingtao show that Japanese troops are arriving there in large numbers. The situation is quiet. Fighting has ceased in Tsinan, but there is still some sporadic shooting outside the lines. The Japanese area has now been cleared of all Chinese troops. All Consuls are reported safe.

The Japanese residents in Wuhu have evacuated, owing to the fear of anti-Japanese demonstrations. The situation in Shanghai continues quiet. The general strike which was called as a protest against Japanese action at Tsinan was only partially successful outside the Settlement.—*Naval Wireless*.

Shanghai Agitation.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, May 8.

An extremely tense anti-Japanese atmosphere is developing as the result of virulent agitation. Shanghai student groups have launched an open-air lecture campaign denouncing the Shantung Expedition, and blaming the Japanese for the Tsinan incident.

They allege that the Japanese tortured and murdered Chinese officials, in addition to the slaughter of soldiers by machine-guns.

They are deliberating attempting to arouse indignation and to promote a boycott of the Japanese.

One student group fled to Chapel directly Municipal Police approached one of their meetings, but in the native city it is well-known that public organisations are aiding the students to create a general strike and boycott.

Northern Plane Brought Down.

Tokyo, May 8. A message from Tsinan states that the Japanese troops have brought down a Northern aeroplane, which was engaged on an air raid and was bombing the foreign settlement.

The War Office states that it has received information from Japanese sources at Tsinan that the total number of Japanese residents known to have been murdered is thirteen, but a further 28 are missing, of which two are believed to have been murdered.

Nine others have been rescued after brutal assaults by the Nationalist troops. It has also been ascertained that 22 Japanese houses have been looted.

Looting Continues.

Tsinan, May 8. Looting is still continuing in the city on a small scale, but measures are being taken to prevent this.

Tokyo, May 8. There is a general feeling of relief at the closing of the Diet Session, which will enable the shelving of domestic politics temporarily.

The attention of the whole country is now concentrated on the China situation, the seriousness of which necessitates a united front.

Anti-Japanese "Lies."

The *Japan Times*, typifying the prevailing sentiment, emphasises that China's reply to Japan's efforts at moderation and conciliation is the looting of Japanese homes and the barbarous murdering of many Japanese helpless civilians.

Pointing out that the Chinese will flood the world with anti-Japanese lies and propaganda with the object of gaining sympathy, the *Japan Times* remarks that the world's faith in Chinese veracity has been greatly shaken by the events of the last few years.

Nationalist Criticised.

The *North China Daily News*, commenting on the incidents at Tsinan, points out that, unlike the Nanking affair, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek was present on the scene of the conflict, and also Mr. Hwang Fu, the Nationalist Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Yet the Nationalist troops were uncontrollable. The moral is that there is no protection for life and property in any Chinese city under Nationalist control except by foreign troops.—*Reuter*.

Japanese Statement on First Encounter.

Tokyo, May 4. The War Office to-day made the following announcement regarding the disturbances in Tsinan:

"At about 10 a.m. on May 3, Southern soldiers forced their way into Japanese residences in the

(Continued on Page 14.)

COLLAPSED AT PUBLIC MEETING.

AUSTRALIAN MINISTER'S TRAGIC DEATH.

ON 63RD BIRTHDAY.

Sydney, May 7.

Mr. H. E. Pratten, the Minister for Trade and Customs, collapsed and died whilst addressing a public meeting here.

The hall was crowded, as it was Mr. Pratten's 63rd birthday.—*Reuter*.

[The late Mr. Herbert Edward Pratten had been Minister of Trade and Customs since 1924. He was born at Downland, near Bristol, and was educated at the Merchant Venturers School, Bristol. He left England when 20 years of age and had a successful mercantile, manufacturing and mining career in Australia. For seven years, he figured in municipal life, was three times a Mayor and for three years was President of the Manufacturers Association. During 1916 and 1917, the late Mr. Pratten was a member of the British Parliamentary Munitions Committee. He was elected to the Commonwealth Senate in 1917, from which he later resigned, and in 1921 he was elected to the House of Representatives. He was the author of "Asiatic Impressions" and "Through Orient to Occident." He married a daughter of the late Mr. J. P. Wright, of Sydney, and there are two sons and three daughters.]

Representatives of South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, France, Argentina, Spain, Belgium and Germany are also seeking to prevent the honour residing in Great Britain.

Britishers Holding Own.

After two rounds, one of the Prince's course and the other on St. George's course, the hundred best scores will compete for the championship proper over 72 holes, beginning on Wednesday. Other scores include:

W. Davies (Preston) 78
Len Holland (Gerrard's Cross) 78
George Duncan 78
Jack Smith (Sandy Lodge) 74
T. Torrance (Sandy Lodge) 74
Barnes (U.S.A.) 74
Jurado (Argentina) 75
W. Whitcombe 75
Reg. Whitcombe 75
Walter Hagen (U.S.A.) 76
G. Sarazen (U.S.A.) 77
J. M. Hughes (U.S.A. amateur) 77
Arthur Havers 77
Albie Mitchell 77
Stewart (Australia) 77
T. Armour (U.S.A.) 77
Archie Compston 77

Newcomer Plays Well.

It is notable that Jack Smith, who with George Duncan is only one behind the leader, is a comparatively newcomer to the professional game, being Duncan's former assistant.

Archie Compston, who beat Hagen so sensationally just recently, is a little behind, but there can be little doubt that he will qualify for the match play.—*Reuter*.

BRITISH AVIATOR'S CRASH.

FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA ENDED?

London, May 7. News has been received that Wing-Commander Manning, who set off on April 23rd for a flight to Australia, following the same route as Captain Bert Hinkler, has crashed at Homs, Syria.

The aviator escaped without injury, but no details are available of the extent of the damage to his machine.—*Reuter*.

DRUG SMUGGLING MEASURE.

STRICT PENALTIES IMPOSED IN AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, May 7. Under a new Proclamation, under the Customs Act, persons illegally importing or possessing cocaine, or any of its derivatives, will be liable in the future to terms of imprisonment varying from three years, or a fine not exceeding £500.—*Reuter*.

FLAPPER VOTE BILL PASSED.

THIRD READING WITHOUT DIVISION.

London, May 7.

The House of Commons to-day passed the third reading of the Equal Franchise Bill, more popularly known as the Flapper Vote Bill, without a division.—*Reuter*.

At an international meeting of European zinc producers held to-day, a resolution was unanimously carried in favour of the stabilisation of the market by the creation of a Bureau of Statistics, and the restriction of production, if necessary.

Overseas producers will be invited to co-operate.—*Reuter*.

THE BRITISH OPEN GOLF TITLE.

MELHORN (U.S.) LEADS THE FIELD.

ARCHIE COMPTON FIVE STROKES BEHIND.

FIRST DAY'S PLAY.

London, May 7.

"Wild Bill" Melhorn, the American golfer, with a score of 72, led the field of nearly 270 competitors at the end of the first day's play in the British Open Golf Championship at Sandwich.

In addition to Melhorn, other American competitors are Gene Sarazen, Walter Hagen, and Jim Barnes, Bobby Jones, the American amateur holder of the title being a notable absentee.

Representatives of South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, France, Argentina, Spain, Belgium and Germany are also seeking to prevent the honour residing in Great Britain.

Britishers Holding Own.

After two rounds, one of the Prince's course and the other on St. George's course, the hundred best scores will compete for the championship proper over 72 holes, beginning on Wednesday. Other scores include:

W. Davies (Preston) 78
Len Holland (Gerrard's Cross) 78
George Duncan 78
Jack Smith (Sandy Lodge) 74
T. Torrance (Sandy Lodge) 74
Barnes (U.S.A.) 74
Jurado (Argentina) 75
W. Whitcombe 75
Reg. Whitcombe 75
Walter Hagen (U.S.A.) 76
G. Sarazen (U.S.A.) 77
J. M. Hughes (U.S.A. amateur) 77
Arthur Havers 77
Albie Mitchell 77
Stewart (Australia) 77
T. Armour (U.S.A.) 77
Archie Compston 77

Newcomer Plays Well.

It is notable that Jack Smith, who with George Duncan is only one behind the leader, is a comparatively newcomer to the professional game, being Duncan's former assistant.

Archie Compston, who beat Hagen so sensationally just recently, is a little behind, but there can be little doubt that he will qualify for the match play.—*Reuter*.

BRITISH AVIATOR'S CRASH.

FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA ENDED?

London, May 7. News has been received that Wing-Commander Manning, who set off on April 23rd for a flight to Australia, following the same route as Captain Bert Hinkler, has crashed at Homs, Syria.

The aviator escaped without injury, but no details are available of the extent of the damage to his machine.—*Reuter*.

DRUG SMUGGLING MEASURE.

STRICT PENALTIES IMPOSED IN AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, May 7. Under a new Proclamation, under the Customs Act, persons illegally importing or possessing cocaine, or any of its derivatives, will be liable in the future to terms of imprisonment varying from three years, or a fine not exceeding £500.—*Reuter*.

FLAPPER VOTE BILL PASSED.

THIRD READING WITHOUT DIVISION.

London, May 7.

The House of Commons to-day passed the third reading of the Equal Franchise Bill, more popularly known as the Flapper Vote Bill, without a division.—*Reuter*.

Don't go through
another summer without Frigidaire



End all need
of outside ice supply, now!

Immediate delivery on all models

YOU don't have to wait. Select your Frigidaire today. Tomorrow and forever after you will be independent of outside ice supply. You can forget about refrigeration, except to enjoy the better quality of Frigidaire-kept foods.

Simply call at our salesroom, choose from the many models the one that suits your needs. Have it installed now! Know the new freedom from refrigeration worries that more than 300,000 other Frigidaire users enjoy. If you now have a good refrigerator, let us show you how you can convert it into a Frigidaire.

FRIGIDAIRE
PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

DOWELL & CO., LTD.

Sole Distributors for Hongkong & South China.

Phone C.1080.

Machinery Dept.

Best Brand in the Market.

NEW

AX-BEER

This beer makes you more Cheerful and
Vigorous.

SOLE AGENTS

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

For the Best
LOCAL VIEWS

and
PORTRAIT PHOTOGRAPHS

Go To

MEE CHEUNG

Studio, Ice House St.

Branch 7, Beaconsfield Arcade.

ASSAULT ON POLICE CONSTABLE.

A FREE FIGHT WITH VILLAGERS.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindsell yesterday, a Chinese farmer and four others were charged with assaulting a constable, D.185, at Po Chung, (near Apichau on the Stanley side) on April 28. A sixth man was charged with being in unlawful possession of a pine tree.

Mr. M. K. Lo represented the farmer and Mr. C. A. S. Russ appeared for the rest of the defendants.

The constable's story was to the effect that when he arrested the sixth defendant, the man in possession of the tree, the others set upon him and after assaulting him bound him up and took him to the Aberdeen Police Station.

Mr. M. K. Lo suggested that his client the farmer arrived on the scene after the assault, where he saw the constable all tied up. His client learned that the constable had drawn his revolver on the villagers and consequently he willingly accompanied the villagers when the latter proposed taking the constable before the Inspector.

Mr. Russ suggested that the constable went to Po Chung for some other purpose than he told the court, one of which was to demand a payment from the sixth defendant, failing which he would bring the sixth defendant to the police station for cutting trees.

Mr. W. Kent, A.S.P., watched the case on behalf of the Captain Superintendent of Police and the prosecution was conducted by Crown Sergeant Hopkins.

Constable's Evidence.

Giving evidence from the witness box, Constable D.185 said that on April 28 he was on patrol duty at 6 p.m. He went to Po Chung with D.36 and on arrival there met five men, each carrying a tree trunk. As soon as the five men saw the witness they ran away. They succeeded in escaping, excepting an old man, whom the witness arrested. That was the sixth defendant. Witness was about to take the old man from the hillside to his boat on the beach when there was a shout in Chinese of "Strike them," and simultaneously eight or nine men appeared in the hillside. Witness stated that they came from a nearby hut.

One of these men threw his arms around witness whilst the remainder, amongst whom were the first five defendants, assaulted him. Witness added that the second defendant snatched at his revolver and managed to tear the revolver and the holster from his belt. The lanyard attached to the revolver was also broken. Not only did the men strike him with their fists but they also threw stones at him.

At this time, D.36 was struggling with the second defendant for possession of the witness' revolver, but was overpowered by the latter and had to run away.

Mr. Lindsell: What happened to the old man in the meantime? Witness: He remained there and joined in the assault.

Continuing, witness said that after they had overpowered him the first defendant said "Better get a length of rope and tie him up." At this the third defendant procured some rope and tied witness' arms to his side and also wound the rope around his body. The second defendant then dragged him down to the beach to a sampan, where they pushed witness in and kicked him while he was lying in the bottom.

Taken to Police Station.

In answer to his Worship witness said that he did not know where he was being taken to. He heard the men discussing the advisability of throwing him into the sea, but eventually they took him to a landing place in Hupeh Street, Aberdeen, and later to the police station.

Continuing, witness said that they came across a Cantonese constable in Hupeh Street (C.457) who asked the witness what was the matter, and on being told, the

latter took the whole crowd to the Police Station.

Answering his Worship witness said that the villagers made no attempt to overpower C.457. The witness added that the Cantonese constable managed to snatch witness' revolver from the grasp of second defendant. The first four defendants accompanied him from Po Chung to the Police Station.

Speaking of the arrest of the fifth man, the witness said that he revisited Po Chung later that night and from a hut, wherein there were ten to twelve persons, he pointed out the fifth defendant, who was then taken into custody.

Not on the Scene.

Mr. Lo (Cross-examining): I put it to you that the first defendant was not on the scene at all until you had already been bound up?—He was there and it was he who suggested binding me up.

Do you say that he was there from the beginning?—Yes.

Do you say that he was one of the men whom you saw coming down carrying a tree?—No, he was not carrying any tree.

What was he doing when you first saw him?—I first saw him when he emerged from the hut.

Mr. Lo then told his Worship that his client would say that he was not actually at the scene of the assault at the time. He was at a nearby place called Sam Wan. One of the defendants told him of the trouble and he rowed back to Po Chung, where he saw the constable bound up. He told the new to undo the constable, but they represented to him that the constable had tried to use his revolver and that it was better not to untie him but instead take him to the Aberdeen Police Station.

His client consented and went with the others to the Police Station. Addressing the witness, Mr. Lo said: I put it to you that you knew all along that you were being taken to the police station to see the Inspector there?—No, I did not know that.

I put it to you that after landing at Aberdeen, the first defendant went into his shop to put on another coat and that you and the others waited outside? Witness replied that the first defendant did go into a shop. He and the others did wait outside, but he did not know what for.

Mr. Lo: I put it to you that P.C. 457 did not arrest any of the defendants and that they went along to the police station of their own accord?—Yes, he (P.C. 457) did.

Mr. Lindsell: One man arrested four?—He arrested two and the other two followed him.

Outside his Beat.

Mr. Russ (cross-examining): You were on patrol duty, weren't you?

Witness: Yes. Have you a definite route fixed up for this patrol or can you wander anywhere?—No fixed route for me.

Sergeant Hopkins told his Worship that the witness was on No. 2 beat in Aberdeen and that he was on four hours duty from 6 p.m.

Mr. Russ: Does your beat include Po Chung?—No.

Why did you go there?—I got information from someone speaking Cantonese.

Do you know the man's name?—No.

He spoke to you in Cantonese?—Yes.

So you immediately left your post?—Yes.

That is useful information for burglars: (Laughter). Just because someone gave you information you immediately left your beat and went to Po Chung Peninsula.—Yes.

Was D.36 in plain clothes?—Yes.

Mr. Lindsell: Was D.36 off duty?—Yes.

Mr. Russ: Zealous! And you took a sampan and landed at the vegetable farm?—We landed at the hillside near the bay.

Witness, in answer to further questions denied that there was a vegetable garden near where he landed, and said that he landed near the huts in Po Chung.

Mr. Russ: You went up a little way to the vegetable gardens?—

I did not notice a vegetable garden.

Did not know where the gardens were? You found this old man all alone, didn't you?—Yes.

You were not very frightened of him, the two of you?—No.

Did you insist on his coming up with you to the hillside?—No, he was coming down the hillside when I saw him.

Was he carrying anything?—Yes, a tree.

I put it to you that you found him in the vegetable garden and you told him he had to go up the hill with you?—No.

That you went up the hill and found a pine tree and said he had to carry it down to the Po Chung farm?—No.

I put it to you that you said you would kick him to death if he refused?—No.

And you made him carry it down?—No.

And you told that if he did not pay some money you were going to proceed with the case, but if he did pay the money you would not?—No.

It is all untrue?—Yes.

Police Regulations.

Regarding the witness' statement that he left his patrol to go to Po Chung on receipt of information, Mr. Russ asked witness if it was the rule of the police—if on receipt of information from anybody speaking Cantonese the police had to leave their beats?

Mr. Lindsell suggested that it would be a good idea to ask what the information was first.

Witness on being asked said that he was told that someone was cutting trees in Po Chung. He did not ask his informant's name, neither did he ask the informant why he wanted to give this information. He merely asked the informant how he knew and was told that he actually saw the cutting.

Mr. Russ asked witness if he would leave his beat on such information, and witness replied that he would try and find out.

Mr. Lindsell to witness: The question is, according to police regulations, are you entitled to

leave your beat on information of tree cutting a long distance away? Mr. Kent: He should not leave. It is all according to circumstances.

Mr. Lindsell: In this case? Mr. Kent: Without getting the permission of his superior officer he should not have left.

Addressing witness, Mr. Lindsell asked him if he denied that he had no earthly right to leave his beat.

Witness Made No Reply.

Mr. Russ (to defendant): You were within two minutes' walk of the police station when you got the information?—About four or five minutes.

Could you not take your informant there instead of going off in a sampan?—You could have got a launch and got to Po Chung much sooner?—I wanted to see if the information was true before I reported.

In answer to further questions, witness denied that he told the old man to carry the tree. It was on his threatening to arrest the sixth defendant that the latter refused.

"Save Life."

Mr. Russ suggested that when the old man refused to carry the tree, the witness drew his revolver, at the sight of which the old man cried "Save life," on hearing which the others emerged from the hut mentioned by defendant.

Witness denied this.

Mr. Russ also suggested that the witness, after his revolver had been snatched away, managed to get free and that he climbed up a rocky place and pelted stones at the defendants. Witness denied this.

Evidence was then given by the Cantonese constable who spoke of seeing the Shantung constable 185 landing in Hupeh Street, all tied up. He asked what was the matter and was told of the tree cutting incident. Witness inquired who had the revolver and on the way to the police station the third defendant indicated that he carried it in his waist. Witness managed to get hold of the weapon.

(Continued on Page 15.)



A MOTHER IN BURMA

Tells How She Cured Her Little One Of Worms And Stomach Trouble With

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

The little lady whose portrait with her baby girl appears above is Phoe Shek, living in the Abo Quarter, Rangoon. Like thousands of mothers in other parts of the world, Phoe Shek is an ardent believer in Baby's Own Tablets.

"My baby was troubled with worms and cried a great deal," she states. "Having heard of Baby's Own Tablets I bought a vial and am pleased to say that these Tablets quickly got rid of the worms. Baby sleeps well and eats well now and is no longer troubled with her stomach."

Infants and little children need medicine of their own, which will promptly relieve their stomach and bowel troubles, pleasantly, painlessly, and without doing even the smallest or most delicate child harm. Baby's Own Tablets exactly fulfil these requirements. They quickly correct infantile indigestion, constipation, colic, vomiting, check diarrhoea, allay teething pains, cool fever, relieve croup and colds, expel worms.

Obtainable from chemists everywhere, or from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., 60, Kiangao Road, Shanghai, at 60 cents per vial, post free.

For **TENNIS!**

Or Any Other Sports.

WATER POLO

BASEBALL

HOCKEY

SQUASH

BADMINTON

and **GOLF**



LANE CRAWFORD LTD.
MEZZANINE FLOOR
(1st stop front Lifts.)

SALESMAN SAM

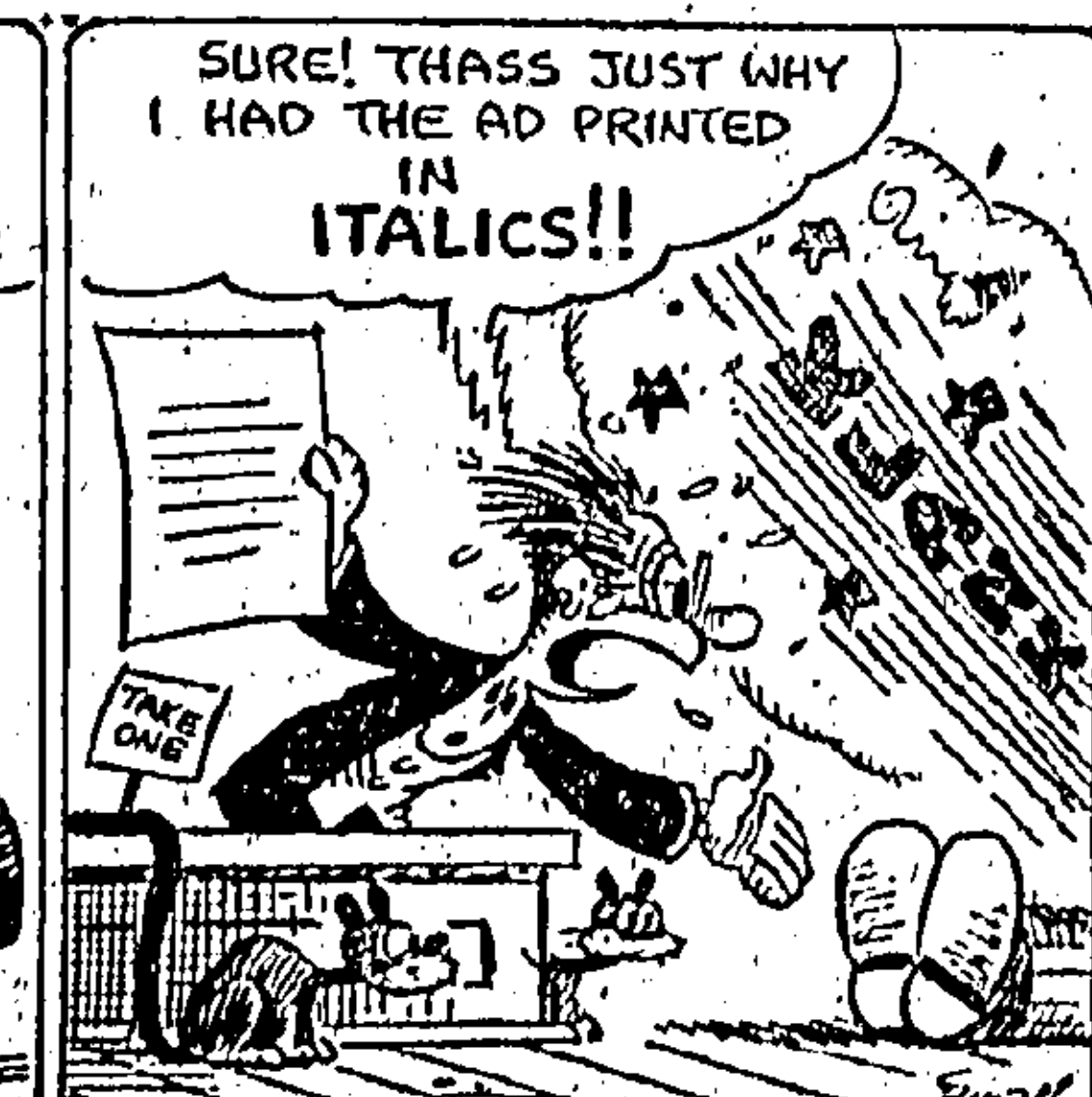
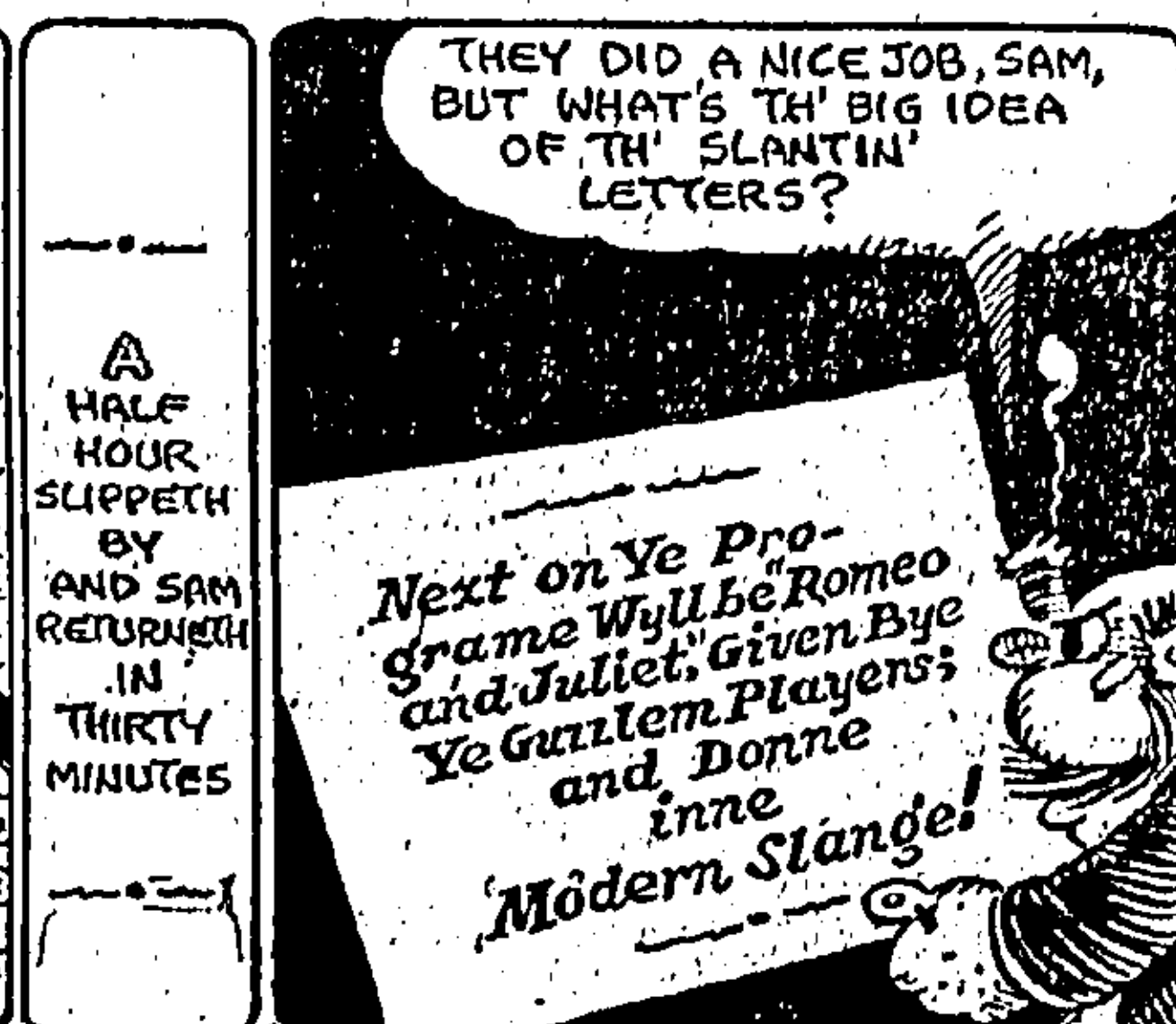
Using the Head!

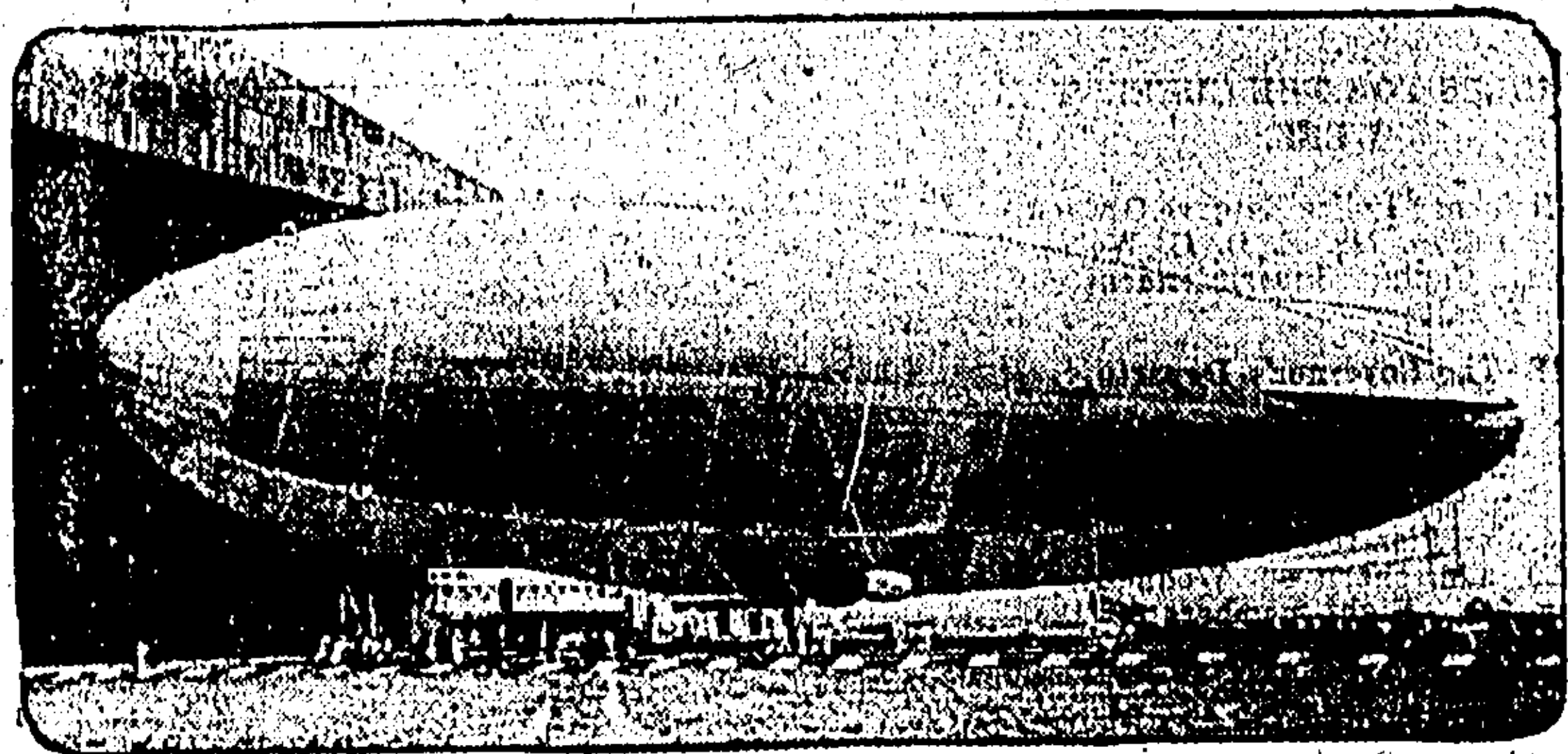
By Small

Nervous debility

frequently is caused by faulty nutrition and can be corrected by a regular course of this lung-healing and body-building food. Ask for

SCOTT'S Emulsion
The protector of life

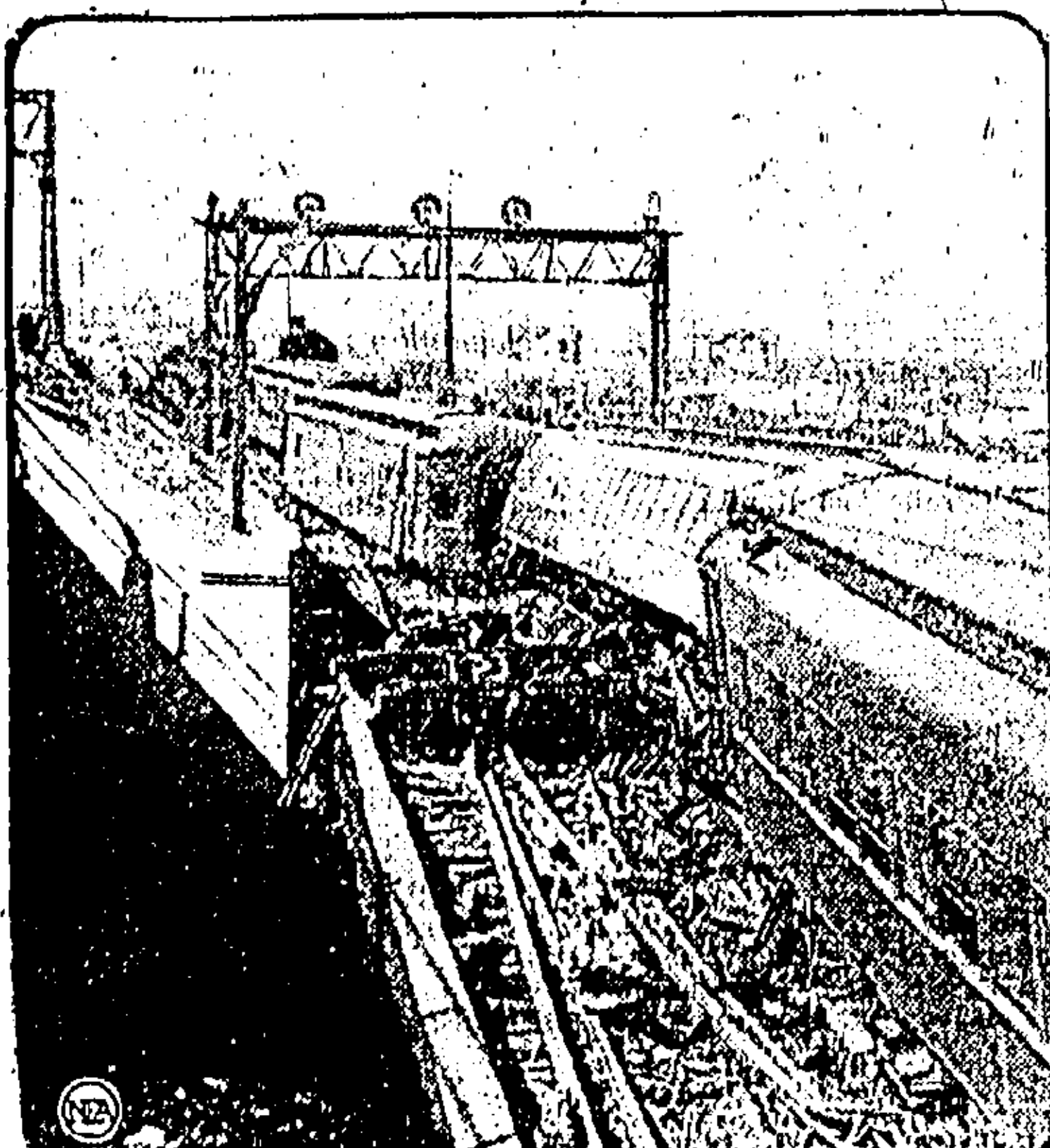




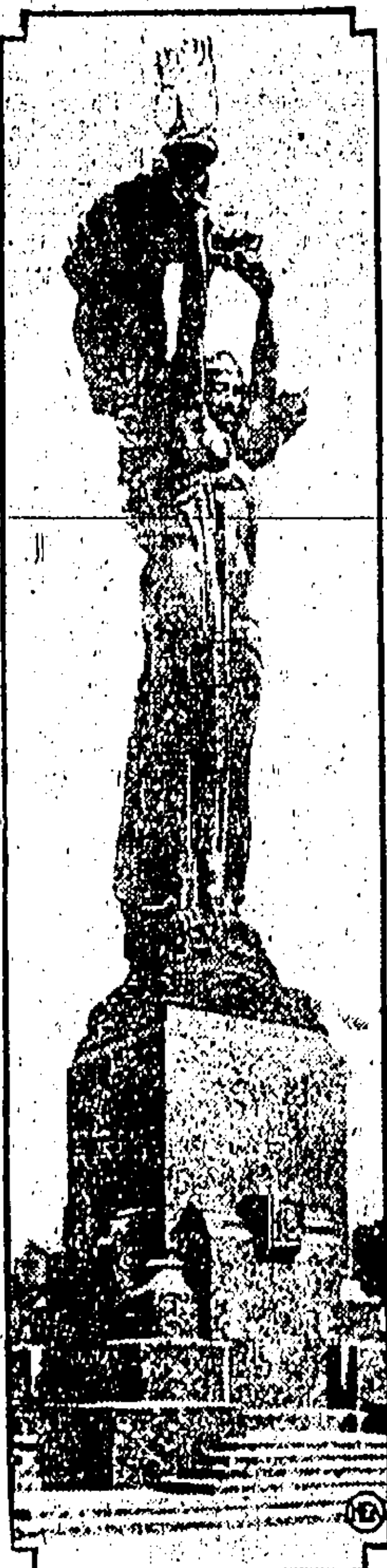
General Umberto Nobile's aerial expedition to the North Pole is rapidly getting under way. His airship "Italia" is seen leaving her hangar at Rome for a flight to Milan, the first leg of the long and hazardous journey. The "Italia" has now reached Spitzbergen, a cable stated yesterday.



A Navy plane left its radial motor in the attic as a calling card when it came uninvited to Mrs. Annie Travis' Boston home. The pilots, reached safety in parachutes so the machine dropped in on Mrs. Travis—through the roof!



What happened when a commuter-laden electric express train on the Long Island Railway left the tracks just outside Brooklyn, N. Y. Despite the extent of the wreckage, none was killed. A score suffered injuries.



A rival to size in the U. S. Statue of Liberty is the 90-foot bronze memorial to Italy's World War dead which is to be erected on Mount Maddalena, near Turin. Sculptured by Edoardo Rubino, it will bear a torch visible at night anywhere on the plain of Piedmont.



The widow and daughter of Captain Walter Hinchliffe, who died in attempting a Transatlantic flight are taken posed in the garden of their home at Purdy, England.



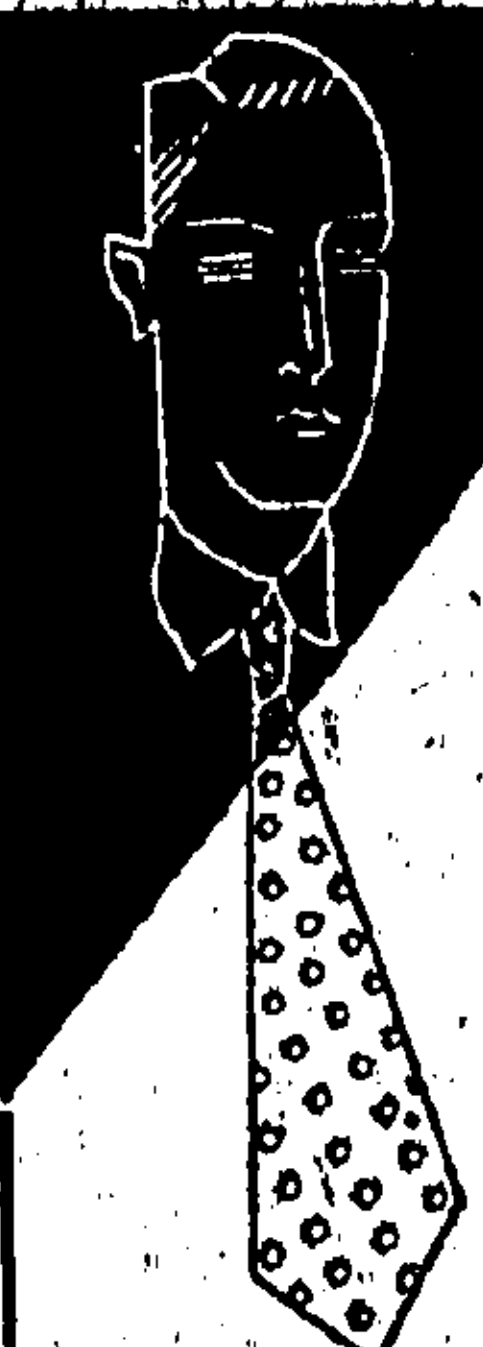
Maybe you think this is St. Moritz, Montreal or some other popular winter sports resort. It's Atlantic City, usually pictured in summer sun, with countless bathers on the beach.



Tipperary Tim, H. S. Konyon's sure footed 10-year-old, who of 42 starters in the Grand National Steeplechase was the only one who didn't fall.



Four performers in a scene from "The Enchanted Island," which was danced to music by Debussy at the Hans Wiener recital at the Capitol Theatre Shanghai recently. Standing are Mrs. Holm and Mrs. Landskog, and kneeling are Miss Sonia Greenberg and Miss Lela Coughlin.



TIES of Creaseless Marocain

in plain and newest designs
in a variety of colours.

\$ 3.00 each

Less 10% discount for cash.

NEW & EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS
in Foulard Tie & Handkerchief sets.

Mackintosh

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS *& Co. Ltd.*

ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

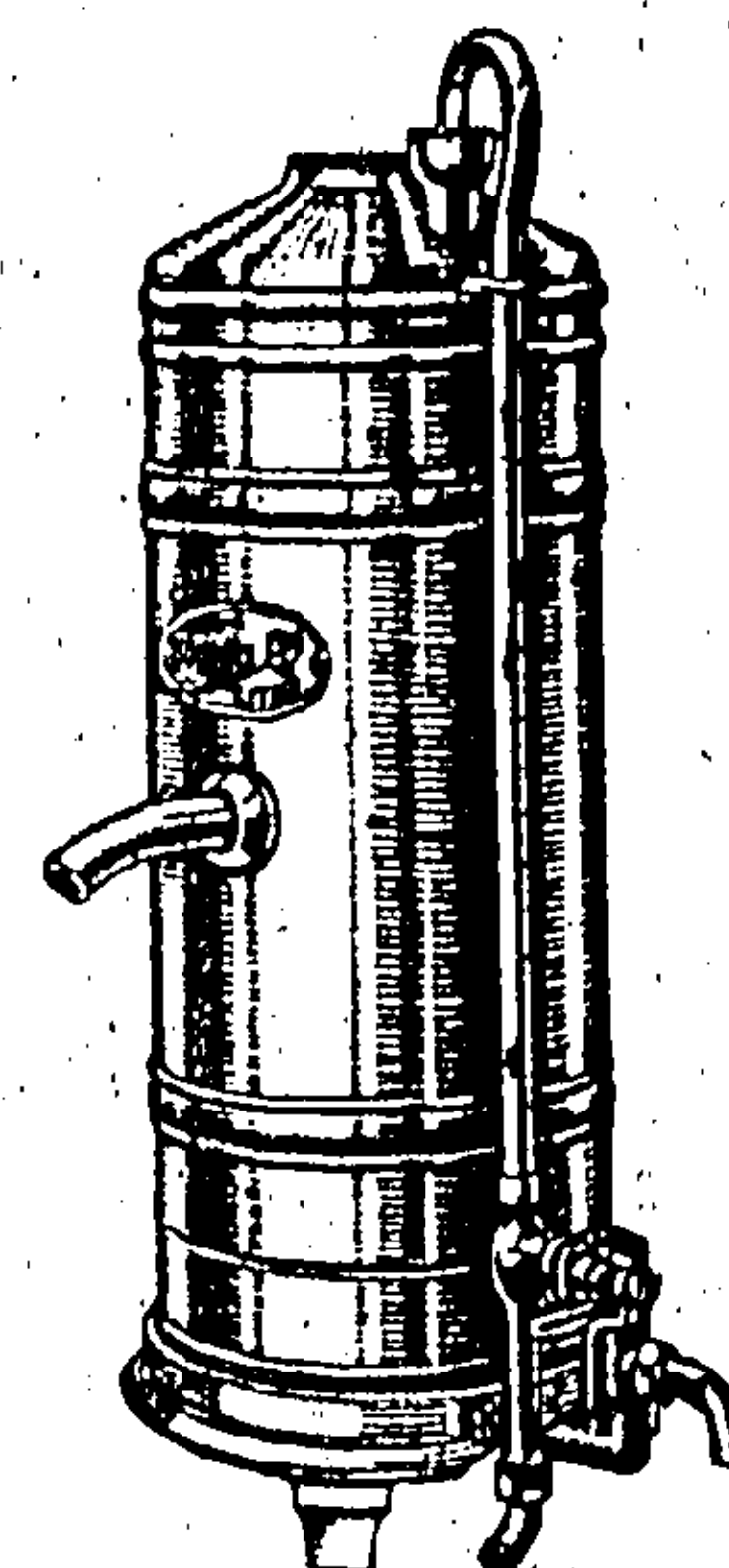
SEASONABLE WINES

NIERSTEIN RIESLING,
HOCHHEIM Vintage 1922,
LIEBFRAUMLICH SUPERIOR 1923,
BERKCASTELER ESTATE.
from Deinhard and Co. Coblenz.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies Ordinance 1911-1915.)
Princo's Building (Ground floor.) Ice House Street.

**COAL MAY BE BLACK DIAMONDS
BUT THE REAL JEWEL OF THE
HOME IS A GAS GEYSER.**

INSTALL A
GAS GEYSER
AND PROVIDE
FOR A CONSTANT
SUPPLY OF HOT
WATER BY A
TURN OF THE
TAP.



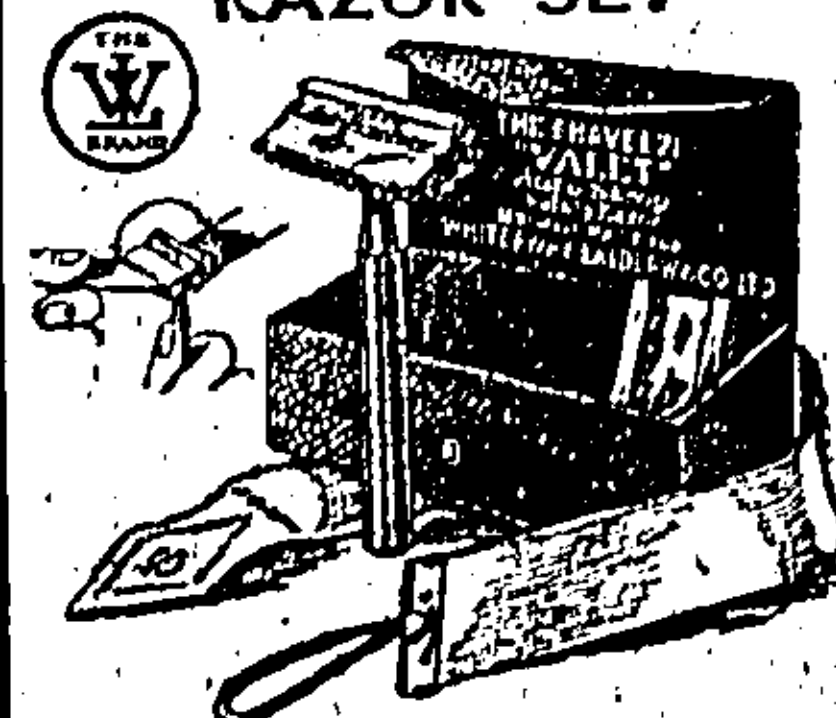
Hongkong & China Gas Co., Ltd.
Phone C. 47. Estimates Free.

WHITEAWAYS

**OUR NEW "VALET" RAZOR
THE "SHAVEEZI"**

**THE
"SHAVEEZI"
— AUTO STROP
RAZOR SET —**

This set is specially made for and obtainable only from Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co., Ltd. at any of its many branches.



Complete in leatherette case, with strop and 3 blades.

**NOTE THE PRICE
\$1.50 each.**

Other Patterns from \$8.50 to \$16.50
Valet Strops, Brushes, and Blades.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Profitable Investment.

Judicious Advertising is one of the most profitable investments associated with successful Business Enterprise.

Advertise in
The Hongkong Telegraph.

and secure the co-operation of its readers in buying your goods.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00
(\$1.50 if not prepaid)

The following replies are awaiting collection:
295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315
344

BOARD RESIDENCE.

FAMILY HOTEL—Victoria Gardens. Quiet apartments and Suites of rooms. Full board from \$95, \$110, \$130, monthly. Large commodious rooms. Also daily rates; five minutes from ferry, next new Hotel, Hankow Road, Kowloon, Tel. K.357.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. Beten (trained in Paris), late of Hongkong Hotel, guarantees absolutely painless permanent hair waves. Prices very moderate. 2, Plants Building, Kowloon. For appointment phone K.945.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Experienced stenographer-typist for solicitors' office. Apply P. O. Box 387.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—At Castle Peak, Bathing Hut "Jerone" in excellent condition with all requisites. Immediate possession. Offers to Box No. 360, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Office, Asintic Building. Apply P. O. Box 22.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, 2nd floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

TO LET.—One European FLAT Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

COMMODOUS OFFICES to let in No. 7, Queen's Road Central, also two small offices in 1A, Chater Road. Apply E. D. Sassoon and Company, Ltd.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—With early possession European House on Broadwood Ridge, Happy Valley, containing six rooms with Tennis Court. Particulars. Apply Messrs. Deacons.

HOUSE TO LET.—At Peak above 1500 feet level; beautiful aspect, 6 rooms. Partly furnished; Tennis Court, available from 24th June. Apply Box No. 359, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—No. 14, Knutsford Terrace, Kimberley Road, Kowloon, 5 roomed house & out-houses with tennis court & view of Harbour. Possession: 1st May, 1928. Apply Mr. Seu Kon Chi, Exchange Building, (8rd floor).

If you want good health Investigate and learn the truth of how Poo On Herbs have cured thousands. No drugs. No Knife. Simply Poo On Chinese Herbs. Catarrh, Nervousness, Constipation, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Insomnia, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, and many other ailments.

POO ON HERBS CO.
65, Queen's Road Central,
1st Floor.

New Advertisements.

MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD OF CHINA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Members are requested to attend a Regular Monthly Meeting at the GUILD OFFICE, 67, Des Voeux Road, Central (DAVID HOUSE), on THURSDAY, 10th May, at Six o'clock p.m.

BUSINESS.

Elections and General.
W. J. STOKES,
Branch Secretary.

MACAO CHARITY AND COMMERCIAL FAIR.

AUTUMN 1928.

The attention of the public is drawn to this praiseworthy effort in aid of the funds of the Macao Holy Institute of Mercy, established in 1569. Admission Souvenir Tickets are now available.

Merchants and Manufacturers interested should communicate with the Organising Secretaries of the Macao Charity and Commercial Fair, Macao.

NOTICE.

On and after Monday, 7th May, the Office of The Government Marine Surveyor will be in the P. & O. Building, Connaught Road, Central, 5th Floor.

BRITISH LEGION

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The 7th Annual General Meeting will be held at 5.15 p.m. on Friday, 11th May, 1928, in the Board Room of Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

To receive the report and accounts for the year 1927. To elect officers, etc.

A. PIERCY,
Hon. Secretary.

MACAO RACES.

EIGHT-EXTRA RACE MEETING.

SUNDAY, 13TH MAY, 1928.

First Race 1.15 p.m.

Public Enclosure 40 cents
Members Enclosure \$1.00

RACE STEAMERS HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Sui An 8.30 a.m.
Taishan 9.30 a.m.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Sui An 3.30 p.m.
Taishan 5.30 p.m.

By Order,
S. W. CHENG.

CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

6, Duddell Street.
If you have anything you would like to sell, exchange or advertise send it to the CHINA AUCTION ROOM.

E. V. M. R. de SOUSA.

FINED FOR BRIBERY.

INDIAN CONSTABLE DENIES ALLEGATION.

A fine of \$5 was imposed by Major C. Willson on a Chinese hawker who attempted to bribe an Indian constable with 20 cents.

The case came up before the Magistrate yesterday for hearing, but was adjourned in order that the police might make enquiries regarding an allegation by the defendant that he was in the habit of bribing the Indian constable.

The police told his Worship that they were not able to confirm the allegation. They added that the hawker had been selling fish in Des Voeux Road, outside the Central Market, contrary to the regulations, which permitted hawkers to ply only in Jubilee and Victoria Streets.

The defendant said he pined his fish in Des Voeux Road because he had paid 20 cents to the Indian constable. When the latter approached him on Saturday, he naturally offered the money again.

The constable denied the hawker's story.

A coolie who was engaged in clearing the show windows of the Wing On Company, received severe injuries to his head and shoulders when a gang plank, on which he was standing, gave way, causing him to fall from a height of about twenty feet.

Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

TO-DAY,

the 8th May, 1928, commencing at 5.15 p.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF POSTAGE STAMPS,

including:—

Rare Hongkong, China and Macao, etc.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from Monday, the 7th May, 1928.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 1, 1928.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on WEDNESDAY,

the 8th May, 1928, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Room, Duddell Street

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

Comprising:—

Teak Bookcase, Hatstand, Cretonne Covered Couch and Armchairs, Glass Cabinets, Desks, Office Chairs, Clothes Hanger, Gramophones, Records, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Paintings, Pictures, Ornaments, Curios, Electric Table Lamps, etc., etc.

Teak and Oak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Sideboards with Bevelled Mirrors, Dinner Waggon, Ice Chests, Dinner Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery, Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

Teak and Iron Bedsteads with Mattresses, Teak and Oak Wardrobes with and without Mirrors, Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chamber Stands, Side Tables, Toilet Crockery, Commodore, etc., etc.

Also

A Quantity of Blackwood Furniture.

Comprising:—

Teapots, Curio Cabinets, Marble Top Round Table, Marble Top Stools, Chairs, Joss Tables, Opium Stools, Jardiniers, Folding Tables, etc., etc.

And

1 "White Frost" Refrigerator.

2 "Remington" Typewriters.

1 American Ice Chest.

1 "Morrison" Cottage Piano.

2 Enamelled Baths with Fittings.

1 Oliver Typewriter.

1 Royal Typewriter.

6 Woollen Blankets (New).

1 Roll Endless Felt.

Catalogues will be issued.

On view from Tuesday, the 8th May, 1928.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 2, 1928.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on MONDAY,

the 14th May, 1928, commencing at 2.30 p.m. At "Villa Manola," Sassoon Road, (off Victoria Road).

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

comprising:—

Teak Hatstand, Chestersfield Couch and Chair with Fancy Cretonne Covers, Large and Comfortable Armchairs, Silk and Embroidered Cushions, Silk and Net Curtains, Carpets, Large Satsuma, Porcelain and Lacquer Vases, Lacquer Tea Poy, Brass Ornaments, Marble Busts, Pictures, etc., etc.

Teak Extension Dining Table, Teak Dining Chairs, Teak Sideboard, Teak Glass Cabinets, Tables, Silver and E. P. Ware, Dinner Service, Tea Sets, Electric Ceiling Fans, Brass Standard Lamp with Silk Shades, Electric Lamps and Fittings, Teak Ice Chests, etc., etc.

Teak Bedstead, Teak Wardrobe with Bevelled Glass Doors, Teak Dressing Tables, Chest of Drawers, etc.

Enamelled Bath and Bath Room Requisites.

also

A Quantity of Blackwood Furniture.

and

A Large Cooking Range and Hot Water Tank and Cooking Utensils.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from Saturday, the 12th May, 1928.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1290 sa.
Chartered Bank, \$21 b.
Mercantile A. & B., \$33½ n.
P. and O., \$4 n.
East Asia, \$75 n.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$680 n.
Union Ins., \$342 b.
North China Ins., \$140 n.
Yangtze Ins., \$47 b.
China Underwriters, \$2½ b.
China Firs, \$215 n.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$760 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$40½ s.
H. K. Steamships, \$28½ b.
H. K. Tugs, \$2½ s.
Indo-China, (Def.) \$78 b.
Shell Trans., 90/- n.
Union Waterboats, \$20½ b.

Mining.

Bonguets, \$2½ n.
Kailans, 60/- n.
Langkats, \$13½ n.
S'hai Exploration, \$12. 2.85 n.
Raubs, \$4 n.
Tronohs, 17/6 b.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$135 s.
Whampoa Docks, \$43 b.
China Providents, \$5.80 s.
Hongkong Docks, \$159 b.
New Engineering, \$15 b.
Shanghai Docks, \$109 b.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, \$12. 8.25 b.
Orientals, \$12. 2 b.
S'hai Cottons, \$12. 55 (old) n.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$8½ s.
H. K. Lands, \$65½ s.
S'hai Lands, \$140 b.
Humphreys, \$14½ n.
Realities, \$8.25 b.
Territorials, \$1 n.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$25.20 n.
Peak Trams, (old) \$13½ b.
Star Ferries, \$64½ s.
China Lights, (old) \$11.40 s.
H'kong Electric, \$70½ s.
Macao Electric, \$26½ b.
Telephones, \$4.70 b.
China Buses, \$12. 7½ n.
Singapore Traction, \$11/9 b.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$5.25 s.
Malabons, \$24½ n.
Canton Ice, \$4 n.
Cements (Comb), \$9½ s.
Ropes (Old), \$7½ b.
United Asbestos, \$10 s.

Stores &c.

Dairy Farms, \$22.75 n.
Watsons, \$14 b.
Der A. Wing, 50 n.
Lane Crawford, \$3.75 b.
Mackintosh, \$22 s.
Sincera, \$11 b.
Win. Powells, \$3 s.

Miscellaneous.

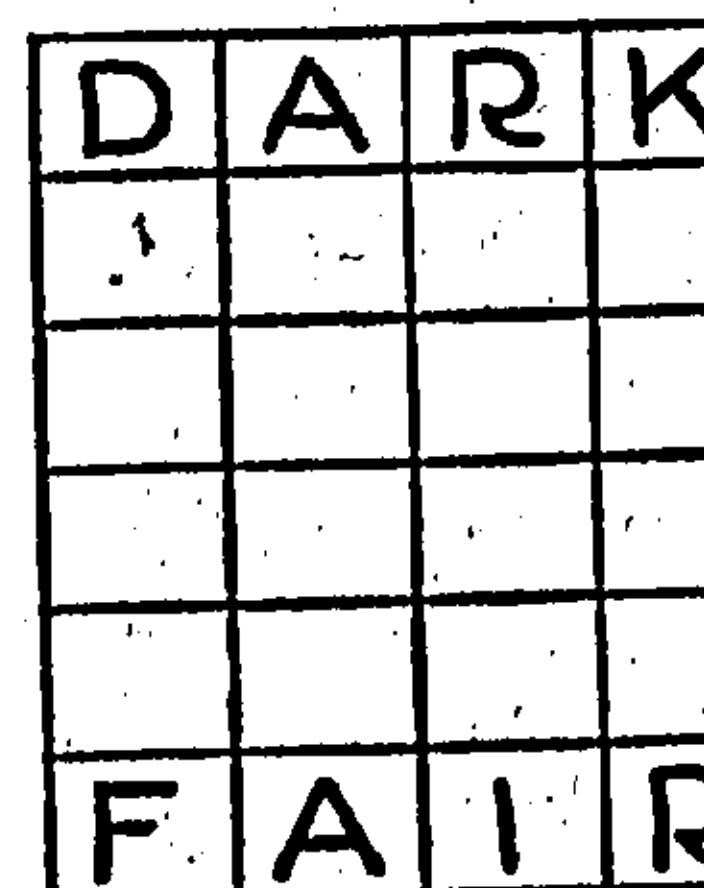
Amusements, \$29 s.
Constructions, \$1½ n.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 62½ b.
H. K. G. Loan, 7½ X. Interest Prem.

LETTER GOLF.

You can't go from brunette to blonde in letter golf, but you can go from DARK to FAIR almost as



easily as you can in the beauty parlour.



1—The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in par, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW, HEW, HEN.

2—You can change only one letter at a time.

3—You must have a complete word, of common usage, for each jump. Slang words and abbreviations don't count.

4—The order of letters cannot be changed.

One solution is printed on another page of this issue.

THE POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS FOR THE CURRENT WEEK.

Hongkong Police Reserve Orders by the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G., Captain Superintendent of Police state:

H.E. The Governor's Departure.

A Sergeant and 10 Constables of the Chinese Company to be detailed by the O.C. will report at Queen's Pier for patrol duty at 10.30 a.m. sharp on Wednesday, May 9th. Eight members of the Flying Squad will attend as an escort and will report at Central Police Station at 10.30 a.m. sharp.

Training—Part 1.

All recruits of the Chinese and Indian Companies will parade at Central Police Station on Wednesday, May 9th, at 6.30 a.m. sharp for Squad Drill under Sergeant Condon. Dress:—Muff.

Training—Part 2.

The classes for instruction in Police Duties and Regulations under Inspector H. J. Paterson will be resumed at the Police Training School (corner of Nathan and Prince Edward Roads, Kowloon) on Thursday, May 10th, at 6.00 p.m. sharp. All members of the Chinese, Indian, and Flying Squad Companies who have passed Part 1, and who have not yet passed Part 2 must attend. Dress:—Muff.

Flying Squad.

The weekly instructional patrol of the Hongkong Section will take place on Thursday, May 10th, Fall in at Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress:—Khaki.

Special Patrol Duty.

The following Police Reservists will report at No. 7 Police Station on Friday, May 11th, at 6.45 p.m. sharp for special patrol duty at West Point:—

10 members of the Chinese Company to be detailed by the O.C. Dress:—Uniform Cap and white cover, Belt, (no frog), and Truncheon.

4 members of the Flying Squad to be detailed by the O.C. Dress:—Khaki.

Sharpshooters' Company.

The fortnightly revolver practice will be held at Kennedy Road Range at 6.00 p.m. on Wednesday, May 16th. Members will assemble on the range with their revolvers, belts and holsters promptly at the hour stated.

(Sd.) W. KENT, A.S.P., Adjutant.

BOAT WOMEN CHARGED.

INFANTS' EXPENSIVE CRY.

At the Marine Court this morning, before Commr. J. B. Newell, D.S.O., R.N., two mistresses of passenger junks were charged with having their craft inshore during dark hours.

Both defendants pleaded guilty, the first stating that she had come close in to land her daughter-in-law for the purpose of seeing a midwife.

The second defendant advanced the excuse that her baby had been crying for an hour and she had brought it ashore to quieten it, and would later have pushed off from the sea wall.

A police officer stated that when he boarded the craft of the second defendant, all on board were found to be sound asleep.

"Rather an expensive cry," remarked His Worship, inflicting a fine of \$10 with the usual alternative in both cases.

RUMANIAN PRINCE RUMOURS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

M. Jonescu interviewed at one o'clock this morning said they had been in touch telephonically with friends in Rumania and other places on the Continent. The Prince, he said, is ready to return when the country calls him, and if necessary, would strike.

The house in Surrey is strongly guarded by the Police, and it is understood that Scotland Yard detectives have searched the Godstone neighbourhood of Surrey as the result of information that an aeroplane is concealed there.—*Reuter.*

Asked to Leave Britain.

London, May 7.

Following a conference of Home Office and Foreign Office officials to-day it has been decided to ask ex-Crown Prince Carol to leave England.—*Reuter.*

POST OFFICE NOTICE

NOTICE.

Commencing February 24th a Radio Letter Service will be opened for the exchange of Radio Letter Telegrams to the places, and at the rates, given below.

Radio Letter Telegrams are accepted subject to the following conditions:—
1. Minimum delay in delivery, 24 hours.
2. Messages must be written in plain English or plain Spanish. Codes, addresses may be used. Groups of figures, trade marks, trademarks and trade expressions must be expanded by qualifying words so that messages will offer an intelligible sense to ANYONE reading them.
3. Each message must bear the indication RL as part of the address. The indication is connected and charged for as one word. No limit on the number of words a message may contain.

RADIO LETTER RATES.

To	Minimum Additional 20 Words.	Each Word.
H.K.	H.K.	H.K.
Manila	2.00	10
San Francisco & Bay Cities	10.80	54
Other Offices in California & other Pacific States	11.80	58
Mountain States U.S.	12.20	61
Central States U.S.	12.80	63
Eastern States U.S.	13.00	65
British Columbia 1st Zone only	12.20	61
Alberta, Saskatchewan & Manitoba	12.60	63
Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick & Quebec	13.00	65
Newfoundland	13.80	69

M. J. BRENN,
POSTMASTER GENERAL.

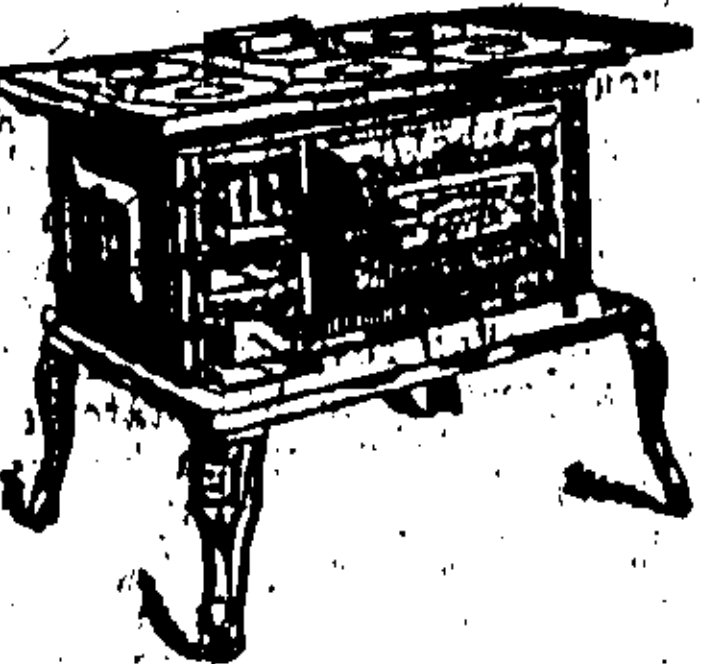
24th February, 1928.

RADIO NOTICE.

RADIO TELEGRAPH SERVICES are now in operation as follows:—
Ships at Sea, Europe, American Continents, Hawaiian Islands, Dutch East Indies, Dutch Borneo, Philippine Islands, French Indo-China, Province of Yunnan, British North Borneo, Siam, Canton, Swatow, Kwongchow, Fort Bayard, Tehekan, Holhow, Amoy and Foochow, etc.

It is notified for information that the via Wireless rate to EUROPE has been reduced to \$1.05 per word. The rate to the Dutch East Indies has been reduced from \$1.00 to 90 cents per word as

THE DOVER



The Ideal Stove

Estimates submitted for all types of stoves.

GAY KEE

69, Des Voeux Road, Central.
TELEPHONE C. 5503.

TO-DAY'S FILMS.

"THE ACE OF CADS" AT QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Adolphe Menjou, who is often spoken of as being the best dressed man on the screen, has a dual role—that of villain and hero—in "The Ace of Cads," Paramount's latest picture which comes to the Queen's Theatre to-day and to-morrow. The story is by Michael Arlen, the famous British author of "The Green Hat," and the cast includes no fewer than six British actors. Adolphe Menjou plays the part of a dissolute young guard's lieutenant, who, having reformed for love of a woman, is betrayed by a false friend. He comes back twenty years later only to kill a second love that the first may live. The plot then takes a distinctly unusual turn, and great skill is shown by Luther Reed, the director, in the working out of the complicated situation. The picture has actual outdoor scenes of London, Paris and the parade of a Guard's Regiment, and, although an American production, conveys an excellent British atmosphere throughout. Supporting Adolphe Menjou is Alice Joyce, another favourite, while other members of the cast include Norman Trevor and Philip Strange.

Secret Service Drama.

With Blanche Sweet as the heroine and no fewer than four leading men, the screen version of the play by Victorien Sardou, "Diplomacy," will be the new picture at the Star Theatre to-day and to-morrow. The leading men are Neil Hamilton, Matt Moore, Arthur Edmund Carew and Earle Williams. The story opens in Deauville, Europe's fashionable pleasure resort, where an international conference of diplomats is taking place. The plots and intrigues of the secret agents of different countries, each one striving to secure an important document, make the picture extremely interesting and give a remarkable insight into the methods of the secret services of various countries. Throughout the picture there runs the romance of a young couple, an attaché of the British Embassy and an English girl who are unwilling pawns in the hazardous game of international politics.

"The Sap" At World.

A lad who has been pampered all his life by his mother is the central figure in "The Sap," which comes to the World Theatre to-day, and to-morrow. During the war, the mother's boy is drafted to France, and through a mistake he is credited with having effected the capture of twenty-two of the enemy and is decorated for his supposed bravery. Back home he is acclaimed as a hero until the town bully steps in and reveals the fact that the lad is a coward. After many humiliations and struggles, however, he finally vindicates himself in a terrific fight with the bully. Kenneth Harlan is ably supported by an excellent cast which includes Mary McAllister, David Butler, and Heinie Conklin.

The Health Bulletin of Eastern ports for the week ending April 28 gives the following incidence of plague—Suez two cases, Aden 34, (30 deaths), Bassein one death, Bombay 19 deaths, Rangoon three deaths, Bangkok one case. Two infected rats were found at Cheribon. The following cases of cholera were notified—Bassein six deaths, Calcutta 105, Madras four, Mouleim four, Rangoon five, Tuticorin 19 cases, ten deaths, Pondicherry two deaths, Singapore one death, Bangkok 24 cases (14 deaths), Saigon 23, (12 deaths). Cases and deaths from small pox were Basrah one, (five deaths), Bombay 64, (27 deaths), Calcutta 31, (21 deaths), Madras 60, (seven deaths), Mouleim 8, (seven deaths), Negapatam 5, (eight deaths), Rangoon 37, (twelve deaths), Tuticorin 1, Pondicherry 5, Shanghai (three deaths), Oanka 9, Shimonoseki 1, Moulken 1, Dairen 6, Changchun 1.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Wives & Chintz Destroyers.

[By Jane Ramsay-Kerr.]

"He gives me good advice—but if I give good advice, I nag! It's not fair." A young wife recently expressed her views in this fashion, adding that it was hard that any criticism she received from her husband should be called "wise counsel" while her words to him were condemned as "nagging."

"Don't nag" is considered to be one of the golden rules for wives, and yet—men being what they are, indispensable and charming, but often poorly endowed with common sense—what are women to do about it? After all, we are in charge of the creatures. If they drink port when they know that it gives them gout, refuse to change their damp boots, put down wet tumbler on the best polished tables, and commit other follies and crimes, are they never to be told of their misdeeds? Must we hold the forbearing angel pose indefinitely, nurse them out of their gout and through their chills, and polish the tables after them without a word of reproof? It seems rather a counsel of perfection.

The truth is that "nagging" is not exactly giving good advice. It is protesting continually against habits which cannot be changed—and that is why it does no good.

Feminine Tact.

Feminine wit and tact can manage a man to a very considerable extent—but their empire has certain distinct boundaries—and the woman with good wifely technique knows by intuition which masculine habits can be cured and which must be endured.

You can reform a man from vice—but you cannot make him treat the household gods with respect if he is not built that way, nor will you succeed in inducing him to abandon boyish carelessness if he has not done so by the age of 30.

For instance, if you are unlucky enough to have a husband who is a chintz destroyer—you must put up with him. Whatever action you take he will continue to loiter about in the Chesterfields until they look as if their lives were being worried by mad dogs, but unless you want your marriage to last longer than your married life, you'll refrain from chatting about it, or rushing at the chair and smoothing its cover out as soon as the master has risen from its depths. You may more easily cure a man of gambling than stop him from putting wet tumbler down on the polished mahogany, and many husbands infinitely prefer having a cold or an attack of gout to being asked to change their clothes or to refrain from the port.

That's the whole truth of "nagging." It's trying to shake a man out of tiresome habits which are part of him—not just giving him good counsel about a single slip, mistake, or crime.

Topics and Trifles.

At one time it was not "the thing" to show yourself outside your own room in an hotel without a hat even at breakfast time. Only people who "didn't know" did it. And hats were worn by hostesses at luncheons and even tea-parties—if these were in the least formal. It was Queen Mary



The beautiful Charlotte Hanna, daughter of Mrs. Stuart Hanna and granddaughter of the late Mark Hanna of Cleveland, recently became the bride of Richard Hume of Washington.

who struck the first blow at this really absurd convention. Now women discard their hats during the day even in the smartest restaurants if they feel inclined.

Veils.

You might imagine that the coming of the veil would alter that—but veils to-day are fixtures on the hats. The modern girl would never stand the bother of taking off a veil and, worse still, having to put it on again, tie it behind, pin it into position, and so on, as her grandmother did! A good many milliners use veils merely as trimming. The most popular mode at the moment is to let it fall just over the eyes, loop it up on the brim, and then let the ends fall down like ear-pieces.

Ear Pieces.

The vogue for covering the ears with side pieces to the hat has brought about another new fashion. Hats of velvet or tulle or felt are given ear-pieces of imitation semi-precious stones to form little swinging plaques at the side. Rose quartz and jade and lapis lazuli are all used for different coloured hats.

Crystal Beads.

If you want a new necklace, either a long one or a choker, get crystal beads and mix them with something else. Cornelian and crystal necklaces were given to the ten bridesmaids at one wedding recently and rose quartz chokers at another.

For the Bride's Home.

A piece of furniture useful and convenient in a much lived-in lounge or sitting room is the book table. It is quite a new idea, but it will not be at variance with the spirit of your older possessions. It is circular, and the table-top is supported on the bookcase sections which are four, and placed at right angles to each other. This means that each angle gives a space below the table at which

Sequin Scarves.

FOR WOMEN WHO WANT TO SHINE.

Net scarves for evening wear, thickly sewn with hundreds of glittering sequins, are among the novelty fashions for the summer, and are typical of the fashionable woman's inclination to shine more than she has done for several years.

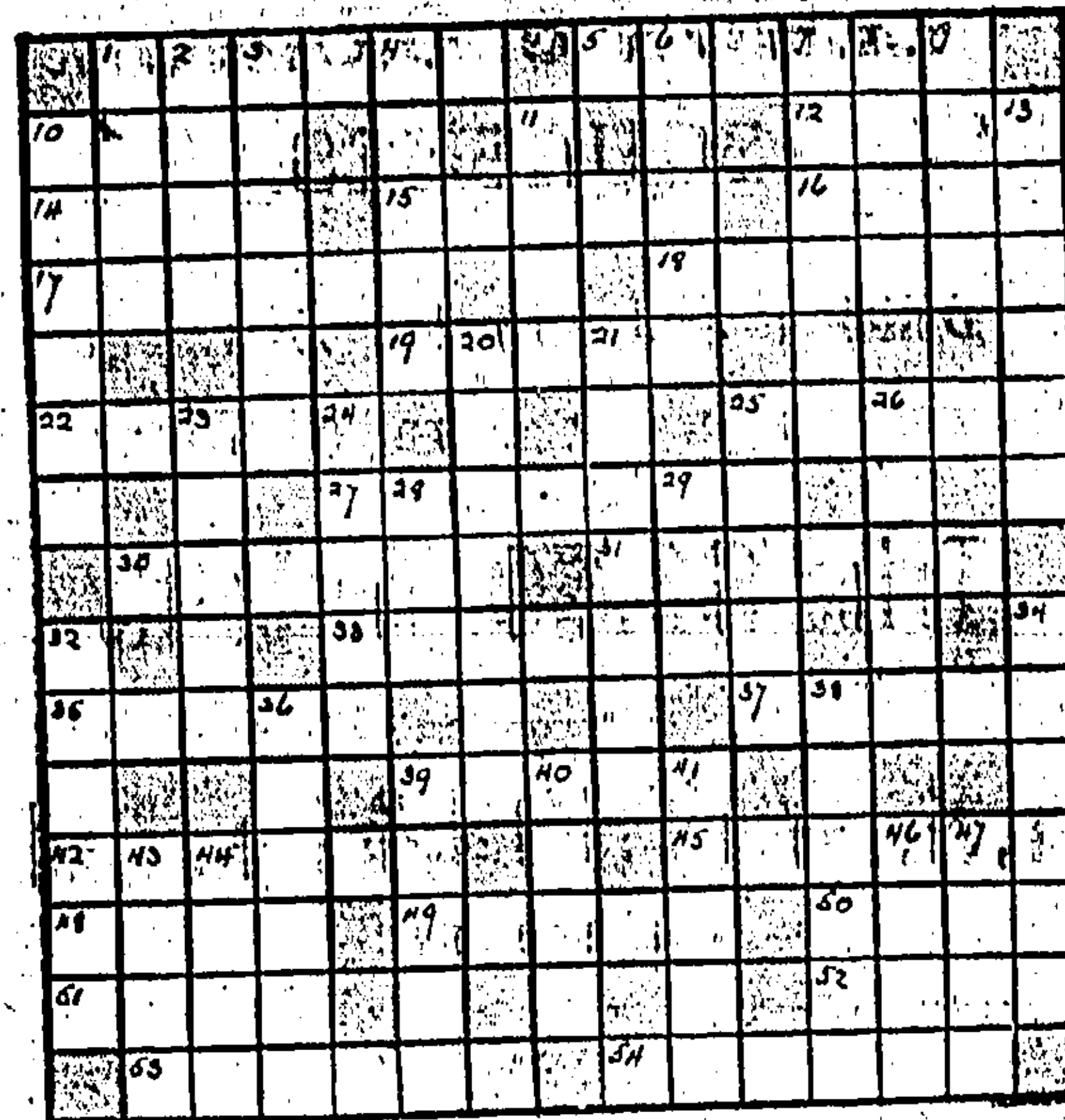
The triangular scarf, which is carrying all before it for daytime wear, also leads in this direction. One attractive scarf was covered thickly with square and circular sequins in gold and silver, and was worn so that the point of the triangle fell deeply over the right shoulder. It was wrapped up round the neck and the ends looped through on the left shoulder.

Other examples of these sequin-sewn scarves are made in shaded colours—silvery sequins shading through all the mauve tones up to deep night purple or all the pastel shades of the dawn sky worked into a riot of gentle colour on a triangle of net.

Sequins are very much "in," and the all-over sequin scarf is only one example of the mode. A considerable number of long straight-ended scarves also are sequin-trimmed, especially black models. A black chiffon scarf, very wide and long, worn in the evening at the theatre, was heavily embroidered with moonlight blue and black sequins at either end.

Sequin-trimmed evening dresses are also being worn.

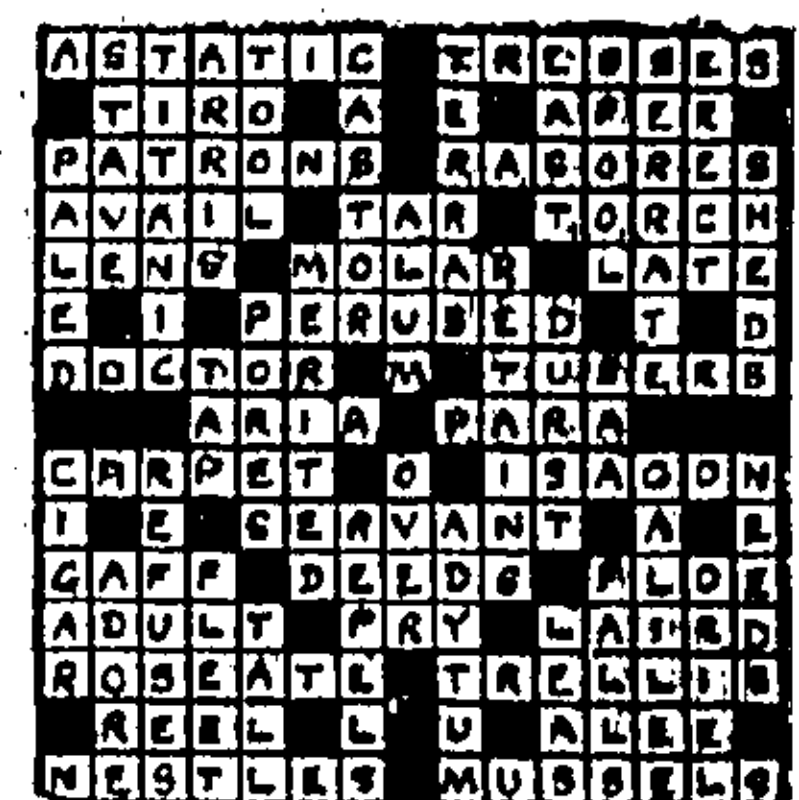
Folks may sit in comfort with plenty of knee room. So it will serve as a writing, tea or card table, at the same time as it accommodates the books from the library and the current magazines and journals.



- Across
- Species of pine.
 - Impure opaque coloured quartz.
 - Drill a hole in.
 - Second vertebra of the neck.
 - Leave out.
 - Pertaining to the country.
 - Space.
 - Encompass.
 - Dentifrice.
 - Slumbered.
 - Islands.
 - Pretext.
 - Polish round dance.
 - Uncivilized.
 - Erase.
 - Military firearms.
 - Twit.
 - Come after.
 - One who believes in the supreme being.
 - Dome.
 - In the same place.
 - Brink.
 - Metal tag.
 - Margin.
 - Mend.
 - Added.
 - Deadly.
 - Diminish.

- Down
- Glossy.
 - Rectifical figure with four equal sides.
 - Remissions of penalties.
 - Bequest.
 - Slap.
 - Not true.
 - Stress on an accented syllable.
 - Turkish commander.
 - To know.
 - Wearing a stole.
 - Thought.
 - Approach.
 - Sound.
 - Dramatic composition.
 - Internally.
 - A claim.
 - Freehold (Orkney).
 - Mythical monster.
 - Ditch.
 - Garden.

Yesterday's Puzzle.



MISS GLEITZE'S SWIM. HER VIEW ON ABSENCE OF ENGLISH WITNESSES.

Miss Mercedes Gleitze arrived in London recently after her swim across the Straits of Gibraltar. She was dressed in a fawn fur-trimmed coat, pink and brown hat, and wore a necklace, bracelets and gold earrings.

When she stepped from the train at Victoria she was surrounded by a thousand men and women admirers, who waved hats, sticks, and parasols, cheered her to the echo, slapped her on the back, grasped her hand, and generally overwhelmed her.

"I had 60 or 70 witnesses accompanying me in the boat," she said, "and the fact that there is no English witness can only, in my opinion, increase the validity of my swim, because the Spaniards would on no account have given the honour of the achievement to Great Britain had there been the slightest doubt regarding the swim."

"My plan for the moment," she said, "is to reimburse my fund for destitute men and women after the expenses I have had at Tangier. My Gibraltar swim has cost £150 to £200."

She added that she will start training immediately, and may attempt to swim from England to France—which no woman has yet done—and the Hellespont, and go on the halls or films.

AMAZING SCENE IN COMMONS. ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

London, Apr. 4. There was an amazing scene in the House of Commons to-day, during the debate on the evils of the syndication of the Press.

Mr. Snell (Labour) was expressing the opinion that journalists, by banding together could protect themselves, when a man in the strangers' gallery jumped up and shouted, "I can give that protection." He then leaped the barrier and came crashing down into the Peers' gallery, which runs the length of the Chamber, at right angles to and below the strangers' gallery. The man was apparently on the point of jumping down to the floor of the House when attendants seized him, after a violent struggle. Other attendants rushed up and after further struggling the intruder was carried out.

The man was overpowered in the nick of time, as he appeared to be about to fling himself headlong into the Chamber. He was carried into the Chamber, by Dr. Vernon Davies, a member of the House of Commons, who gave the opinion that he was suffering from acute neurasthenia. He was taken by ambulance to the Westminster Hospital where he gave the name of Edward Charles Humphreys (132).

By Blosser

Your Hair Requires AN EGG SHAMPOO

now and then.

Ask at—

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY

14, Queen's Road, O.

Tel. C. 1877.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



Family Secrets

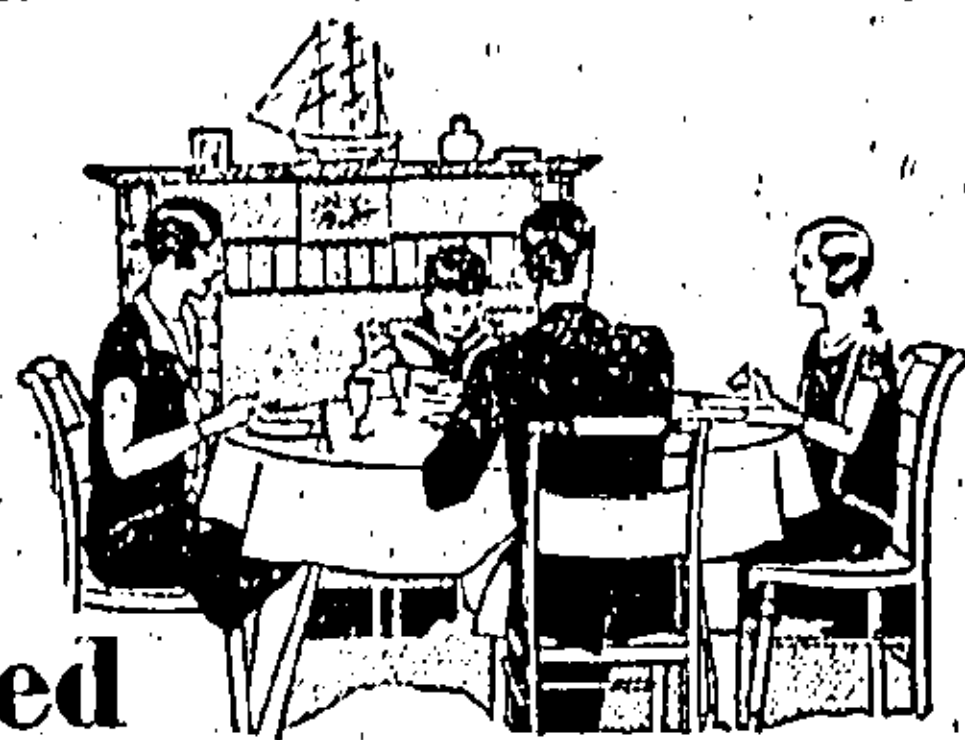
SOUTHWELL'S LEMON & ORANGE SQUASHES.

Delicious and refreshing Beverage
with plain or Aerated Water.

Price \$1.50 per bottle.

A.S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
HONGKONG.

**"We'll
never
be satisfied
with makeshift music"**



AFTER we had heard the new Orthophonic Victrola, we were spoiled. Nothing less perfect would do. For what other reproducing instrument could equal those round, mellow, lifelike tones... and the effect of the singer or player being right there in the room with you?

But Edward had heard that you could do certain things to the old-type machine and make it "like an Orthophonic." However, his experiments didn't turn out. So we finally bought our Orthophonic Victrola.

It certainly made a difference around our house. We play it practically all the time. And it offers a splendid musical education for Edward, Jr.



Are you missing the enjoyment that an Orthophonic Victrola would bring to your home? There's no need to— with our easy-payment plan! We make you an allowance on your old-style machine. Our stock of models offers a choice for every pocketbook. Let's talk things over!

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

Victrola Distributors.

AN APOLOGY.

MESSRS. LANE CRAWFORD LIMITED beg to inform the public that in advertising goods for sale in their Men's Outfitting Department by notices in the local press and by circulars to customers they have made use of designs and letterpress which are the copyright of Messrs. Austin Reed's of Regent Street London particularly in advertisements headed "THE NEW TAILORING—YOU CHOOSE YOUR CLOTHES NOT CLOTH" which both in design and letterpress is an infringement of Messrs. Austin Reed's copyright advertisement "THE NEW TAILORING—YOU CHOOSE CLOTHES INSTEAD OF CLOTH" and "LANEFORD DRESS COLLARS," the design and letterpress of which is an infringement of Messrs. Austin Reed's copyright advertisement in respect of their Summit collars.

MESSRS. LANE CRAWFORD LIMITED publicly admit that they are not, and never have been, the agents of Messrs. Austin Reed's and that their use of such designs and letterpress was entirely unauthorised and a flagrant infringement of Messrs. Austin Reed's copyrights.

MESSRS. LANE CRAWFORD LIMITED regret the publication of such infringements and they unreservedly apologise to Messrs. Austin Reed's and to the public.

They undertake not to reproduce such infringements in future.



TOTAL

DRY FIRE
EXTINGUISHER
CONTENTS NEVER DETERIORATE
NO PERIODIC REFILLING
APPARATUS NEVER FAILS
NON-CONDUCTOR
OF ELECTRICITY
RELIABLE, EFFICIENT, EFFECTIVE.
Types for Motor Cars
and all Establishments

KELLER KERN & Co., Ltd.
16/19 CONNAUGHT ROAD, C.

MARRIAGE.

CONCANNON—LYON.—At St. Edwards, London, on 14th April between Michael Patrick Concannon and Dorothy Margaret, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Lyon, Hongkong.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1923.

BON VOYAGE.

The whole Colony will, we are sure, join with us in wishing His Excellency the Governor and Lady Clementi, who leave for Home to-morrow, a happy and beneficial holiday in the Old Country. It is a fortunate circumstance that Sir Cecil is able to lay down the reins of office at a time when the Colony's relations with its neighbours are on a much sounder and more friendly footing than they have been for some years past, and when the general outlook for Hongkong shows a vast improvement as compared with the day of his arrival here in the latter part of 1925. The very fact that he is being granted leave at this juncture may be taken as an indication of his own and the Imperial Government's view that the situation here may now be regarded as thoroughly composed. Granted the occurrence of no unforeseen events, His Excellency should, on his return early next year, find that the promise of peaceful progress has been in every way fulfilled. He, with the community in general, will hope that that may be so.

But for a brief break last autumn, when, incidentally, he utilised much of his holiday in seeking to improve Anglo-Chinese relations, His Excellency has kept his nose well to the grindstone during the past two years. As a keen admirer of the Chinese and a man who loved the Colony in which he spent the early years of his official career, Sir Cecil Clementi was intensely grieved on taking over the Governorship to find that the traditional friendship between Hongkong and Canton had broken down. Stern as his attitude was to the Canton boycott leaders, however, he was never under any misapprehension as to the precise character of the rift. He refused to believe that the Chinese were, at heart, any other than friends of the British, taking the view, which has since been thoroughly vindicated, that the "enmity" shown by Canton was an artificial, Moscow-inspired movement in which the Chinese were

made the tools of unscrupulous propagandists. We all know how Sir Cecil laboured, in season and out of season, for a reconciliation, and how finally his efforts were brought to full fruition. It is in large measure due to his unwavering faith and patient energies that the barriers between Hongkong and Canton have been broken down and a happy rapprochement secured with Marshal Li Chai-sum's Administration. If he had done nothing else than this, His Excellency's two years of office could be regarded as providing brilliant testimony to his abilities as an administrator. For peace between Hongkong and Canton is of the very first importance. But not alone in this regard has Sir Cecil Clementi shown a deep sincerity of purpose and high devotion to the interests of the Colony. These characteristics have marked all his activities. With some of his policies on the Colony's internal problems, we have not seen eye to eye with His Excellency; nor can we at all times appreciate his inflexibility. But that he is always animated by what he believes to be the greatest good of the greatest number, and that the well-being of the whole Colony is his one aim, can never be questioned.

Not only by the foreign community, but by the Chinese population as well, will Sir Cecil be missed during his leave. Indeed, it has been said that the admiration of the Chinese for His Excellency amounts to a very real love; we can well believe it. And we know of no higher tribute which could be paid to a Governor of Hongkong than that. Whilst he is at Home, Sir Cecil will, we may be sure, place the Hongkong viewpoint, on many issues, before the Imperial authorities, and we can well leave these matters in his capable hands. It is, however, mainly to relax after the strenuous period through which he has passed that he now takes leave of us. In the social life attaching to his high office, His Excellency has had a graceful consort in Lady Clementi, who has been a charming hostess at Government House and has shown the liveliest interest in all manner of good works here. In this connection, her ladyship's practical concern for the happiness of Service men cannot be overlooked. To His Excellency and Lady Clementi we wish *bon voyage*, at the same time entertaining the hope that they will in due time both return in renewed health and strength to resume their life and work amongst us.

The Corps Colours.

New status and dignity has been conferred upon the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps in the honour bestowed by His Majesty the King, who graciously consented to the gift to the unit of a King's Colour and Regimental Colour. As a tribute to and fitting reward for loyal service extending over a period of 66 years, it is an honour of which the Officers and men may justly be proud. The presentation ceremony performed by His Excellency the Governor, was, we believe, unique in that it is the first occasion historically recorded when a battalion has received its Colours in this Colony, while the Corps may also be congratulated on being one of extremely few Volunteer Corps similarly favoured. Colours are integrally associated with tradition, and though the H.K.V.D.C. has, and needs, no battle honours with which to adorn its Regimental standard, its excellent record of service to the community bears the stamp of a tradition fully recognised and appreciated within and without the Corps. It was indeed a happy thought which inspired the act of the ladies of Hongkong, led by Lady Clementi, in defraying the cost of preparing and embrodering the Colours, and the Corps has not been slow to appreciate this sign of the interest of the ladies in its well-being. Sir Cecil Clementi's concluding remarks when making the presentation are well worth repetition: May these colours wave above you as the outward and visible ensigns of honour and patriotism, and stir you as men are still stirred by those wonderful words of Homer which ring through the ages as a trumpet call—"One ensign is best of all, the defence of the fatherland."

DAY BY DAY.

BE NOT DIVERTED FROM YOUR DUTY BY ANY IDLE REFLECTIONS THE SILLY WORLD MAY MAKE UPON YOU, FOR THEIR CENSURES ARE NOT IN YOUR POWER, AND CONSEQUENTLY SHOULD NOT BE ANY PART OF YOUR CONCERN.—Epictetus.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara, from Singapore, is due here at 6 a.m. on Saturday.

The Ben Line s.s. Beneluch, from Home and Straits ports, is due here on Friday.

The P. and O. s.s. Kalyan, from Hongkong, arrived at Marseilles on 7th May at 7.30 a.m.

The Empress of Canada, which left Hongkong on the 18 April, arrived at Vancouver on the 6th May.

Invitations have been issued for a reception at Government House on the night of June 4th, in connection with the birthday of His Majesty the King.

A change took place on April 9 in the post of Flag-Lieutenant to the Commander-in-Chief at Plymouth. Lieutenant-Commander K. H. Grant, late executive officer of the cruiser Carlisle in China, having taken it over.

The engagement is announced between Mr. Wilfred Pryor, of Tientsin, and Miss Dorothy Gertrude King, daughter of Mr. H. F. King, H.B.M. Consul at Tsingtao, and Mrs. King. The marriage will take place at Tsingtao in August.

Mr. D. F. Robertson, of the D. F. Robertson Travel Bureau, Los Angeles, will arrive in Hongkong on May 19th on the s.s. President Wilson, on his eighth tour around the world. Mr. Robertson is conducting a party of thirty-three Californians, on a five months' cruise.

H.M.S. Kent, the last of the five cruisers of the 1924 programme, was ordered to proceed to Portsmouth from April 19 to May 1. The Kent, Captain J. Wolfe-Murray, D.S.O., will be ready for service about July next, and is to go to China to relieve the Hawkins as flagship of the Commander-in-Chief.

Among the departures for Home by the s.s. Empress of Russia sailing to-morrow is Lieut.-Col. Sir Victor A. F. Mackenzie, Bart., D.S.O., M.V.O., the popular officer commanding 2nd Battalion Scots Guards stationed at Shamshipo. Major E. C. T. Warner, D.S.O., M.C., will take over the command of the Battalion.

Lieut.-Col. R. G. Clarke, C.M.G., D.S.O., who was the commanding officer of the 1st Battalion The Queen's Royal Regiment, left for Home by the s.s. Empress of Canada recently. The new officer commanding is Lieut.-Col. H. C. Ponsonby, D.S.O., who has already sailed from Home and is expected to arrive in Hongkong early next month.

When Toni Fumio, a Japanese, residing at Hampstead, was charged at Folkestone on April 5 with attempting to smuggle a camera and a pair of opera glasses, a Customs officer stated that after Fumio's arrival by the boat from Boulogne a search of his baggage revealed a pair of opera glasses in the toe of a patent leather shoe. He was fined £20.

The Bureau of Public Safety in Canton recently sent men to Hongkong to purchase six motorcycles for the use of the Department. These machines will be used by the senior officers of the police force on patrol work, and regular patrols will be maintained. The service will shortly be started, and particular attention will be devoted to maintaining public order in the city outskirts.

William Hi (53), the Chinese chief steward of the s.s. Beneluch, was fined £150 or six months' imprisonment at Thames Police Court on April 5 on charges of importing and concealing 66 revolvers and 5,400 cartridges. Hi, denying the charges, said he was of Chinese origin, but was a Siam subject. The magistrate said he would recommend Hi for deportation.

It is expected that the next change to be notified in the composition of the squadrons on foreign stations will be the relief of the Lowestoft, of the Sixth Cruiser Squadron, Africa Station, by the Carlisle, now in the Fifth Cruiser Squadron, China. The Carlisle, Captain G. W. Hallifax, is under orders to return to England on being relieved by the new cruiser Suffolk, Captain Neil O'Neill.

CORRESPONDENCE.

"Fed-Up" Soldiers.

[To the Editor, Hongkong Telegraph.]

Sir,—Replying to the letter in last evening's issue re the "Fed-up soldier," I would like to state that it didn't take "Old Soko" long to get "fed-up" and purchase his discharge. From 1884 to 1886 isn't such a very long time after all, and soon goes out East.

The hardships "Old Soko" suffered in that period must have been nothing short of torture. Fancy not being allowed west of Central Market! And the only road being Kennedy Road in all those long and dreary years!

Of course, Ullmann hadn't started then, or they might have brightened up the place a bit for him. Furthermore, I know a soldier in Hongkong with over two years' service who heartily wishes himself back in jolly Old England, and I think that the officer of to-day compares very favourably indeed with any of the officers of the past.—Yours, etc., 99 ("TOP OF THE HOUSE"), Hongkong, May 8th, 1923.

Not Forgotten.

Sir,—It may be a matter of interest to some of your readers and will be to others both here and in China to know that at the unveiling of the Memorial to the Chinese in the service of the British Government who died through enemy action in the Great War, the Chinese Labour Corps B. E. F. was not forgotten. A wreath was laid by the writer at the base of one of the pillars with a card attached bearing the following inscription: "To the Memory of the Chinese Labour Corps Members of the Chinese Labour Corps, who lost their lives in the War."

At the time of the repatriation of the Chinese, there were dotted throughout the North of France and Flanders the graves of Chinese who died in the service of Great Britain and at Novelles-Sur-Mer was a cemetery containing the graves of many others. It was the intention to collect and bury in this cemetery all who were buried elsewhere, each grave was to have a granite tombstone bearing the name of the deceased and the date of his death. The work was to be carried out under the Imperial War Graves Commission by skilled engravers members of the Chinese Labour Corps who had elected to remain in France for the purpose. Enclosing my card.—Yours, etc., LATE DEPUTY ADVISER, H. Q. C. I. C. Hongkong, May 8th, 1923.

AFTER 38 YEARS.

CHIEF ENGINEER LEAVING FOR HOME.

The seafaring community will regret to hear of the impending retirement of Mr. John Andrews, Chief Engineer of s.s. Lyeemoon, the recently acquired vessel of the Wo Fat Sing Company.

Mr. Andrews has been on the coast for the past 38 years and was the last manager of Messrs. Geo. Fenwick and Co. As a former Lieutenant in the Volunteer Force he will be remembered by a large number of the old-timers in the Colony.

For the past eight years he has been with the Wo Fat Sing Company and on his signing off this morning, after the maiden trip of the Lyeemoon, he was the recipient of a token of esteem from his brother deck and engineer officers of the Company. The presentation took the form of a case of silver plate and Mr. Brown announced to be greatly touched by the expressions of appreciation voiced.

The retiring officer will take up residence in Aberdeen, Scotland, where his wife and family now reside. It is understood that he sails for Home at the end of the week.

His appointment in the s.s. Lyeemoon has been taken up by Mr. J. Hayes, formerly Second Engineer of the vessel.

DREDGER DISASTER.

NINETEEN MISSING AFTER ACCIDENT.

New York, May 7. The Government dredger "Naveah" working in the channel off Staten Island to-day was rammed and sunk by a steamer.

Nineteen of the crew are missing owing to the rapidity with which the dredger filled.—*Reuter's American Service.*

According to a report made to the police by Mr. J. Wiltshire, a bailiff of the Supreme Court, an electric fan valued at \$25 was stolen from the Palace Judge's Court between noon on Friday and 10 a.m. yesterday.

The Very Idea!

Old John was a staunch believer in regular attendance at the kirk on the Sabbath, and it was a lifelong regret to him that he was never able to induce his ancient crony, Tam, to see the error of his ways in that respect. Tam had had, according to his statements, "owra muckle o't when he wis a wean," and had got a "scunner" in consequence.

In a fit of enthusiasm one Saturday evening, Tam at last promised his old friend to put in an appearance, and on the following morning duly turned up at the church door and was shown to a seat by his delighted old friend.

John cocked a wary eye from time to time at the backslider during the service, and was happy to note that Tam was lending a careful ear.

Outside the kirk, after the service, up bustled old John. "Noo, Tam, wis that na' a grand instructive message?"

"Ou, aye!" responded Tam, non-committally. "There wis ae thing I learnt about thae waeome ceeties Sodom an' Gomorrah. I aye thoct a' ma days thit Sodom an' Gomorrah were man an' wife!"

This stone's over the body of Tommy Mutch. At breakfast speed he broke his clutch.

Wood Green magistrates waited patiently for twenty-five minutes recently for Mrs. May Elizabeth Goldring, of Newnham-road, Wood Green, to say if she wished to be dealt with summarily or whether she wished her case to come before a jury.

She and her husband, Arthur Goldring, were summoned for treating their child in a negligent manner and causing unnecessary suffering. Goldring pleaded "Not guilty," and asked the court to deal with him summarily.

The matron informed the Bench that Mrs. Goldring refused to open her mouth at all, and was maintaining a "dumb strike." The court officer, the husband, the matron, and a sister of the woman all pleaded with her to answer, without avail.

She was eventually remanded in custody for a week.

Nottingham husband: My wife greeted me sweetly by throwing the sugar basin.

Solicitor at Bow County Court: How fast was the motor-car going? Man: You know what a flash of lightning is—well just like that.

Question at Shoreditch County Court: Is your wife to give evidence? Man: No, I would rather tell my own tale.

Policeman at the Guildhall, of a man summoned for four motoring offences: When I told him that he would be summoned he replied, "And I should apply also for a summons against me for having a red nose."

Sammy did not turn up at school until the afternoon. When, however, he did arrive, he entered with none of the usual signs of guilt; instead, he wore the expression of one who had achieved something great.

"Now, Sammy, what excuse have you for being absent this morning?" demanded the teacher.

"I was helpin' the police," said the boy, while a gasp of envy went round the class.

"Now be careful, Sammy; tell the truth," cautioned the teacher.

"Well, I was helping the police," said Sammy proudly. "Just as I was coming to school this morning, I was crossing the High Street, and I comes a policeman, and he says—'Now, my little man, mind the steam-roller.' So I minded it, sir."

Confectioners in England aren't happy. Barbers, however, are feeling prosperous, for the cost of shingling has resulted in a general falling off of the consumption of chocolates. "Women," says a Hull chocolate factory man, "now spend two shillings (fifty cents) a week on their hair, which previously they spent on chocolates."

Tourist. (to Irishmen in a church). "Why is the bell ringing, my man?"

Irishman—"Cause I'm pulling the rope."

Publicity is the very soul of justice.—Lord Justice Sankey.

If we are to stem the torrent of crime we must not rely on Judges, however good they are.—Judge Atterley Jones.

There are many "rough diamonds" among manual workers who, if given the opportunity, would greatly enrich our art treasures.—Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P.

It is learned that Mr. T. Jones sailed in the s.s. Chuen Chow as master yesterday, vice Mr. F. W. Jones deceased, while the appointment of Chief Officer was given to Mr. Smith, late of the Steamboat Company and the s.s. Solistan.

OUR UNIVERSITY DEFENDED.

MR HORNELL ANSWERS THE CRITICS.

NUMBER OF STUDENTS A RECORD.

MAKES WIDER APPEAL.

It is disclosed in the annual report of the University of Hongkong that the past year closed with an increase in the number of students of 327, which is a record. Of these, 37 are women.

Mr. W. W. Hornell, the Vice-Chancellor, in the course of his report answers in a spirited manner the critics of the University, pointing out that the total cost to the taxpayer of Hongkong is \$5,000 a year, which is less than ten per cent of the University's total annual expenditure.

The First M.A.
Of 294 students on the rolls on December 31st last, 15 were external students. They were distributed as follows:—Faculty of Medicine, 150; Faculty of Engineering, 54; Faculty of Arts, 90. Forty-three students graduated at the end of 1927—17 in the Medical Faculty, 10 in Engineering and 16 in Arts. Mr. Harry Hong Sling has the distinction of being the first M.A. of the University. In his report on the thesis submitted by Mr. Harry Hong Sling for his degree, Dr. L. C. Stamp, Sir Ernest Cassell, Reader in the University of London, wrote as follows:—"I am of the opinion that the thesis on the Economic effect of Trans-Pacific Policies is easily up to the standard required for the thesis of degree of M.A. of the University of London."

The Finances.
The total income for the year amounted to \$529,387.70; this sum being made up as follows:—
Endowments \$242,927.22
Tuition Fees 111,487.00
Government Grant 50,000.00
Donations 37,828.13
Others sources 87,145.35

\$529,387.70
The total expenditure amounted to \$532,706.31. The year therefore closed with a deficit of \$3,318.61 which is more than accounted for by the fact that a large and unforeseen expenditure had to be incurred in reconditioning the electrical system of the University during the year under review.

Unpaid Chinese Billa.
Mr. Hornell concludes the report as follows:

Since the year under review closed the number of students in the University has risen to 327 which is a record. No less than 37 of these students are women. Fewer students are coming to the University from Malay (this is inevitable owing to educational developments in Singapore) and present conditions are all against students coming to Hongkong in any great number from China.

The University is still educating, housing and feeding six students who came here years ago as scholars sent to the University by various Chinese Governments. The unpaid bill of these Chinese Government Scholarships amounts to no less than \$117,177.

But the University is now appealing to a far wider public circle in Hongkong, while in Shanghai its reputation stands high. The University is also attracting students, especially medical students, from the Philippine Islands. What is true of a prophet is true also of a University, and there are still in Hongkong critics (plenty of them) who regard the University as a futile piece of foolish extravagance and take every opportunity of proclaiming this view. If such critics were to try and close the University, they would probably find a good deal of local opposition possibly in quarters where they least expected it.

Degrees at Modest Cost.

After all there are plenty of people in Hongkong who are not rich, and it is something that the local resident, of whatever race, who is finding it a hard struggle to live and to do the best for his children, can send his son or daughter to the University of Hongkong to acquire there for a comparatively modest fee a medical degree, for example, which is recognised by the General Medical Council of Great Britain and Ireland. And the total cost of the University to the taxpayer of Hongkong is \$5,000 a year, and this contribution represents less than 10% of University's total annual expenditure.

The difficulties which confront the further development of the University (and no University can stand still) are tremendous. It could scarcely be otherwise; for the University was founded on an exceedingly slender financial basis and is situated in the midst of all those peculiar perplexities which beset this Colony's very existence. But its roots are growing stronger and deeper and the University will not easily be uprooted.

TRAFFIC CASES IN COURT.

EUROPEAN LADY PROSECUTES DRIVER.

RECKLESS DRIVING.

A number of traffic cases, in which Europeans were concerned, were heard before Major C. Willson this morning.

Mrs. N. White, who, as reported some time ago, was knocked down and seriously injured by a public car in Queen's Road East, appeared to substantiate a charge of reckless driving against the driver of the car.

It was stated that the delay caused to the proceedings was due to difficulty in locating the defendant.

On the man's stating that he was going along at a speed of under ten miles an hour before the occurrence of the accident, a statement which was construed as a plea of not guilty—evidence was proceeded with.

Lady's Evidence.

Mrs. White said that on the morning of Good Friday, she was leaving her home to get a tram to come up to town. She had proceeded as far as the Wanchai Post Office, when two cars were seen to make for the direction of the racecourse. As she stopped to let them pass, she was knocked down without any warning by a third car going in the opposite direction. She did not remember anything after that, until she was lifted into a car. She had been under medical treatment since.

The summons was adjourned for the defendant to call a witness.

Motor Cyclist Charged.

Mr. G. W. Cooper, of the Dairy Farm, was summoned for driving his motor-cycle in a dangerous manner. He pleaded not guilty.

Traffic Sergeant Baker deposed that he was at the junction of Spring Garden Lane and Queen's Road East when the defendant appeared, riding on a motor-cycle at the rate of between 25 and 30 miles an hour, being accompanied by a second motor-cycle. He followed them as far as the Murray Barracks. There he stopped the defendant and told him that he would be summoned for dangerous driving.

Defendant then replied that he had no speedometer and did not know at what speed he was going.

While the two machines were passing through Wanchai, there was a big crowd of many thousands in the street, which was a narrow one. It was Saturday night and many people were going into the Grand Theatre when the defendant drove by. Mr. Cooper, in reply to the charge, stated he had come down from Kennedy Road, and was the whole time following another motor-cycle, but did not pass it. Also, in front of that cycle, there was a motor-car, and he wanted to know why all four were not summoned. If there had been many thousands of people in the street, how was it that he did not knock one of them down, going at the speed of 30 miles an hour as was alleged?

Other Cyclist Wanted.

Sergeant Baker said he did not see the car mentioned by defendant, but he had summoned the driver of the other motor-cycle. He was Mr. D. Thompson, who worked in the Dairy Farm together with the defendant.

Inspector Alexander then explained that he had been requested to arrange it so that only Mr. Cooper need attend the Court, as it was found impossible to have both men taken away from their work at the same time.

His Worship, however, required the presence of Mr. Thompson in Court and intimated that he would adjourn both summonses and hear them together next week.

Passed on Wrong Side.

Summoned for passing another vehicle on the left-hand side, Mr. C. D. Wright, who was riding a motor-cycle in Queen's Road East on April 20th, complained of the lack of courtesy on the part of the driver of a motor-car which was hindering his passage.

The motor-car, defendant stated, was astride the tram-tracks, and it was his experience that the driver in the front car would not make way for him. After sounding his horn, he slipped past the car, there being ample room for that purpose.

That night he was in a hurry, having a dinner appointment, and having changed to evening dress, he did not have his licence with him.

Defendant was fined \$10 for passing the car and a further \$4 for failing to produce his licence.

Reckless Driving.

Jonio Giovanni, a Fiat engineer was summoned for reckless driving.

(Continued on Page 8.)

BRITISH ATTITUDE TO CHINESE.

SOME EXAGGERATIONS REFUTED.

OUTSPOKEN RETORT TO HOME CORRESPONDENT.

REAL FRIENDSHIP.

Sir Edward Pearce, Mr. E. F. Mackay, Mr. A. Brooke Smith and Mr. H. G. Simms, former members of the Shanghai Municipal Council and of the Committee of the Shanghai British Chamber of Commerce, make a joint reply in a recent issue of *The New Statesman* to a correspondent who wrote to that journal regarding the attitude of Britishers in China towards the Chinese. Their letter is as follows:

In your issue of March 17 a correspondent in China, signing himself "J. D.," gives his impression of the attitude of the English towards the Chinese among whom they live. He anticipates that what he writes may seem a gross exaggeration to anyone who has not been in China. To those who have been in China it certainly is.

"Class" Suggestion Refuted.

He begins by describing the average Englishman going out to China as a person with the one idea of making his pile and returning home with enough money and influence to put him in a class above the one he would have been in if he had gone into business in his own country. "J. D." appears to be an outstanding example of a type of person obsessed with a feeling of class inferiority, and looks with a jealous eye on those enjoying a society from which he is for some reason barred. It must be admitted that the average Englishman goes out to China to make money, but we refute the class suggestion, for such a thing never enters his head, since as a rule he is quite innocent of class consciousness.

"J. D." then describes the Englishman's first six months in China. He is told that the Chinese are queer people, but as they are useful he is advised to keep in with "these Chinks." Further, that his initiation into foreign community life consists of going to clubs, hotels, cabarets, cinemas and places of vice, and driving his motor-car through evil-smelling Chinese quarters where the native is too stupid to get out of his way.

Long Office Hours.

"J. D." seems to ignore the main reason why Englishmen are sent to China. We would remind him that usually British firms send them out to work, and that they often have to work longer hours than in this country. Their spare time is taken up with outdoor games, and, of course, in a comparatively small community club life plays an important part.

"J. D." then comes to the question why the English so detest the Chinese. This is a most extraordinary assumption. In no other part of the world have individuals of two nations formed stronger or more lasting friendships. Those of us who left China, after many years' residence still keep in touch with our old Chinese friends. We retain

(Continued on Page 11.)

ATTEMPTED GAOL ESCAPE.

PRISONER CAUGHT IN THE COMPOUND.

SENTENCED TO-DAY.

It is not generally known that, following the recent successful escape effected by a convict from Victoria Gaol, another attempt was made by a second prisoner to break out of confinement. It is stated that he had all but succeeded when he was discovered by a warder and again placed in custody.

This latest incident concerning the Gaol is stated to have occurred on April 25th last, when a prisoner, who was serving a sentence of six weeks for larceny, made a hole through the wall of his cell and had actually got down to the compound with only a high wall between him and freedom before he was seen and pounced upon by a warder.

Charged To-day.

No mention of the attempted escape had hitherto appeared in any official reports made available to the Press, and but for the formal production of the prisoner before the Magistrate this morning and his being charged with the offence, it is probable that the occurrence would have received no publicity.

It would appear, from the statements made in Court, that the man was serving a sentence of six weeks, and was being accommodated in a cell in the older part of the prison. On April 26th, in the early morning, he commenced to dig into the wall of a cell where an old ventilator used to be, employing for this work an iron implement which he had managed to improvise and conceal in his clothing.

The Arrest.

He made a hole large enough to get through, and got out on to the compound, seeking a way out through the maze of passages between the various buildings.

Apparently his intention was to escape into Arbuthnot Road, and he had negotiated a passage as far as the women's section of the Gaol, when his movements were detected by a warder stationed in this area. The alarm was given and the man was caught after a brief struggle.

Mr. J. W. Franks, Superintendent of the Gaol, who charged the man in Court, addressing his Worship, said that the man was serving a sentence which would not expire until June 6th. He applied that any sentence inflicted on the new charge, should commence from that date.

The prisoner was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

AMERICANS GAIN CONCESSIONS.

AGREEMENT IN PARIS WITH KING AMANULLAH.

New York, May 7.

A group of American financiers recently concluded a contract with King Amanullah in Paris, in connection with important oil and mineral concessions in Afghanistan, which the concessionaires will handle for a long term of years and then return the properties to the Government.—*Reuter*.

TRAINING CHINESE ENGINEERS.

MECHANICAL BENT NECESSARY.

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY & THE APPRENTICE QUESTION.

MR. HORNELL'S VIEWS.

The question as to whether training in a University workshop can be regarded as an equivalent to apprenticeship in a commercial workshop is referred to in the annual report of the University of Hongkong by the Vice-Chancellor, Mr. W. W. Hornell.

The report states:—There were 34 students on the rolls of the Faculty of Engineering on the 31st December, 1927. Of the 10 students who passed out of the Faculty in 1927, six graduated in Civil engineering, two in Mechanical Engineering, and two in Electrical Engineering.

The Apprenticeship Question.

The lack of students in the Mechanical and Electrical branches is to be deplored, and the difficulty of the situation is aggravated by the conviction of possible employers, such as the Takao and Kowloon Dock Companies, that engineering graduates however eminent are of no use to them unless and until they have passed successfully through an apprenticeship in a commercial workshop. Practical training in a University workshop is not regarded as in any real sense an equivalent.

The University authorities do not dispute the reasonableness of this position and they would welcome an arrangement which would make an adequate period of satisfactory work in a commercial workshop an integral part of the University's mechanical and electrical engineering curriculum. But there are difficulties, the chief one being perhaps that the students who enter the Faculty of Engineering are more attracted by the less physically-exacting requirements of the Civil Engineering course.

Wrong End?

It is possible that in our attempt to train Chinese mechanical and electrical engineers we have started at the wrong end; that what is needed is not so much an attempt to induce young men whose parents can afford to give them a secondary school and University education to become mechanical and electrical engineers, as to train selected artisans to be capable of doing a higher grade of work.

The University would welcome to its Engineering Faculty indentured apprentices from the local engineering workshops who had attained such a general standard of education (this would have to include a practical knowledge of English) as would enable them to follow the mechanical or electrical courses. This arrangement would have the great advantage of enabling such students to continue to be apprentices and to return to their shops during the vacations.

The great difficulty in inaugurating such a scheme is that there are not in Hongkong any night-schools or similar institutions at which apprentices and other workers could continue their education during their off-hours. The situation which is one of vital importance to the future industrial development of the Colony has been investigated. It is impossible to say more than that.

Shanghai Polytechnic.

Meanwhile the establishment of a polytechnic in Shanghai under one of the provisions of the Will of the late Mr. Henry Lester—an enterprise which is being worked out by the Trustees in close co-operation with the University—will mean a real attempt, backed up by adequate funds, to deal with the problem of the production of a higher type of Chinese worker by placing before apprentices and artisans generally, opportunities for educating themselves and thus becoming capable of more responsible work.

The chaos which now prevails in China is undoubtedly handicapping the Engineering Faculty, for there is practically no present demand in China for engineers, but the crux of the Faculty—it was at one time the crux of Engineering Faculties and Colleges everywhere and it still is the crux of all such Faculties and Colleges in the East—is to turn out engineers who combine theoretical skill with practical capacity. But whatever the training, the product that goes out will be merely a development of what goes in. No system of training can make an engineer of a young man who has not got within some sort of mechanical bent.

Maunlana L. A. Haidari, a graduate of the Prechers Training College, Lucknow (India), better known as Madrasatul Wazeen, Lucknow, arrived in Hongkong on Sunday last. He is staying in No. 311 Wyndham Street. He will stay for about a week and will later proceed to Shanghai.

Wm. POWELL Ltd.

Charming Underwear of Exclusive Design.



Artificial Milanese of good quality, perfectly cut... a lustrous Artificial silk which wears and washes exceedingly well.

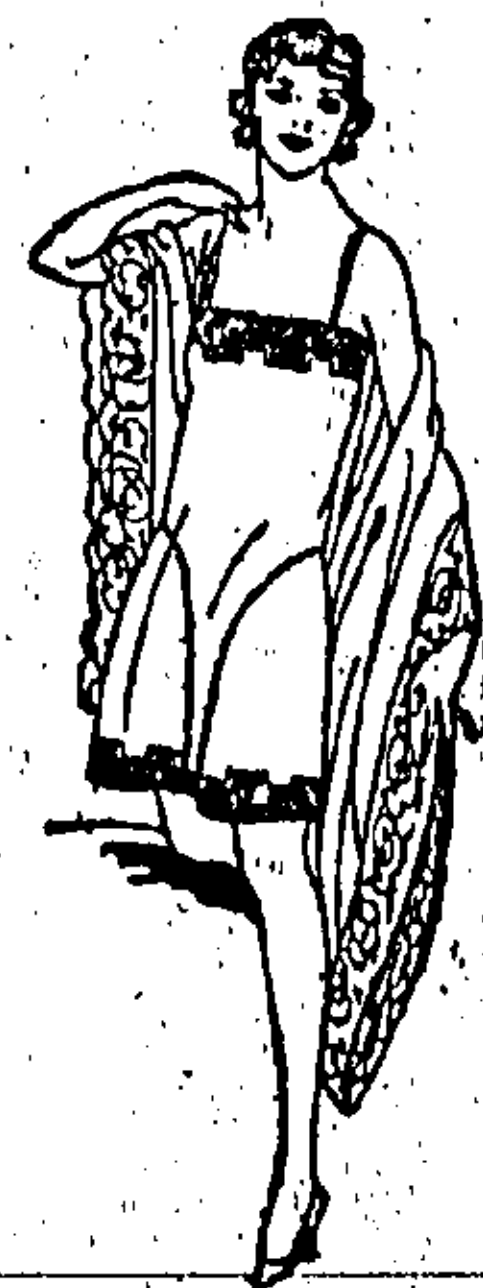
VAN RAALTE ...

glove silk Undies... prettily

trimmed with fine lace....

exquisite fabrics—beautifully

fashioned.



Brassieres and Corsets too—

HONGKONG REALTY & TRUST

Company, Limited.

HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS.

PROPERTY BROKERS.

TELEPHONE C. 4413.

EXCHANGE BUILDING

Use

PURICO

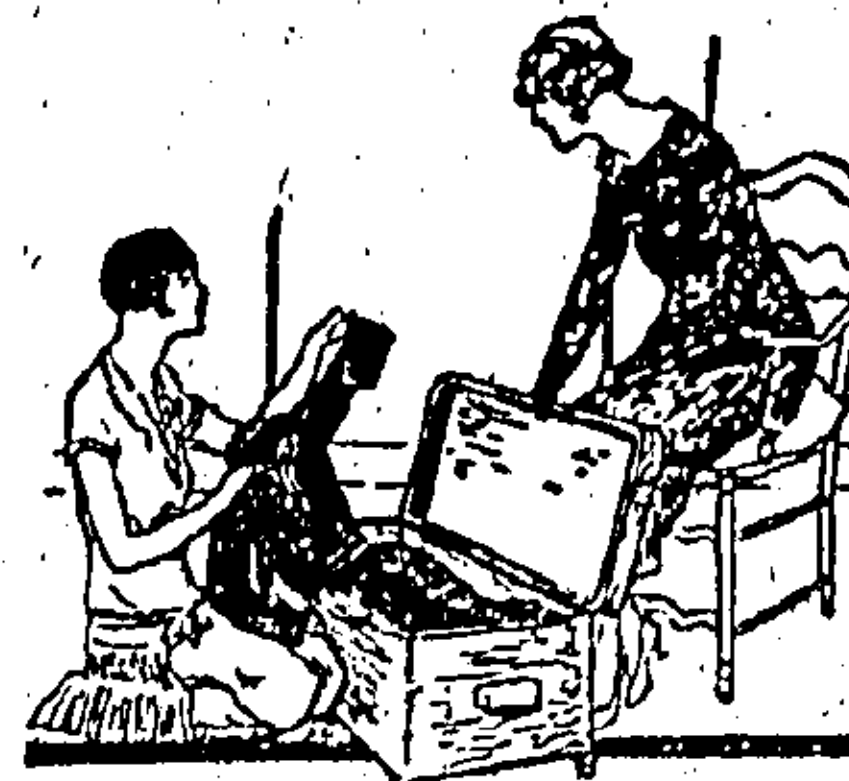
THE UNEXCELLED COOKING FAT

Obtainable at ALL GROCERS & STOREKEEPERS.

Agents:— KELLER, KERN & CO., LTD.
18, Connaught Road, Telephone C. 3120.

Enhancing Beauty!

Clothes when properly dry cleaned and properly pressed do go a long way in adding to natural beauty. You'll like our odourless process and our work in general.



THE INTERNATIONAL DRY CLEANING & DYEING CO.

19, Wyndham Street, 145, Wong Nei Chung Road, 36, Nathan Road, Hongkong, Happy Valley, Kowloon.

FIBRE BOARD CARTONS

the modern and economical containers for all classes of merchandise.

ACME STEEL STRAPS

a fast and efficient method of re-inforcing fibre boxes, crates, tins, bundles and wood-boxes.

ACME TACK-POINT FASTENERS

more easily driven and greater holding power.

J. M. DA ROCHA & CO., Agents.

Fibreboard Products Co., of San Francisco. Acme Steel Co., of Brooklyn, New York.



At CLOVERDALE FARM

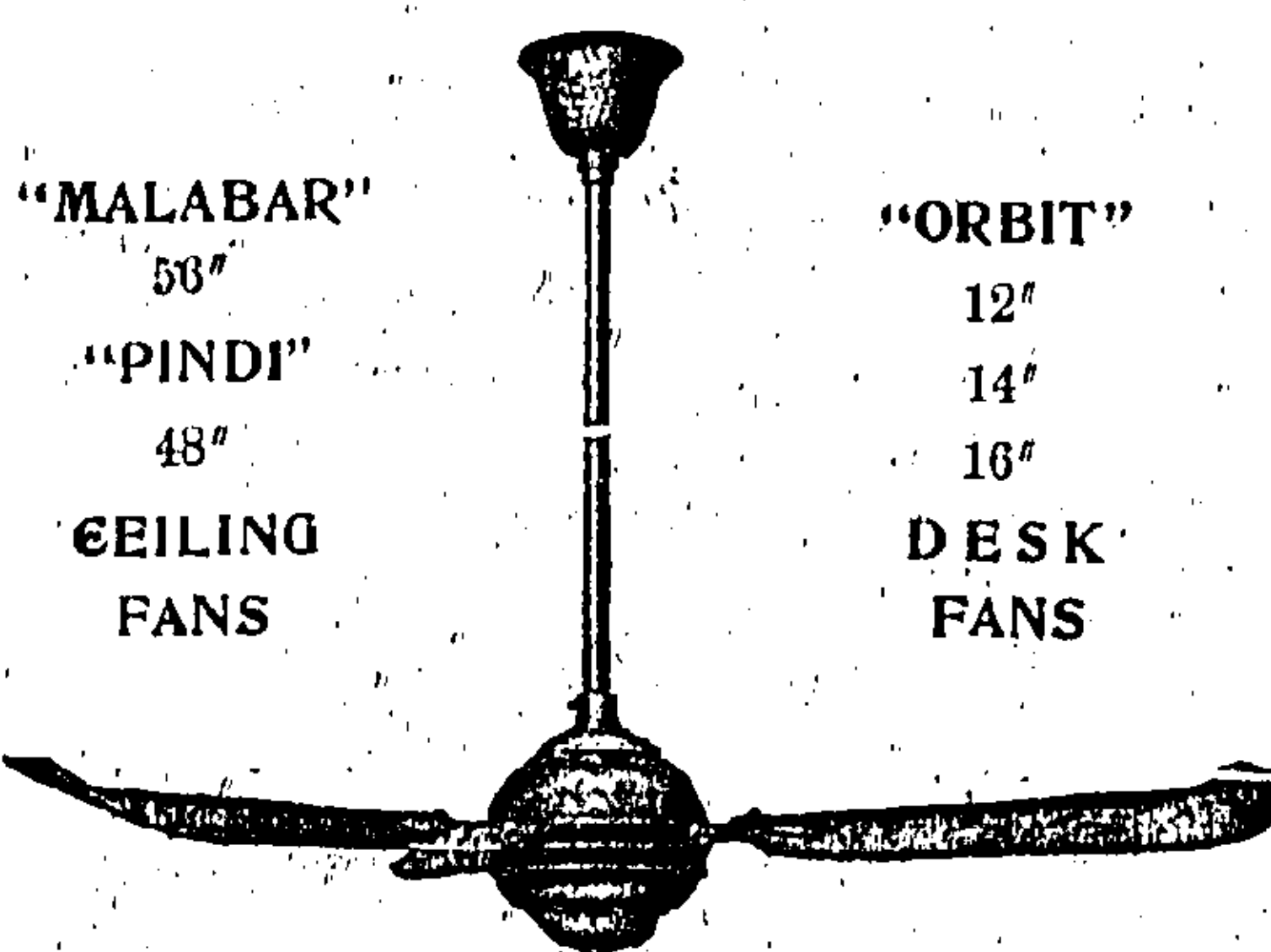
There is a meadow ankle-deep in rich clover grass. Cows are feeding in it. There is a shed where these cows are milked and the floors and walls are as clean as clean crockery and the cans like new pins. And then the milk is carried swiftly to a white condensery set down in green fields, and you would think that the cleanliness of that condensery was cleanliness gone mad, except that milk cannot be too clean.

That is the way in which "Milkmaid" is produced. It comes to you signed and sealed, the rich pure product of chosen cows.



Just Arrived!

The Finest British Fans Now Obtainable
Make Your Reservations
IMMEDIATELY!



MADE BY

VERITY LTD., BIRMINGHAM.

Sole Agents

Messrs. SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

HOME LEAVE

FULL PROTECTION
AGAINST ACCIDENT & LOSS
WHEN TRAVELLING
MAY BE OBTAINED

BY A
**BAGGAGE INSURANCE
&
PERSONAL ACCIDENT
POLICY**
ISSUED BY

CHINA UNDERWRITERS LTD.

St. George's Building,
HONGKONG.

Tel. C. 1121/2.

DO YOU WANT AN OVERSEER, OR CLERK?

We can probably find you just the man you want.

Apply to the Hon. Secretary,

HONGKONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,

By telephone to Peak 215, or to the City Hall,
on Mondays and Thursdays at 11 a.m.



SPORTS PARAGRAPHS.

SOME INTERESTING ITEMS.

Mrs. Lambert Chambers, the famous tennis player, has become a professional coach.

In a contest at Paris the Italian half-breed boxer, Jacobac, formerly known as Jack Walter, beat the English boxer George West on points.

Charles M. Buchan, the famous English international player, is leaving the Arsenal team, of which he is captain, at the end of the season to join the sporting staff of the Daily News, London. He will start his journalistic duties early in June.

There is a distinct possibility that E. H. Liddell, the 400 metres Olympic champion, who is at present a missionary in China, may, after all, be able to assist Great Britain in the forthcoming Olympic Games.

The following athletes have been nominated by the Scottish Amateur Athletic Association as probable candidates for the Olympic Games.

LEADS THE FIELD.



"Big Bill" Melhorn, who, with a score of 72 leads the field in the British Open Golf Championship. Another round, before the Competition Proper, is being played to-day.

pie Games.—James Crawford, J. Suttie Smith, J. D. Hope, D. M'Leen, J. W. Henderson (Gala Harriers), and D. M'Le Wright. It will be noted that E. H. Liddell is not included in the list.

The sub-committee to select sides for the Test matches against the West Indies and for the trial match will be H. D. G. Leveson-Gower (chairman), J. W. H. T. Douglas, and A. E. R. Gilligan. P. F. Warner was invited to serve, but had to decline owing to the new rule, which precludes a selector writing descriptions of Test and trial matches until the end of the season.

It was estimated that over 100,000 people were present at Roy Kilner's funeral at Wombwell. Amongst the mourners were Lord Hawke, Captain Worley, the Yorkshire captain, and many other representatives of the Yorkshire and Lancashire Cricket Clubs, including Mr. F. C. Toone, the Yorkshire secretary; Major L. Green, the Lancashire captain; Ernest Tyldesley, Lancashire; and P. T. Eckerley, Lancashire; "Bobby" Peel and George Hirst, former Yorkshire players of note. At the parish church, Canon S. F. J. Smith, the rector of Wombwell, opened a striking tribute to Kilner with the words:—"A Yorkshire wicket has fallen, and one of Yorkshire's best men is out. We lament the loss not only of a great cricketer, but of a great personality."

A trader doing business at No. 131, Des Voeux Road Central reported to the police yesterday that he was the victim of a larceny by bailee. It would appear from the report that two coolies were employed to carry two hundred cartons of salt fish and a box of clothing, to the s.s. Charles Hardouin, but after leaving the shop in Des Voeux Road, the coolies disappeared. The loss is valued at \$152.

Chan Fo, master of the Hung Sing engineering shop, of 120, Portland Street, Yaumatei, reported to the police yesterday that someone had stolen from the back yard of his shop two four-bladed propellers, valued at \$550.

LAWN BOWLS.

DRAW FOR THE OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

The draw was made yesterday afternoon for the open lawn bowls championship of the Colony. This year there is a record entry, no less than 78 players having sent their names in, the previous highest being 60, three or four years ago. The number of entries necessitates an extra round being played this year.

The entrants were from the following clubs: Kowloon Bowling Green, 18, Kowloon Dock R. C. 12, Civil Service C. C. 11, Kowloon C. C. 10, Tai Koo R. C. 8, Police R. C. 6, Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club 5, Chingongow R. C. 4, Club de Recreio 3 and East Point R. C. 1.

The draw resulted as under: Byes.

C. J. Tacchi v A. W. Grimmett.
W. P. J. Gorvin v F. Cullen.
E. W. Hogbin v D. Muir.
G. Moss v D. F. Warren.
L. J. Whant v H. G. Cooper.
H. Nish v W. Hill.
E. Kern v J. Chalmers.
J. T. Dobble v J. Gibson.
J. Ferguson v R. T. Taylor.
D. C. Wainman v R. R. Davies.
J. W. Beattie v A. C. V. Reibero.
J. Hollidge v M. McTavish.
J. C. Brown.

First Round.

A. Hevey v A. Chapman.
J. Fraser v J. McKelvie.
E. Ecclesham v A. R. Whibley.
L. E. Lamert v J. Magill.
W. Greig v N. Drummond.
A. Murdoch v J. A. Lindsay.
R. Sutherland v L. J. Davies.
A. Macfarlane v B. W. Bradbury.
P. T. Farrell v J. J. Whyte.
W. Macfarlane v W. Glendonning.
G. McLeod v H. Overy.
J. B. Archibald v J. Clark.
R. Lapsley v W. Russell.
G. Henderson v J. H. Johnston.
Byes.

F. C. Goodman.
J. Massey v J. Laing.
R. F. Luz v D. Muir.
A. M. Simpson v R. Duncan.
J. C. West v U. M. Omar.
A. L. Shields v C. Atkinson.
C. Bennett v C. G. Silva.
D. S. Nelson v A. R. Clark.
J. Macdonald v G. Wragge.
G. R. Edwards v W. Muir.
J. O. McLaggan v D. Gow.
J. Gregory v T. D. E. Pendered.
D. Rumjahn v A. M. Holland.

LOCAL GOLF.

THE CAPTAIN'S CUP COMPETITION.

The Captain's Cup Competition, for May, played at Fanling over the week-end, brought out 33 entries. Mr. R. Warbrick qualified with a score of 70 (84-14), the other scores being:

M. H. Roffey	88	11	= 77
F. J. de Rome	84	7	= 77
R. Young	87	9	= 78
O. E. C. Marton	78	(scr.)	= 78
C. C. Stark	84	5	= 79
R. H. Hollis	89	10	= 79
I. Newton	86	7	= 79

Sentence of two months' hard labour was imposed by Mr. W. Schofield, at the Kowloon Magistrate's court, this morning, on the Chinese who was shot by a Chinese detective at No. 563, Nathan Road last month. The defendant, it will be remembered, had gone into the rear of the house and was in the act of stealing a blanket when the alarm was given and he ran away. When challenged by a detective the man refused to stop and was shot in the leg.

At the unveiling of the Chinese War Memorial at the Public Gardens on Sunday, the Ex-Active Service Men's Association was represented by the President, the Vice-President and two members of the General Committee.

Once again, two Chinese, by employing the familiar banknote trick, managed to extract \$49 from a woman residing at the Jockey Club stables. According to her statement to the police she met two strangers in Wanchai who wanted a wad of banknotes changed into silver. She volunteered to do the necessary, leaving behind her the \$49 as a mark of her good faith. Needless to say the "banknotes" proved to be waste paper.

Attempting to alight from the train whilst it was still in motion, a Chinese received bodily injuries last night at the Kowloon Railway Station. He was attended to on the spot and was later removed to the Kowloon Hospital.

PRINCE GEORGE ENJOYS SHORE LEAVE.



H.R.H. Prince George, who served aboard H.M.S. Hawkins on the China Station, and who is still continuing his naval career, is here seen (in centre) acknowledging youthful admirers when leaving Windsor Castle for riding exercise in the Great Park, whilst on shore leave.

HENDREN HITS A CENTURY.

HAIG BOWLS EXTREMELY WELL.

WORCESTER COLLAPSE.

London, May 7. Middlesex opened their county cricket programme with a match against Worcester at Lords, the Home Counties' team winning by an innings and 126 runs.

The feature of the match was a smart century by Patsy Hendren, who, however lost his wicket immediately after reaching three figures.

Nigel Haig bowled remarkably well in Worcester's first innings. The scores were:

Middlesex: 339.
Worcester: 68 and 145.
In spite of good bowling by Hill, who took 5 wickets for 93 runs, Middlesex passed the three-hundred mark in their first innings, Hendren contributing 100. Worcester collapsed in reply, Nigel Haig taking 6 wickets for 30 runs. Following on, Worcester were again dismissed for a small score, the match being over in two days.

Warwick Win.

Warwickshire also began their season well, defeating Glamorgan by 10 wickets, at Birmingham. Glamorgan batting first compiled 129, and in reply Warwickshire hit up 331.

Glamorgan gave an improved display in their second innings, but their total of 212, left Warwickshire needing 31 runs to win, a task which was accomplished without loss.—Reuter.

MOTOR CAR TOUTS IN TROUBLE.

SIX APPEAR IN COURT THIS MORNING.

Consequent upon numerous reports being made to the police of the objectionable manner in which motor car tout operators in the Western District, particularly at West Point at night, the police yesterday carried out a systematic combing out, which resulted in the appearance this morning of no fewer than six of these men before Mr. R. E. Lindsell.

Each of the six pleaded guilty to the offence.

His Worship imposed fines of \$5, or, in default, seven days, hard labour on four of the men, warning them that a future appearance in Court on the same charge would mean the inflicting of a fine twice as heavy. A fifth man, who had previously been charged and fined for the same offence was mulcted in the sum of \$10, whilst a youth was ordered six strokes.

NOT TO HANG.

SENTENCE ON INDIAN COMMUTED.

His Excellency the Governor has exercised the clemency of the Crown with regard to Suddagar Singh, the Indian watchman who was found guilty of the murder of Jeta Singh, another watchman, at the Criminal Sessions recently and was sentenced to death.

The sentence has been commuted to one of imprisonment for life.

In returning a verdict of guilty the jury, it will be recalled, recommended "the prisoner to mercy."

DAY BY DAY.

The s.s. Lee On was docked at Kowloon this morning for overhaul and survey.

The receipts for the Diocesan Boys' School concert amounted to \$402.50, which amount, less expenses, is being paid into the New School Equipment Fund.

A stevedore on board the s.s. Maunsang, named Ah Tung, was removed to the Government Civil Hospital yesterday as a result of injuries sustained through falling into the No. 1 hold of the steamer.

Captain T. T. Laurensen, of the China Coast Officers Guild, attended the funeral of the late Captain F. W. Jones at Happy Valley last evening. The Guild also sent a wreath.

A Chinese coolie was removed to the Kowloon Hospital in a serious condition on Sunday, following an accident at the Green Island Cement Company's works in Kungshom. According to a report made by Mr. J. J. Cameron, an engineer at the works, the coolie's right arm was crushed between two wheels.

This morning's Harbour Office reports gave 14 arrivals and only eight departures, with British best under both headings, leaving 64 vessels in harbour, of which 20 were British. Cargo figures were low generally, although there was a heavy American entry of kerosene. There were only six through freights, two of these being of four figures. Two vessels entered in ballast.

Fines of \$750 and \$1,000 respectively were imposed by Mr. R. E. Lindsell, this morning, on two Chinese who were charged with being in possession of 12 and 15 tins of prepared opium. The Magistrate was told by Chief Preventive Officer Clarke that in each case, the man had the opium concealed in his socks. The alternatives for the fines were four and five months' hard labour.

Pleading guilty to a charge of stealing one dollar from another man, a Chinese who had eight previous convictions against him, was sentenced by Mr. R. E. Lindsell to twelve months' hard labour this morning. The man's record showed that the "larceny" took place while defendant was still under police surveillance. His Worship, in passing sentence, said the defendant appeared to be incorrigible.

TRAFFIC CASES IN COURT.

(Continued from Page 7.)

Traffic Inspector Baker said it was a flagrant case, as the defendant was speeding and passing everything in front of him on the left hand side all the way from the Dockyard to the Central Garage.

A fine of \$20 was imposed.

Adjourned Case.

Captain G. Holm was summoned for being on the wrong side of the road when driving a car and for failing to report a collision which another car in which was Mrs. Ho, the wife of Dr. S. C. Ho. The accident was stated to have occurred in Queen's Road Central, the pointsman stationed at the Lee House Street junction appearing as a witness.

The case was adjourned sine die.

NIGHT CHASE OF SMUGGLERS.

MYSTERY MOTOR-BOAT FIRED ON.

HARBOUR VOLLEYS.

Marseilles, Apr. 9. A fast motor-boat carrying 600lb of opium was captured last night after a dramatic chase by a special police boat in Marseilles Harbour.

Marseilles is the largest centre in Europe for smuggled opium. Recently *The Daily Chronicle* published M. Albert Londres's remarkable revelations concerning the Marseilles opium traffic, which is entirely in the hands of a mysterious Chinaman known as Le Pere.

So far the police had failed in their constant efforts to trap the Chinese "druggist" and his agents; but it is believed that last night's coup will tend to important developments in the war against drug smugglers.

Nightly Journey.

For several weeks detectives have been watching a mysterious motor-boat which occasionally made night trips to various parts of the harbour.

They decided to follow her, and the fast police boat Argus was kept in readiness.

Last night the mysterious motor-boat was seen leaving the Joliette Dock, and, after stopping for a few minutes near a steamer, continued its course. Detectives who had been watching from the Argus took the same direction.

Notice that they were being followed, the men on the motor-boat increased speed and an exciting race between the two craft followed.

At one moment the two boats were but 50 yards from each other. The police fired revolver shots, ordering the fugitives to stop. But the latter, instead of obeying, fired back at the police. Volleys continued to be exchanged, but the fugitives were able to gain speed.

At last they ran their boat ashore at a deserted point in one of the old docks, and escaped in the darkness before the police boat reached the spot.

A Big Haul.

In the abandoned motor-boat the police found several parcels containing opium, large quantities of cigars, clove matches, and silk. All the goods, as well as the boat, which bears the name of Wilson, were seized by the police.

The owner of the Wilson was questioned by detectives. He said his boat had been hired from him some time ago by a visitor, who used her during the day as a pleasure boat to make excursions; he was not aware that his boat was being used at night for smuggling.

The police are now said to be on the track of last night's smugglers, and several arrests are expected.

NO TYPHOON THREAT.

The Royal Observatory report to-day states: The anticyclone has moved eastward further into the Pacific. The typhoon is about 300 miles East of Manila moving N.N.W. and is not at present threatening Hongkong. The forecast till noon to-morrow is: North East or variable winds, light; fine.

DEPENDABLE ALWAYS!

CAPSTAN

The COOL ENJOYABLE SMOKE

SOLD EVERYWHERE

SHIPBUILDERS.

SHIP REPAIRERS.

BOILER MAKERS.

FORGE MASTERS.

OXY-ACETYLENE AND

ELECTRIC WELDERS.

MECHANICAL AND

ELECTRICAL

ENGINEERS.

TEL. ADDRESS: "TAIKOO DOCK" ROBERTSON.

TELEPHONE NO. 322.

CALL PLANT: "G" OVER "AMB. PERRIN."

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY

OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.

—DRY DOCK—

LENGTH 787 FEET.

LENGTH ON BLOCKS 780 FEET

DEPTH ON CENTRE OF

SILL (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 FT. 6 INS.

—THREE SLIPWAYS—

CAPABLE OF HANDLING SHIPS UP TO 3000 TONS DISPLACEMENT.

ELECTRIC CRANE AT SEA WALL CAPABLE OF LIFTING 100 TONS AT 70 FEET RADIUS.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents
HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST MODELS?

"KELVINATOR"

Automatic Electric Refrigerators are now being exhibited and Demonstrated at

THE HONGKONG & CHINA GAS CO'S SHOWROOM

16, Des Voeux Road Central
And at the Offices of

REISS, MASSEY & CO., LTD.

Exchange Building.

Telephone C.673.

MRS. SEKAI

MASSAGE

5, Wyndham Street, 1st floor
Hongkong.

MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse
67, Queen's Road, C. 2nd floor.

MRS. MOTONO

HAND & ELECTRIC
MASSAGENo. 31B, Top Floor, Wyndham St
Hongkong.CHRISTIANITY AND
THE WORKMAN.CATHOLIC ACTIVITIES IN
CHINA.

On Sunday evening, before a large attendance of members of the Chinese Catholic Young Men's Society, Caine Road, Mr. W. G. Fitz-Gibbon, B.A., delivered a most instructive and interesting address on the long struggle of the Christian Church for the improvement of the condition of the labourer.

Among those present was His Lordship Bishop Valbert.

Mr. Fitz-Gibbon, who was introduced by the President of the Society, Mr. Edward Tai Chak-wan, dealt at length with historical aspects of the question, and concluded:

Catholic Labour Movement.

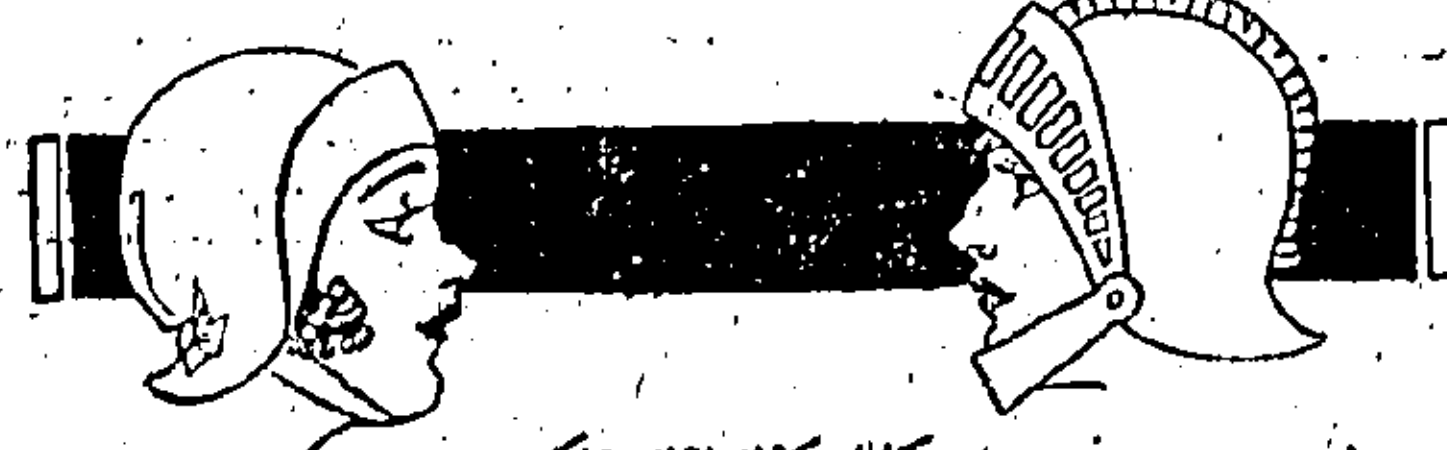
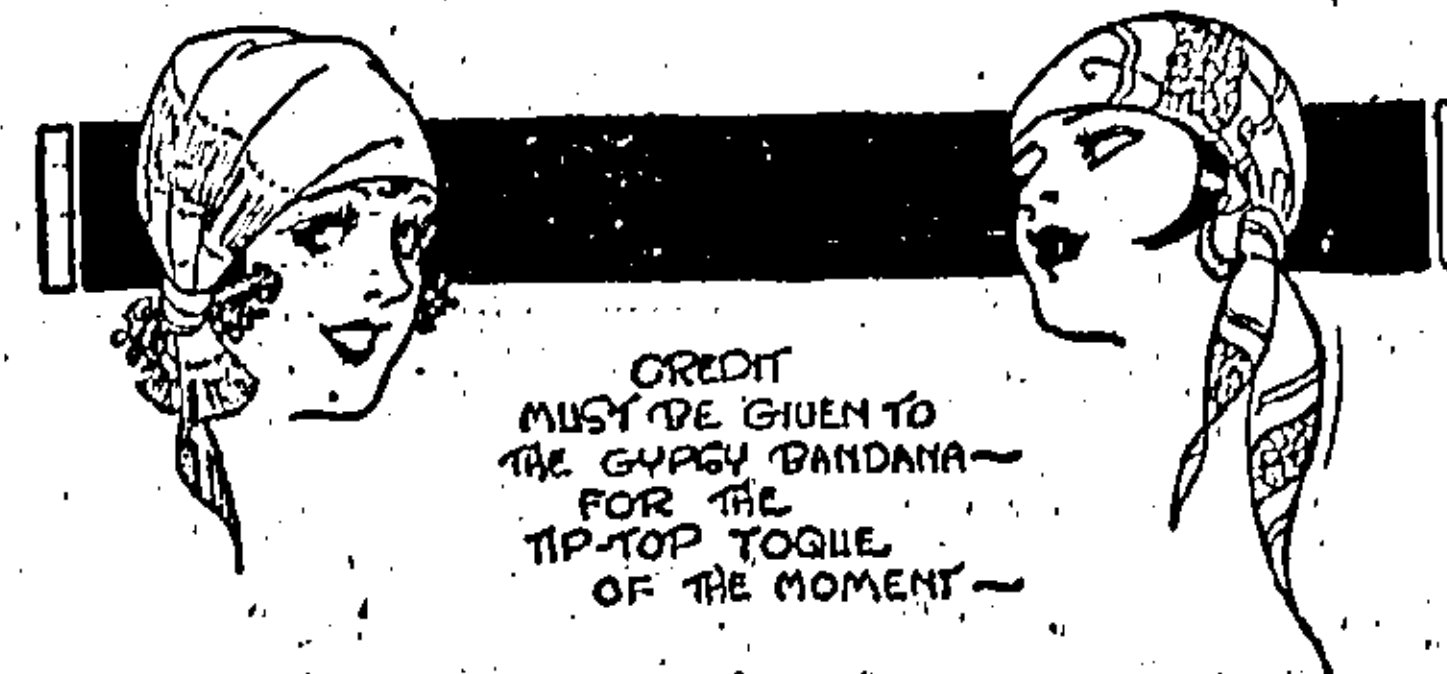
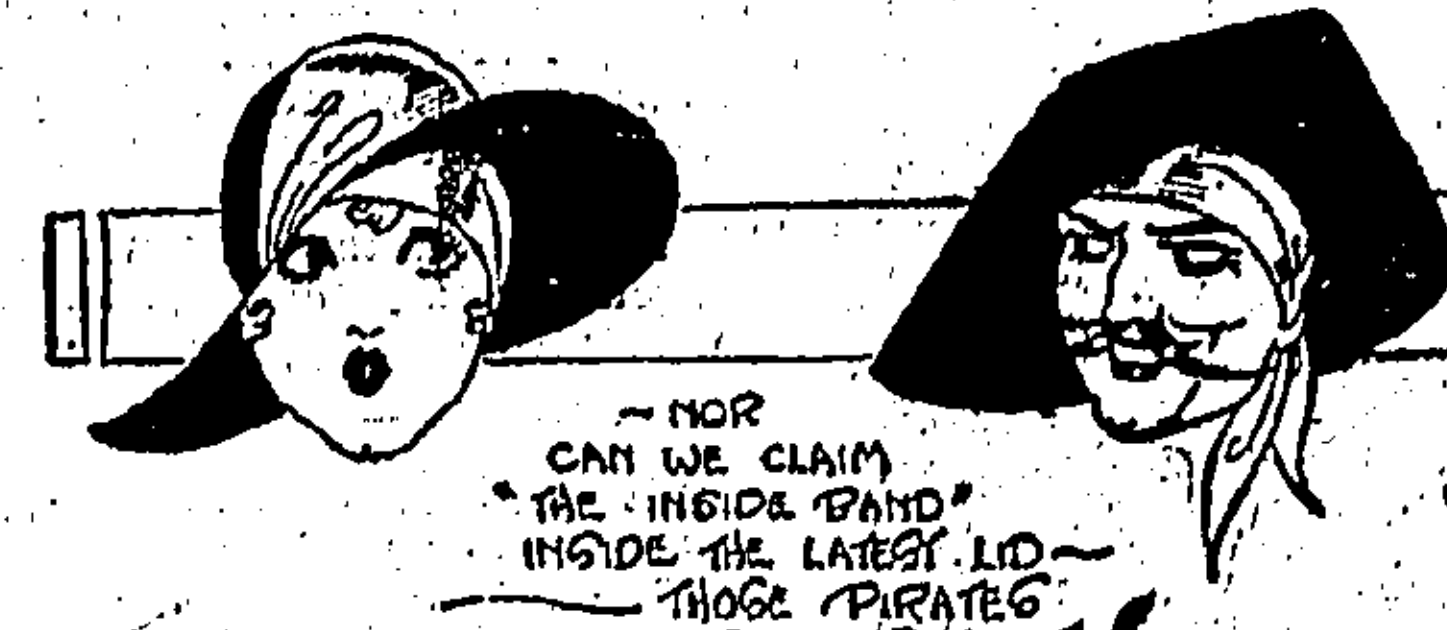
In the midst of all the perplexity and the seemingly impotent efforts to arrive at a solution, what has the Catholic Church done to improve the lot of the workman? As she is Catholic, and flourishes under every form of government, so she accepts the existing industrial arrangements in all countries, condemning where they diverge from the principles of justice and extending her sympathy and active influence to mitigate the hardships of any system. You have all probably read at one time or another the celebrated encyclical, *Quadragesimo Anno*, on the condition of the working classes, which was issued in 1931 by Pope Leo XIII, an encyclical devoted entirely to the labour question. The contents of this encyclical are well known, and have commanded the attention and respect of the world. The Holy Father defined therein the duties and responsibilities of employers and workmen, and his thorough grasp of the difficulties of the situation and his sympathy for the labourers were evident throughout. "But all agreed," he wrote, "and there can be no question whatever, that some remedy must be found, and quickly found for the misery and wretchedness which press so heavily at this moment on the large majority of the very poor. The ancient workmen's guilds were destroyed in the last century, and no other organization took their place. Public institutions and the laws have repudiated the ancient religion. Hence by degrees it has come to pass that working men have been given over, isolated and defenceless, to the callousness of employers and the greed of unrestrained competition. This evil has been increased by rapacious usury, which, although more than once condemned by the Church, has nevertheless, under a different form but with the same guilt, still practised by avaricious and grasping men. And to this must be added the custom of working by contract, and the concentration of so many branches of trade in the hands of a few individuals, so that a small number of very rich men have been able to lay upon the masses of the very poor a yoke little better than slavery itself."

These words were addressed to the whole Church and to the whole world, and their influence has since been evident throughout Europe. The result has been to create, or foster, a general Catholic labour movement in every country, with the object of taking effective means to relieve the oppression of the modern commercial system, to improve the social position of the working classes, to unite them for their common good, and to prepare them by education for the struggle for their rights. In Germany, Switzerland, Italy, France, Belgium, England and the United States the Catholic labour movement is to-day well organized, and its development during recent years has been remarkable. In England the Catholic Young Men's Society and the Catholic Social Guild have done and are doing splendid work, and a Catholic Workmen's College has been founded at Oxford to train young Catholic workmen to take their places as leaders in the labour movement.

Its Work in China.

In China, where there is a Catholic population of over two and a quarter millions, little or nothing appears to have been done towards the formation of a purely Catholic labour organization. With a Chinese membership about three times that of all the other Christian bodies in China together, the Catholic Church would appear to be in a particularly advantageous position to exercise a powerful influence on the Chinese labour movement, guiding it on the path of prudence and discretion and counselling against violence and the destructive doctrines of Russian and other agitators. The natural centres for the Chinese labour movement are Shanghai and Canton: in the former city, with its huge Catholic population, there are many thousands of Catholic workmen. Some have probably received a good English education. Is it too much to hope for that we may yet see some of these men sent abroad under the auspices of a Catholic Social Guild at Oxford and similar institutions in other countries? Thus we see that as in the beginning the Catholic Church was the refuge of the oppressed and the protector of labour, as she fought slavery with determination but with prudence, counselling against any attempt at violent change, so with the same purpose and the same counsel of prudence she has to-day set herself to combat the present evils, while guarding against the destruction of the complex and delicate machinery of commerce. We know that she has the power to control the chief causes of all labour troubles—the greed of the capitalists and the excited passions of the workmen—because by her religious organizations, embracing both masters and men, she can use that wonderful influence which God has entrusted to her over the human heart. The master knows that she is bound to the principles of justice, while, from the records of the past, she has a powerful claim on the confidence of the workman. When he was a slave she took him to her bosom and nursed him into full free manhood; when he was a serf she, in the person of her monks, worked beside him in the fields, wore the rough clothes that he wore, cheered him in his toil, cared for him and fed him.

NOTHING IS NEW!

NOT EVEN
THE EASTER BONNETNO MATTER HOW
MODERN
A TURBAN MAY BE—
WE GOT IT FROM
THE TURKTHE HELMET HAT—
TWO VERY "NEW"—PROVES
WE KNOW OUR
HISTORYCREDIT
MUST BE GIVEN TO
THE GUCKY PANDANA—
FOR THE
TIP-TOE TOGGLE
OF THE MOMENT—NOR
CAN WE CLAIM
"THE INSIDE BAND"
INSIDE THE LATEST LID—
THOSE PIRATES
BEAT US TO IT!

Call 01622, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

THE PERIL OF NEGLECTED CUTS & SORES

KEEP OUT THE POISON GERMS!

ANY trivial cut, scratch or sore place that is exposed to dirt and disease germs may be the cause of a serious outbreak of ulcers or poisoned sores.

To stop skin infection, blood-poison and all risk of a wound going wrong, adopt safety-first measures, and apply Zam-Buk. In addition to its great pain-soothing power, Zam-Buk is a most valuable antiseptic.

Zam-Buk is purely herbal and contains no animal fat. Penetrating deep into the tissues, Zam-Buk expels poisonous impurities and kills all bad germs. Its unique skin growing property does the rest and attracts of any cut or sore is speedily removed by a growth of new healthy skin. Everybody needs this wonderful Zam-Buk.

Also splendid for Eczema, Itch, Ringworm, Head Lash, Scald Sores, Piles, etc. 12, 1268

Zam-Buk

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

**MACHINE MADE WIRE-CUT
BUILDING BRICKS.**

Stock on hand

For particulars apply to:—

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

General Managers

St. George's Building

JUST ARRIVED

FINEST SELECTION
OF BEST

TENNIS RACKETS

SLAZENGER'S

"Primoris"

"Anderson"

"Egm"

"Meteor"

SPALDING'S

"Gold Medal"

"Balmoral"

"Vantage"

"Claremont"

CALIFORNIA

"Challenge Cup."

Model "A."

Model "B."

"Berkeley."

"Bear."

1928

**SLAZENGER'S & SPALDING'S
TENNIS BALLS.**

THE SINCERE Co., Ltd.

when he was sick and needy, and ultimately won for him his freedom: when he was a craftsman she taught him how to combine for a common purpose in guilds which took the constitution of the religious guilds for a model and of which religion was

always so strikingly a part. Through his centuries of struggle she has been his friend and his champion, and to-day the wonderful world-wide activity of her labour organizations shows that the fight for his welfare is still for her a labour of love.

NEW AMERICAN SERIAL

GIRL ALONE

By ANNE AUSTIN.
Author of "Saint and Sinner."

CHAPTER XXX.

Pop Bybee looked down upon Sally's agonized face with troubled indecision in his bright blue eyes. He tried to lift her to her feet, but her arms were locked about his knees. The midge had scrambled from Sally's shoulder to the floor of the car and as Bybee hesitated, her tiny fists beat upon his right leg for attention.

"You're not going to break your promise to Sally, are you, Mr. Bybee? The tiny voice piped shrilly. "You told her and the boy you'd protect them. She's told you the truth. Don't you know truth when you hear it? I always knew Nita was a crook. She never saw a policeman or a constable or a sheriff without turning white as a ghost. She joined up with the carnival just to learn the lay of the land and tip off her accomplices—this Steve person—where to find the money. That's why she was crying on Mrs. Bybee that day in Stanton. Listen to me!"

"I'm listening, Miss Tanner," Pop Bybee acknowledged wearily. "And I swear I don't know what to say or do. If they get clear away with that money the show'll be stranded. Every cent I had in the world was in that safe. Reckon I was a fool to carry it with me, but I never trusted a bank, and it was more convenient, having it right with me. Tomorrow's payday, too, and all of you are in the same boat with me."

"Listen, boss, let's take a vote on it," Gus, the crier, spoke up suddenly and loudly. "Now me—I believe the kid here is telling the truth. No college boy could crack a safe like that. It was a professional job, or I'm a liar! Of course Nita may have taken the boy off with her and this Steve, since she was so crazy about him, but we ain't got no proof she did, and as Sally says, if you set the cops on the boy, the jig will be up with her as well as the boy. Another thing, Dave may be lying in the bushes somewhere with a bullet."

"Oh!" Sally screamed, as the full significance of Gus' words burst upon her. She fainted then, her little body slumping into a heap at Bybee's feet, her head striking one of his big shoes and resting there.

When she regained consciousness she was lying in the lower berth which had belonged to Nita, and the midge was kneeling on the pillow beside her head, dabbing her face with a handkerchief soaked in aromatic spirits of ammonia. Mazie and Sue, two of the dancers in the "girlie" show, sat on the edge of the berth, their colorless faces almost beautiful with anxiety and sympathy.

"What's the matter? Is it time to get up?" Sally asked dazedly. "What are you doing, Betty?"

The midge answered in her tiny, brisk voice: "I'm bathing 'you' face with ammonia which Mrs. Bybee sent. It should be cologne, and this ammonia will probably dry your skin something dreadful, but it was the only thing we could get. You fainted, you know."

"Oh, I remember!" Sally moaned, her head beginning to turn from side to side on the pillow. "Have they found David? I know he's been hurt!"

"They're looking for him," the midge assured her briskly. "Mr. Bybee took a vote on whether he was to notify the police about David's being gone, as well as Nita, and the vote was 'No.' That ought to make you feel happier!"

"Oh, it does!" Sally began to cry softly. "You have all been so kind, so kind! You said Mrs. Bybee sent the ammonia?" she asked wistfully.

"She certainly did, and she's in the kitchen of the privilege car right now, making you some hot tea. She won't say she's sorry, probably, but she'll try to make it up to you. She's like that—always flying off the handle and suspicious of everybody, but she's got a heart as big as Babe, the fat girl."

"And so have you!" Sally told her brokenly, taking both of the tiny hands into one of hers and laying them softly against her lips. "Ain't love grand?" Mazie sighed deeply.

"If it had been my sweetie, I'd a-fell for that line of me Bybee about him running off with Nita, but you sure stuck by him! I was in love like that once, when I was a kid. I married him, too, and he ran off with the albino

girl and took my money bag with him. Every damn cent I had! But it was sweet before we was married and he was nuts about me."

"Aw, let the kid alone!" Sue slipped from the edge of the berth and yawned widely. "Heavens I'm sleepy! If the cops don't catch that Hula hula I'm going out looking for her myself, and when I get through with her she'll never shake another grass skirt! Come on Mazie. It's three o'clock in the morning, and we've got 18 shows ahead of us today."

"Maybe!" Mazie yawned. "If Pop wasn't kidding us, we'll be stranded in this town. Good night, Sally. Good night, Midge. And say, Sally, even if this Dave boy has left you, you won't have no trouble getting another huddle. Gus was telling us about that New York rube that's trailing you. Hook up with him and you'll wear diamonds. Believe me, kid, they ain't none of 'em worth losing sleep over when you've got 18 shows a day ahead of you. Good night!"

When they had gone the midge pulled the green curtains together with comical fierceness, then crawled under the top of the sheet that covered Sally.

"I'm going to sleep here with you, Sally," she said. "I don't take up much room."

And the woman who was old enough to be Sally's mother curled her 25-inch body in the curve of Sally's right arm and laid her tiny cheek, as soft and wrinkled as a worn kid glove, in the hollow of Sally's firm young neck.

But long after the midge was asleep, Sally lay wide-eyed and tense in the dark, her mind a welter of fears and love and doubt. She had pleaded passionately with Pop Bybee for David, fiercely pushing to the dark depths of her mind even the memory of the jealousy which Nita had fendishly aroused in her heart. But now that she had saved him temporarily by convincing Bybee that the boy could not have taken part in the robbery, doubt began to insinuate its ugly body upward from those dark depths where she had buried it.

Did he really love her—a pathetic, immature girl from an orphanage, a girl who had been nothing but a responsibility and a source of dire trouble to him since he had first met and championed her on the Carson farm?

Her old feeling of inferiority rose like nausea in her throat. Life in an orphanage is not calculated to give a girl faith in her own beauty and charm. No one, until David's teasing, fond eyes had rested upon her, had thought her beautiful.

Had he been only sorry for her, glad of an opportunity to "clear," to get out of the state where he was wanted on two serious charges? Was he dismayed, too, by the fact that moonlight had tricked him into telling her that he loved her, thus adding the responsibility of her future to the burden of protecting her in this hectic present?

Then a sweeter, surer memory clamoured for attention. She heard again his fond, husky voice caressing her, his "Dear little Sally!" And involuntarily her mouth pursed in memory of his kiss, that kiss that had left her giddy with delight.

How unfaithfully kind and sweet he had been since that first day, when he had strode into her life, with the sun on his chestnut hair and the glow of the sun in his eyes. He had not failed her once, but she was failing him now, by doubting him, by picturing him as a fugitive in the dark, fleeing with a pair of criminals who had robbed the man whose kindness had protected him from the law.

Why, she must be crazy to think for a moment that David could do a thing like that! No one in the world was as good and kind and honourable as David.

But where was he? Mrs. Bybee had left him to guard the train. Not for a moment could she believe that he had failed in his trust. Painfully, Sally tried to visualize the dreadful thing that had happened. David alone, patrolling the train, his eyes sharp for intruders. Then—the sudden appearance of Nita and the man, Steve, weighted down with the contents of

the safe they had robbed. For Sally knew that the robbery must have taken place before David caught his first glimpse of the crooks. Otherwise the safe would be intact now, even if David's dead body had been found as silent witness that he had fulfilled his trust.

Her mind shuddered away from that imagined picture, went back to the painful reconstruction of what must have taken place. David had seen them, had given chase. Of course! Otherwise he would be here now. Was he still pursuing them, or was he lying somewhere near the road, wounded, his splendid young body ignominiously flung into a cornfield?

She could bear no more, could no longer lie safe in her berth while David needed her somewhere. Very carefully, for all her haste, she lifted the tiny body that nestled against her side and laid it tenderly upon the pillow, which was big enough to serve as a mattress for the midge. Then, sobbing soundlessly, she groped for her shoes in the little green hamper swung across the windows; found them, put them on, slipped to the edge of her berth. She was profoundly thankful that the girls had not undressed her after she had fainted.

When she reached the car in which Mr. and Mrs. Bybee occupied a stateroom she saw the showman and his wife through the open door, talking to two strangers whom she guessed to be plainclothes policemen from police headquarters of Capital City. The two men were evidently about to leave, nodding impatiently that they understood, when Sally appeared, like a frightened, pale little ghost in green-and-white-striped gingham.

She forgot that she was without make-up, that the police were looking for her as well as for the criminals who had robbed the safe. But Pop Bybee had not forgotten. Still talking with the plainclothes detectives, he motioned to her violently behind his back. She turned and forced herself to walk slowly and sedately toward the other end of the car as the detectives made their farewells and their brusque promises of "quick action."

When the men had left the car Bybee's voice summoned her in a husky stage whisper, calling her "Lalla," so that the detectives, if they were listening, should not identify her with the girl who had run away from the orphanage in the company of a man wanted on a charge of assault with the intent to kill.

"Are you crazy?" Bybee demanded hoarsely when she had come running to the stateroom. "Them was dicks! Policemen, understand? They might have nabbed you. What are you doing up? Get back to bed and try to sleep."

"Have you found David?" she quavered, brushing aside his anxiety for her.

"Not a sign of him," Bybee shook his head. "But I didn't spill the beans to the dicks. I'd given you my word, and Winfield Bybee's word is as good as his bond."

"I'm going to look for David," she announced simply, but her blazing eyes dared him to try to prevent her. "He's hurt somewhere—or killed. I'm going to find him."

And before the astonished man or his wife could stretch out a hand to detain her she was gone. When she dropped from the platform of the car she heard the retreating roar of the police car. Instinct turned her in the opposite direction, away from the city, down the railroad tracks leading into the open country.

She did not know and would not have cared that Mr. and Mrs. Bybee were following her, Mrs. Bybee muttering disgustedly but refusing to let Sally search alone for the boy in whom she had such implicit faith.

Dawn was breaking, pale and wan, in a sky that was shamelessly cloudless and serene after the violence of last night's storm, when, over a slight hill, a man's figure loomed suddenly, then seemed to drag with unbearable weariness as it plodded toward the snow train. "David!" Sally shrieked. "David!"

She began to run, her ankles turning against clogs of cinders, but her arms outstretched, a glory greater than that of the dawn in her face.

OUR DAILY TALK ON HEALTH.

GENIUS MAY ALSO BE ECCENTRIC.

Records of unusual children, particularly those of the genius type, reveal actions which are hardly those of the normal child. It has become common knowledge that brilliant children are likely to be eccentric.

The skeptical person who asks what happens to all these brilliant children when they grow up is likely to be informed that most of them are never heard of again, because their emotional handicaps are so great that they are unable to make proper social adjustments.

The psychologist of the Bureau of Children's Guidance of New York City found that 15 per cent of children referred to that bureau since its establishment were super-normal children who manifested undesirable behaviour.

Their social unadjustment was so obvious that they failed to progress in school, 20 per cent of them being over-age for their grades. Sometimes a gifted child has been lowered in its grade four times because it did not adjust itself to the routine work.

Adapting Behaviour. The supernormal child is placed in competition with older children who are emotionally more mature than he, and he finds himself unable to adapt himself to their type of behaviour. He thereupon slumps in his work and is demoted.

In some schools special arrangements are made for children with exceptional ability, and promotion in the routine work of the grades is adjusted to the physical and emotional development of the child.

The brilliant boy who at 9 or 10 years of age has reached the high school is hardly adapted to contact with girls at a high school dance, or to play on the high school football team. Nevertheless, he is brought into contact with activities of this type to which he is utterly unsuited.

The brilliant child also is likely to be excessively coddled both at home and in school; in other words, to become a pet. He therefore resents attention to others, and responds to crossing of his will by tantrums, disobedience, and impertinence. Punishment merely tends to accentuate the difficulty of the response.

Recourse to Reading. The child who spends practically all of his time in reading may be exceptionally brilliant and may read because of some physical inferiority that he feels excessive, or to protect himself from inability to play with other children.

A child who learns rapidly and spends only a half-hour in study of material that may require two hours for some other child, soon

of the Callan Park institution sat as a juror in the recent trial of Robert N. Urquhart, who was charged with having murdered his wife at Pyrmont. Urquhart was acquitted of the charge by the jury. It is further alleged that when the alleged lunatic returned to the asylum he stated that he would not convict any man for killing his wife.

feelings of respect and cordiality towards the Chinese with whom we came in contact, and happy recollections of the many years we were associated with them, both in business and in other activities.

Mutual Courtesy. Notwithstanding the great difference in social customs, we were never bored in their society, as suggested by "J. D." and on our part, and on the part of the great bulk of Englishmen in China, we treated the Chinese with the same courtesy as our own people.

"J. D." has a hit at Englishmen who are sent to the outposts and up country by their firms. He says they get on each other's nerves, and as he puts it, get fed up to the teeth with the whole place, and wish to God they had never come out. This is one of "J. D.'s" most ridiculous statements. It is well known that the happiest communities in China are in the smaller coastal ports. Of course, in every community one will find the disgruntled person who is unable to fit in with his own countrymen.

"Cruel Detraction." "J. D." in our opinion, has drawn quite a wrong picture of the life of the Englishman in China. It is a cruel detraction of a community which has to bear a very heavy burden during the past few years through no fault of its own. The unexampled patience and fortitude with which they have faced their troubles, both personal and commercial, is proof enough that the Englishman in China worthily upholds the good traditions of his country, and we feel sure that the Chinese, with their wonderful psychology, have a great respect and regard for the British merchant in China.

BRITISH ATTITUDE TO CHINESE.

(Continued from Page 7.)

feelings of respect and cordiality towards the Chinese with whom we came in contact, and happy recollections of the many years we were associated with them, both in business and in other activities.

Mutual Courtesy.

Notwithstanding the great difference in social customs, we were never bored in their society, as suggested by "J. D." and on our part, and on the part of the great bulk of Englishmen in China, we treated the Chinese with the same courtesy as our own people.

"J. D." has a hit at Englishmen who are sent to the outposts and up country by their firms. He says they get on each other's nerves, and as he puts it, get fed up to the teeth with the whole place, and wish to God they had never come out. This is one of "J. D.'s" most ridiculous statements. It is well known that the happiest communities in China are in the smaller coastal ports. Of course, in every community one will find the disgruntled person who is unable to fit in with his own countrymen.

"Cruel Detraction."

"J. D." in our opinion, has drawn quite a wrong picture of the life of the Englishman in China. It is a cruel detraction of a community which has to bear a very heavy burden during the past few years through no fault of its own. The unexampled patience and fortitude with which they have faced their troubles, both personal and commercial, is proof enough that the Englishman in China worthily upholds the good traditions of his country, and we feel sure that the Chinese, with their wonderful psychology, have a great respect and regard for the British merchant in China.

OUR DAILY TALK ON HEALTH.

GENIUS MAY ALSO BE ECCENTRIC.

Records of unusual children, particularly those of the genius type, reveal actions which are hardly those of the normal child. It has become common knowledge that brilliant children are likely to be eccentric.

The skeptical person who asks what happens to all these brilliant children when they grow up is likely to be informed that most of them are never heard of again, because their emotional handicaps are so great that they are unable to make proper social adjustments.

The psychologist of the Bureau of Children's Guidance of New York City found that 15 per cent of children referred to that bureau since its establishment were super-normal children who manifested undesirable behaviour.

Their social unadjustment was so obvious that they failed to progress in school, 20 per cent of them being over-age for their grades. Sometimes a gifted child has been lowered in its grade four times because it did not adjust itself to the routine work.

Adapting Behaviour. The supernormal child is placed in competition with older children who are emotionally more mature than he, and he finds himself unable to adapt himself to their type of behaviour. He thereupon slumps in his work and is demoted.

In some schools special arrangements are made for children with exceptional ability, and promotion in the routine work of the grades is adjusted to the physical and emotional development of the child.

The brilliant boy who at 9 or 10 years of age has reached the high school is hardly adapted to contact with girls at a high school dance, or to play on the high school football team. Nevertheless, he is brought into contact with activities of this type to which he is utterly unsuited.

The brilliant child also is likely to be excessively coddled both at home and in school; in other words, to become a pet. He therefore resents attention to others, and responds to crossing of his will by tantrums, disobedience, and impertinence. Punishment merely tends to accentuate the difficulty of the response.

Recourse to Reading. The child who spends practically all of his time in reading may be exceptionally brilliant and may read because of some physical inferiority that he feels excessive, or to protect himself from inability to play with other children.

A child who learns rapidly and spends only a half-hour in study of material that may require two hours for some other child, soon

of the Callan Park institution sat as a juror in the recent trial of Robert N. Urquhart, who was charged with having murdered his wife at Pyrmont. Urquhart was acquitted of the charge by the jury. It is further alleged that when the alleged lunatic returned to the asylum he stated that he would not convict any man for killing his wife.

feelings of respect and cordiality towards the Chinese with whom we came in contact, and happy recollections of the many years we were associated with them, both in business and in other activities.

Mutual Courtesy. Notwithstanding the great difference in social customs, we were never bored in their society, as suggested by "J. D." and on our part, and on the part of the great bulk of Englishmen in China, we treated the Chinese with the same courtesy as our own people.

"J. D." has a hit at Englishmen who are sent to the outposts and up country by their firms. He says they get on each other's nerves, and as he puts it, get fed up to the teeth with the whole place, and wish to God they had never come out. This is one of "J. D.'s" most ridiculous statements. It is well known that the happiest communities in China are in the smaller coastal ports. Of course, in every community one will find the disgruntled person who is unable to fit in with his own countrymen.

"Cruel Detraction." "J. D." in our opinion, has drawn quite a wrong picture of the life of the Englishman in China. It is a cruel detraction of a community which has to bear a very heavy burden during the past few years through no fault of its own. The unexampled patience and fortitude with which they have faced their troubles, both personal and commercial, is proof enough that the Englishman in China worthily upholds the good traditions of his country, and we feel sure that the Chinese, with their wonderful psychology, have a great respect and regard for the British merchant in China.

DUTCH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

ANOTHER SUCCESS IS RECORDED.

The 18th Dutch Industries Fair, held at Utrecht from February 21st till March 1st, was a complete success. The number of participants had increased to 1039 (978 at the Spring Fair 1927), owing to which this Fair takes the third place in the list of the last 18 Dutch Industries Fairs, as to the numerical strength of the participating firms. Only the 3rd Fair, held in 1919 and the 5th, in 1921 (the first International one) had a greater number of participants. The number of visitors of the 18th Fair may, based on the admission tickets issued, be roughly estimated at about 100,000, among which number were a great many foreigners, as appears from the many orders placed at the fair from abroad.

The fair started with a brisk trade on the first day, which favourable tone was maintained and increased during the subsequent days. Especially in the sections for furniture and home furnishing, building materials, and ceramic industry, foodstuffs and luxuries, good business was done. The building materials and roadmaking sections were very extensive this time and represented by most of the leading firms. The special pavilion of the "Vereniging: Nederlandsch Wegcongres," where various specimens of modern road-covering constructions were exhibited, created much interest.

The Electro-Technical section occupied a space three times as large as that at the previous spring fair. The Electro-Technical Congress held in the Industries Fair Buildings at the same time with the fair, proved a great success and promoted visits of electro-technicians to a very large extent. Special attraction was given to the Textile section this time by the exhibits of the "Vereniging: Nederlandsch Samenwerkend Textiel" at Crefeld, the beautiful exhibits of which, accommodated in their own pavilion, drew universal attention.

Some 34 Austrian firms were present at the fair for the second time in a separate Austrian group. The results gained by them were quite satisfactory.

Distributed over the various nationalities the participants were as follows:—Holland, 803; Germany, 123; France, 85; America, 24; England, 28; Belgium, 22; Austria, 34; Scotland, 4; Czechoslovakia, 2; Sweden, 1; Italy, 3; Switzerland, 8; Norway, 1; Roumania, 1.

During the fair, the Board announced its plans for the extension of the existing Industries Fair Building. This extension will consist of a subsidiary structure over 5 floors, covering an area of about 1675 square metres, and a temporary hall of one floor, covering an area of about 1,200 metres. Building will be commenced on June 1st, 1928, and it is expected that the new wing of the Industries Fair Building will be ready for the Spring Fair of 1930. Both on the ground floor and on the other floors the exhibition space will be connected with those of the existing building.

State and Municipality have readily promised financial assistance for the new building scheme; 3/5th of the money to be contributed by industry and trade, being already subscribed during the last Fair.

The 19th Fair will be held at Utrecht from September 4th-13th. A special group, only participating in the Autumn Fair, will be the group "Utensils and Machinery for Dairy Industry."

During the Spring Fair a large portion of the showrooms was reserved by participants for the Autumn Fair.

The Chinese who was alleged to have attempted to obtain employment in the Water Police by pretending that he had been formerly in the service of the late Mr. W. Gerrard, was convicted by Mr. W. Schofield this morning and sentenced to six weeks' hard labour, with the option of a fine of \$50. The late Mr. Gerrard's gardener who was called denied all knowledge of the defendant, saying that he had never seen him before.

Hongkong estate to the value of \$19,200 was left by Li Sze, alias Li Hung-po, alias Fook Shing-tong, shop manager, who died at 81 Des Voeux Road West, first floor, on August 23, last year. Letters of administration have been granted to Li Ho-shi, widow, residing at 87 Des Voeux Road West, first floor.

The brilliant child also is likely to be excessively coddled both at home and in school; in other words, to become a pet. He therefore resents attention to others, and responds to crossing of his will by tantrums, disobedience, and impertinence. Punishment merely tends to accentuate the difficulty of the response.

Recourse to Reading. The child who spends practically all of his time in reading may be exceptionally brilliant and may read because of some physical inferiority that he feels excessive, or to protect himself from inability to play with other children.

A child who learns rapidly and spends only a half-hour in study of material that may require two hours for some other child, soon

of the Callan Park institution sat as a juror in the recent trial of Robert N. Urquhart, who was charged with having murdered his wife at Pyrmont. Urquhart was acquitted of the charge by the jury. It is further alleged that when the alleged lunatic returned to the asylum he stated that he would not convict any man for killing his wife.

feels to bluff in class and to study even less than he should to keep at the top of the work. The extra time is not properly accounted for and may be spent in truancy or in undesirable activities.

The parents whose offspring is a genius are perhaps to be congratulated on his intellectual achievements, but they have before them problem of behaviour and control demanding special study and insight, and for which unfortunately but few parents are especially suited.

The NO SCRATCH RECORDS You're Looking for!

Columbia
New Process
RECORDS

CHARMAINE

4049 — ORGAN SOLO
4559 — DANCE ORCHESTRA
4533 — LAYTON AND JOHNSTONE

THE ANDERSON MUSIC Co., Ltd.

The World Famed
MANILA CIGARSYours Truly
Tobacco Store

22, Des Voeux Road.

Tel. C. 856.

E. HING & CO.

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHANDLERS
HARDWARE MERCHANTS.PHONE:—CENTRAL No. 1116 { Wing Woo street
TEL Central 25

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hongkong—Daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays and 10.30 p.m. only).
Sailings from Canton—Daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays and 4.30 p.m. only).

MACAO LINE.

FROM HONGKONG: 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. (Weekdays only).
FROM MACAO: 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. (Weekdays only).

Macao Race Meeting

Special Excursions to Macao.

On SUNDAY, 13th May.

HONGKONG TO MACAO | MACAO TO HONGKONG
8.30 a.m. "SUI AN" | 3.30 p.m. "SUI AN"
9.30 a.m. "TAISHAN" | 5.30 p.m. "TAISHAN"

Notice: s.s. "TAISHAN" will sail from and return to Hongkong wharf. s.s. "SUI AN" will sail from and return to Wing Lok St. wharf.

Among the passengers sailing for the United States to-day by the President McKinley will be Mr. and Mrs. George Anderson. Mr. Anderson is the head of the well known local firm of Anderson and Ashe, marine surveyors and stevedores, and is travelling through to San Francisco. Mrs. Lillian R. Ashby is leaving for the United States to reside permanently with her children. Mrs. Ashby was formerly connected with an hotel in Calcutta.

A richa coolie reported to the police yesterday that a Chinese woman passenger had left a rattan basket in his vehicle and had disappeared. When the basket was opened it was found to contain the dead body of a Chinese girl of about six months old.

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page.

D	A	R	K
M	A	R	K
M	A	R	L
M	A	I	L
F	A	I	L
F	A	I	R

LUNATIC ON A JURY.

SERIOUS ALLEGATION IN AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, Apr. 9.

The Minister for Justice (Mr. Lee), announced to-night that he had decided to call for a depart-

mental report concerning an allegation that a mental patient at Callan Park had recently sat on a jury before whom a man was tried for murder. Ministers take a serious view of the allegation and should it prove to be correct steps will be taken to prevent a similar occurrence in the future.

According to the statement made to the Minister, an inmate

of the Callan Park institution sat as a juror in the recent trial of Robert N. Urquhart, who was charged with having murdered his wife at Pyrmont. Urquhart was acquitted of the charge by the jury. It is further alleged that when the alleged lunatic returned to the asylum he stated that he would not convict any man for killing his wife.

Shortest, Most Interesting Way to EUROPE

To the United States—
To Canada!
9 Days Across
from Japan



SAILINGS 1928.

STEAMERS	Hongkong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Van'var
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	May 9	May 12	May 15	May 18	May 27
EMPEROR OF ASIA	May 30	Jun. 2	Jun. 5	Jun. 7	Jun. 16
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Jun. 13	Jun. 16	Jun. 19	Jun. 21	Jun. 30
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Jul. 4	Jul. 7	Jul. 10	Jul. 12	Jul. 21
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jul. 18	Jul. 21	Jul. 24	Jul. 26	Aug. 4
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Aug. 8	Aug. 11	Aug. 14	Aug. 16	Aug. 25
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 29	Sept. 1	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 15
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 12	Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	Sept. 29
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Oct. 3	Oct. 6	Oct. 9	Oct. 11	Oct. 20

(B/Asia & E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.)

Let a Canadian Pacific agent or his representative tell you how attractive the through rates are and... how short, comfortable and convenient the route.



American Express Travelers Cheques

Definition of TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES—

"The system of Travellers Cheques was originated in 1891 by the American Express Company with the object of creating a form of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES' the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l'. The advantage of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions adopted the system."

Quoted from Pitman's Dictionary of Banking by Wm. Thomson.

Issued in £10, £5, £2, £1 and 25 and 10 pence denominations.
—bound in a small, handy wallet—and cost only 2 p. per cent.
Secure your stampbook tickets, hotel reservations and itineraries; or plan your cruise or tour through.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS Co., Inc.

4-A, Des Vaux Road, Central, Hongkong.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS

Loading Direct For

ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG and
SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

M.V. "NIPPON"	...	16th May
M.V. "FORMOSA"	...	10th June
M.V. "NANKING"	...	5th July
SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS and VLADIVOSTOK.		
M.V. "NANKING"	...	25th May

For further particulars apply to the Agents.

GILMAN CO., LTD.
Hongkong.

G. E. HUYGEN.
Canton.



MAIL AND CARGO STEAMERS TO AND FROM
MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, U.K., HAMBURG & ROTTERDAM.

From Marseilles
D'ARTAGNAN.....9th May.
G. METZINGER.....25th May.
SPHINX.....5th June.
ANGERS.....10th June.

From Dunkirk, Antwerp, London

SI-KIANG (Cargo) 22nd May.

For Shanghai, Japan and North China

SI-KIANG (Cargo) 22nd May.

For Shanghai and Japan
D'ARTAGNAN.....9th May.
G. METZINGER.....25th May.
SPHINX.....5th June.
ANGERS.....10th June.
For Marseilles
CHENONCEAUX.....8th May.
ATHOS II.....22nd May.
D'ARTAGNAN.....5th June.
G. METZINGER.....19th June.
SPHINX.....3rd June.
For Rotterdam, Hamburg, Dunkirk
D. P. BENOIT (Cargo) 7th May.

For full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

Telephones: C, 65land 740.

8, Queen's Building.

COMPANY REPORT.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

The report of the China Fire Insurance Company, Limited, for the presentation to the shareholders at the fifty-ninth ordinary meeting to be held on Friday, May 25, states:

1926 Account:—The balance of Working Account on the 31st December, 1927, was \$388,164.44 as per annexed statement.

The Board recommends that a dividend of \$9 per share and a bonus dividend of \$5 per share on 20,000 shares be paid to shareholders, absorbing \$280,000, and that the balance be carried forward to Underwriting Suspense Account to close the Account for the year 1926.

1927 Account:—The balance of Working Account on the 31st December, 1927, was \$361,164.44 as per annexed statement.

The Board recommends that an interim dividend of \$2 per share be paid to Shareholders, absorbing \$40,000, and that the remainder be carried forward.

Directors.

Since the last general meeting, the Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes joined the Board and Mr. John A. Plummer, Mr. J. K. Bousfield, Mr. L. J. Davies and Mr. D. O. Russell resigned from the board.

Mr. Arthur Macgowan, Mr. W. H. Bell, Mr. C. G. S. Mackie and Mr. W. L. Pattenden have joined the board.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr. T. G. Weill and Mr. Arthur Macgowan retire, but offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors.

Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews and Messrs. Linstead and Davis, Chartered Accountants, retire, but offer themselves for re-election.

MODERN AEROPLANES.

RECENTLY ADDED TO THE CANTON FLEET.

The Canton Aviation Department some time ago ordered a number of new aeroplanes. These arrived last week and are now being transported to the aviation hangars for assembly, says the Canton Gazette.

It is reported that several foreign aviators have also arrived to assist in assembling and testing the new machines.

Mr. Cheung Wai Cheung, Director of the Aviation Department, was present when the first cases were being opened.

These latest additions to the air squadron are of the latest design, and when assembled and in service, will augment the strength considerably.

Department orders now provide that practice flights are to be made regularly by the aviators attached to the station. This aims at improving and maintaining the high standard of efficiency of the flyers.

Mr. Cheung Wai Cheung, with Mrs. Cheung, last Friday made a flight as an example to encourage the others to make frequent practices.

Mr. Chan Hing Wan, Commander of Cheung Chau fort, and Mr. Wong, Department Chief of Military Headquarters, also flew on Friday.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

STRONGER SUPPORT THIS YEAR THAN LAST.

That the forthcoming New Territories Agricultural Show will receive stronger support than that of last year was shown by the large gathering at Mr. John A. Fraser's home last Saturday at the Committee meeting. Apart from the good attendance, no fewer than eleven names have been added to the list of voluntary workers composed of village elders from the various districts in the New Territories.

The beautiful tablet awarded by His Excellency, Sir Cecil Clementi, to the most successful winner of the Show in 1927, was placed on exhibition to the Committee. At the next meeting on July 7, Mr. Fraser will present a map specially prepared to indicate the various districts, and principal market places, which will be helpful in enabling the Committee to determine the distribution of prizes in a way beyond dispute or criticism.

Since the Committee met a month or so ago, about 335 packages of American cotton seeds have been distributed among the farmers in the New Territories. Thanks are due to Mr. Fung Kei-cheuk, one of the Committee, for defraying the expense of importing these seeds. The experiment appears to have achieved some success.

In the course of the next fortnight, about 4,000 notices in Chinese, embodying details of the forthcoming Show, will be distributed.

One of the interesting features of last Saturday's Committee meeting was the discussion of improving the raising of Chinese poultry and live stock in the New Territories. The Committee are at the moment considering practical means of not only improving the stock but also how to induce the farmers to avail themselves of veterinary service which may be placed at their disposal. All these points will be thoroughly considered in the near future.

The Committee, including Lady Ho Tung, the Rev. H. R. Wells, Mr. Fung Kei-cheuk, Mr. T. P. Tong, of the Comptroller Department of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Mr. Ng Sing-chi, the Chinese secretary, and Mr. J. D. Bush, of Messrs. Yue Lee Yuen, and others, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fraser at a tea party held after the meeting.

PIANO RECITAL.

BY MR. HARRY ORE'S PUPILS.

A piano recital was given by the pupils of Mr. Harry Ore in the Cathedral Hall last evening, there being present a large audience who enjoyed a long and diversified programme.

Amongst the offerings were selections from the better-known German masters, with frequent incursions into the lighter realm of music as represented by Kellogg, Chaminade, Debussy and others. Some of the pupils evinced considerable understanding of technique in their contributions. On the whole it was a thoroughly enjoyable recital, which reflected high credit on the pupils, and on Mr. Ore as their teacher.

WEST POINT ECHOES.

CHINESE CHARGED WITH DEMANDING MONEY.

When a Chinese, clad in a long gown, was charged before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistrate's Court yesterday afternoon, with demanding money with menaces from a Chinese woman and with threatening to do her injury unless she complied with his request, the Magistrate was asked by the defence to read a deeper meaning into the case than was suggested by the prefatory nature of the charges.

Mr. Hin-shing Lo, who appeared on behalf of the defendant, suggested that the affair had resolved itself into the question of past relationship between the man and the woman. An ex-habitue of the West Point restaurant quarter, she had known and lived with the defendant, despite the claim that she was now married to a Canton merchant as his concubine. Mr. Lo now sought to disprove this claim, and also to show that the demand for money was one which was not unusual in view of the close intimacy of their relations.

That the woman now had seen fit to trump up the charges was due to a desire to displace him from her favour on conceiving a warmer regard for the merchant, whom she called her husband. Much of the evidence given in Court was of an unsavoury character, but from the girl's evidence, it appeared, that she was at one time an inmate of one of the public houses at West Point.

She described the defendant as an individual well-known in the quarter for his unruly behaviour. After her marriage to her present husband, defendant used to follow her about the streets, demanding money, and when the request was not acceded to, he struck her and generally made a nuisance of himself.

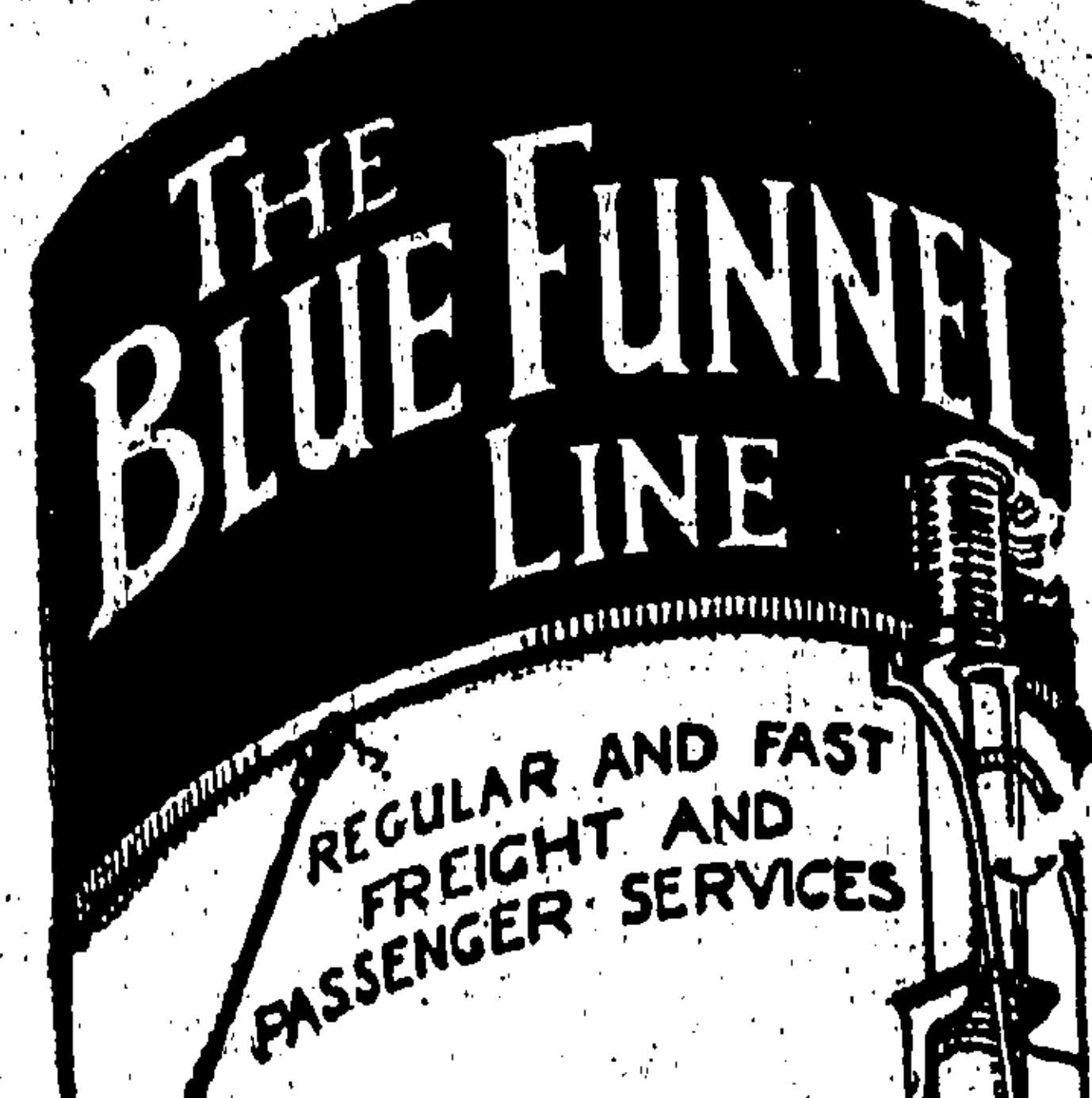
The crucial incident happened in the Empress Hotel, where following the receipt of a very threatening letter, he put in a personal appearance and renewed his importunities. He waved his arms wildly about, spoke incoherently, and in his short jacket looked them a very different man from the respectable individual that he was now attempting to be in a long jacket.

Fearing a misunderstanding with her husband, she phoned for the police and he was arrested. Mr. Hin-shing Lo then embarked on a series of searching questions in regard to her past career and the relationship in which she stood vis-a-vis the defendant and the man whom she now called her husband; and being anticipated in some of these remarks by the witness, he commented on her "sophistry."

The case was adjourned. His Worship, in response to an application from Mr. Lo, and in view of the evidence reduced the bail to \$500.

considerable understanding of technique in their contributions. On the whole it was a thoroughly enjoyable recital, which reflected high credit on the pupils, and on Mr. Ore as their teacher.

Amongst those who took part in the musicale were the Misses Ethel Banker, Doreen Ma, Phoebe To, Rosie Choy, Grace Ho Tung, Lei Wai Tsuen, Daisy Ma, Albertina d'Eca Remedios, Mary Ahwee, Elizabeth Dunbar, and Mr. Donald Anderson.



LONDON SERVICE

"PATROCLUS" 16th May. M'los, L'don, R'dam, Hull & G'gow
"MENELAUS" 28th May. M'los, London, R'dam & Hamburg
"ANTENOR" 13th June. M'los, London, R'dam & Glasgow

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"ORESTES" 20th May. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"OANFA" 20th June. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE

via Kobe & Yokohama
"TALITHYBIUS" 12th May. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"TEUCER" 31st May. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE

"ADRASTUS" 4th June. Boston, New York & Baltimore
"HELENUS" 29th June. Boston, New York & Baltimore

PASSENGER SERVICE

"PATROCLUS" 16th May. Singapore, Marseilles & London
"ANTENOR" 13th June. Singapore, Marseilles & London

OUTWARD SERVICE

"HELENUS" 16th May. Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"ADRASTUS" 15th May. Shanghai & Hankow
Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—

Butterfield & Swire,
Agents.



"You know, it is a marvel in organization how a fleet of 17 immense President Liners can be handled with such efficiency and positive dependability! One week a President sails for Victoria, B. C. and Seattle via the Short Route, and the next week one to San Francisco and Los Angeles via Honolulu. Every two weeks a President sails for the Straits, Colombo, via Suez to the Mediterranean, direct to New York, Boston and California. And every few days one of them sails Interport. That's what I call real steamship service."

Weekly Trans-Pacific Service

To San Francisco and Los Angeles
The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays
Pres. Grant ... Tues., May 22nd Pres. Jefferson ... Wed., May 16th
Pres. Cleveland ... Tues., June 5th Pres. Lincoln ... Tues., May 29th
Pres. Pierce ... Tues., June 19th Pres. Madison ... Tues., June 12th
Pres. Taft ... Tues., July 3rd Pres. Jackson ... Tues., June 26th

£120, £112 Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada, liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

Europe and New York Direct

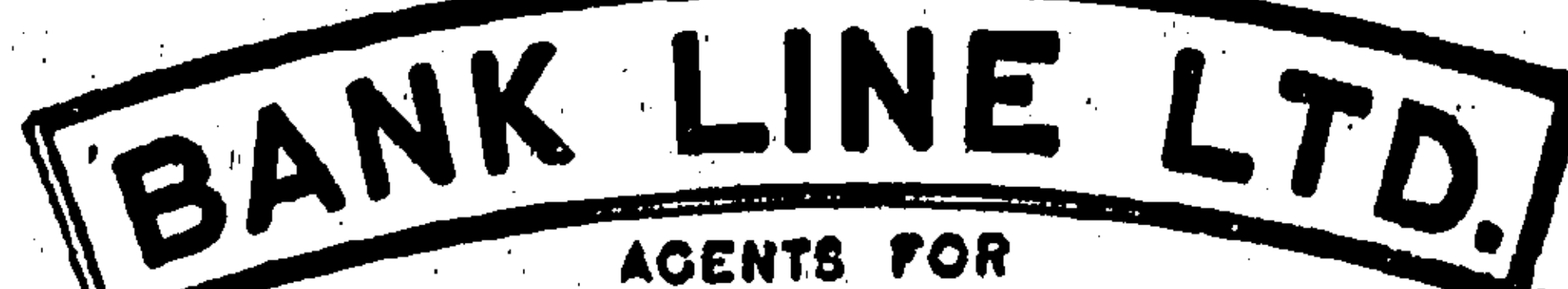
ROUND THE WORLD
Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Suez, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.
Pres. Wilson ... Sun., May 20, 8 a.m. Pres. Polk ... Sun., July 1, 8 a.m.
Pres. V. Bureau ... Sun., Jun. 3, 8 a.m. Pres. Adams ... Sun., July 15, 8 a.m.
Pres. Hayes ... Sun., Jun. 17, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield ... Sun., July 23, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. Jefferson ... May 8th, 6 p.m. Pres. Lincoln ... May 22nd, 6 p.m.
Pres. Grant ... May 12th, 6 p.m. Pres. Cleveland ... May 26th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Wilson ... May 20th, 8 a.m. Pres. van Buren ... June 3rd, 8 a.m.

For Bookings, Passenger and Freight Information apply to
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building, Ground Floor
Telephone Central 2477, 2478 and 793
Cable Address "Dollar"

American Mail Line and Dollar Steamship Line



ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

"CITY OF BOMBAY" Mar'les, Havre, L'don, R'dam, H'burg & Hull 25th May.
"CITY OF CARLISLE" ... Havre, London, R'dam & Hamburg ... 24th June.
"CITY OF BEDFORD" ... Havre, London, R'dam & Hamburg ... 25th July.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

"CITY OF EASTBOURNE" ... via Suez Canal ... 11th May.
"CITY OF NEWCASTLE" ... via Suez Canal ... 15th Jun.
"CITY OF OSAKA" ... via Suez Canal ... 13th July.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES, TO

BOSTON & NEW YORK

"FORRESDANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 6th July.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

"TINHOU" ... via Suez Canal ... End of July.
Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Cape Town.
Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Gullfina, Ibo, Port Amelle, Mozambique, Oshana, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindi, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For freight or passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone Central 4791.

THE BANK LINE, Ltd.

N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.
 £120, £112, £110, £102, £83 via SAN FRANCISCO
 £8440, £8420 via JAPAN & SEATTLE.
 SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu
 Siberia Maru ... Tuesday, 15th May.
 Taiyo Maru ... Tuesday, 29th May.
 LONDON via Singapore, Suez, Marseilles & Ports.
 Hakozaki Maru ... Saturday, 19th May.
 Hakusan Maru ... Saturday, 2nd June.
 SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
 Miehima Maru ... Wednesday, 23rd May.
 BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
 Tanba Maru ... Friday, 11th May.
 Moji Maru ... Sunday, 27th May.
 SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu,
 Los Angeles Mexico & Panama
 Rakuo Maru ... Thursday, 31st May.
 SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore,
 Capetown & Ports.
 Hakata Maru ... Thursday, 10th May.
 NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.
 Tanayama Maru ... Sunday, 13th May.
 LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.
 Tanayama Maru ... Wednesday, 23rd May.
 CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
 Tottori Maru ... Wednesday, 9th May.
 Ceylon Maru ... Saturday, 19th May.
 NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 Tanaka Maru ... Thursday, 17th May.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 Durban Maru ... Saturday, 12th May.
 Nakato Maru (Moji Direct) ... Sunday, 13th May.
 Harima Maru ... Monday, 14th May.
 Cargo only.
 Subject to alteration without notice.
 For further information apply to: NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 Tel. Central Nos. 292, (private exchanges to all Depts.)

INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailings.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Kwangsang Hopang Kwaisang Hangsang	Wed. 9th May at noon. Sun. 13th May at noon. Tues. 15th May at noon. Sun. 20th May at noon.
TO OSAKA via AMOY, SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	Kutsang	Satur. 19th May at 7 a.m.
TO CANTON	Chipehing	Tues. 8th May at 8 p.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Suisang Yunsang	Tues. 8th May at 3 p.m. Mon. 14th May at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mauasang	Wed. 9th May at noon.
TO TIENTSIN	Chipehing	Fri. 11th May at 4 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to:—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone 215, Central General Managers



REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjisondari	Batavia	10th May	13th May	Amoy & S'hai
Tjisroea	S'hai, K'lung	14th May	16th May	Batavia
Tjimanoeck	Java, Mesr	21st May	23rd May	Amoy & S'hai
Tjilwong	Dalny, Amoy	21st May	23rd May	Batavia
Tjikembang	Batavia	24th May	27th May	Amoy & S'hai
Tjipanas	Java, M'ila	27th May	30th May	Swatow & Saikou
Tjisondari	S'hai, K'lung	28th May	30th May	Batavia
Tjisalak	Java, Mesr	4th June	6th June	Amoy & S'hai
Tjibodas	Dalny, Amoy	4th June	6th June	Mesr & Sourabaya
Tjikarang	Batavia	7th June	10th June	Amoy & S'hai
Tjikembang	S'hai, K'lung	11th June	13th June	Batavia
Tjimanoeck	Dalny, Amoy	18th June	20th June	Batavia
Tjitaroom	Java, Mesr	18th June	20th June	Amoy & S'hai

† Via Macassar
 ‡ Via Batavia
 The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a fully qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.
 For Freight and Passage apply to the

Java-China-Japan Line.

GLEN LINE.

Fare Hongkong to London £82.

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel	"GLENARA" (Via Oran)	21st May.
Steamship	"CARNARVONSHIRE" (Via Oran)	15th June.
Steamship	"PEMBROKESHIRE" (Via Oran)	13th July.
Steamship	"GLENSHANE" (Via Oran)	8th Aug.

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

Motor Vessel	"GLENBEG"	13th May.
Steamship	"PEMBROKESHIRE"	28th May.
Steamship	"GLENIFFER"	9th June.
Steamship	"GLENSHANE"	29th June.
Steamship	"CARDIGANSHIRE"	9th July.

For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Empress of Russia from Manila. Mr. W. A. Euterfield, Mr. Au Ka Kong, Mr. and Mrs. Char Ma, Mr. Chin Tat-Cao, Mrs. J. C. Early, Mr. F. L. Fern, Mr. S. Hirschberg, Mr. W. Herhel, Mr. K. Hayasaki, Mr. N. Kosaka, Mr. K. Kezu, Mr. Kwan Shiu Chi, Mr. Lee Sian Tong, Mr. Mangdenberg, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Mosher, Mr. T. Matsuoto, Mr. C. Murata, Mr. Ng Wai Fong, Mr. F. Kong, Mr. K. Sawada, Mr. Y. Soban, Mr. H. W. Stokes, Mr. Yang Shulpo, Mrs. C. M. Yvanovich, Miss O. Rihel, Mr. A. Bayot, Mr. Yu Kim Sontuu, Mr. Yaguchi, Mr. Yu Chong Yong, Mr. J. W. Bardell, Mr. L. Donner, Mr. Au Choy Moon, Mrs. Fung Mew Yong, Mr. Au Yong Stat, Mr. E. G. Rivers, Rev. and Mrs. Leo L. Rose, Mrs. F. J. Steinhoff, Mr. W. R. Schuele, Mr. K. R. Schuele, Mr. O. Block, Dr. and Mrs. J. Tee Hanneke, Miss G. Tee Hanneke, Mr. Cheung Ack, Mr. Chong Chu, Mr. J. Duval, Mrs. H. V. Friedle, Mr. S. L. Frost, Mrs. F. E. Hippie, Walter F. Hippie (1 Mth.), Mr. C. H. Lilley, Mrs. A. S. Mink, Mr. V. Pokardas, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. S. Nagatomi, Mr. M. Yoshikawa, Mr. H. Maeyama, Mr. and Mrs. M. Nonaka, Mr. M. Nonaka, Mr. M. Nonaka, Mr. M. and T. Nonaka, Mr. Y. Choh, Mr. S. Fujisaki, Mr. Y. Megurikawa, Mr. T. Namikawa, Mr. E. and Mrs. I. Nomura, Miss F. and Inft. Nomura, Mr. Y. Sekigishi, Mr. K. Fujikawa, Mr. E. Wada, Mr. W. L. Bramwell, Dr. D. G. Beebe, Mrs. M. W. Fairfield, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hoovey, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. MacMillan, Mr. R. E. Manly, Mrs. A. Rogers, Mr. R. G. Staud, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Schiemer, Mr. V. Awa, Miss S. Christensen, Miss M. Doty, Miss S. Castilian, Miss S. Toronda, Mr. G. Gaston, Mrs. S. M. Harris and 2 infants, Mr. L. Jamora, Mrs. T. I. Onagan, Rev. A. B. Sarda, Mr. R. W. Oliver, Miss S. F. Mangaser, Mr. M. Tobias.

Per s.s. President McKinley. Miss Virginia Lumanan, Mrs. Dorothy J. Healy, Mr. Ng Tip, Miss Carmen de Santos, Mr. Ramon de Santos, Mr. E. P. Williams, Mr. F. A. Hollabaugh, Mr. and Mrs. John C. McCutchen, Mr. Louis Howe, Mr. Chas. H. Ortmann, Mr. Amelia Perry, Miss Jacquelin B. Perry, Mrs. Sally Simmon, Mr. Andres Pastor, Mr. Alvin B. Giles, Mrs. Concha B. De Pastor, Mr. Julius Reese, Miss Gracie Baggary, Father Francis X. Rooney, Father John V. McEvoy, Miss H. L. Bailey, Miss Genevieve S. Boyer, Mr. John H. M. Butler, Lt. and Mrs. John B. Daniels, Mr. Mariano Gamboa, Mr. Earl J. Green, Miss N. H. Knapp, Mr. Severino Urguilo, Mrs. Ellen Greenfield, Master Philip Greenfield, Miss Rose Mary Greenfield, Mrs. Marjorie White, Miss Marilyn White, Mr. Alex M. Massabini, Mr. and Mrs. Carl M. Moore, Mrs. Ruth Ortmann, Miss Nancy Ortmann, Mr. Carl E. Christopherson, Mr. B. Joven, Mrs. Irma Joven, Mr. Edward E. Christensen, Mrs. Jenn M. Wilson.

DUTY ON RUBBER.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF SINGAPORE INACTIVE.

Singapore, May 7.
 In the Legislative Council, replying to the unofficial members who urged a reduction of the rubber export duty, the Colonial Secretary, Sir Hayes Marriott, stated that he did not propose to take action until the matter was further considered. The Government's present intention was to re-enact the Rubber Restriction Ordinance when restriction disappeared. The members of the Legislative Council would be consulted in regards to the rate of assessment to be imposed when the price of rubber dropped below thirty-five.—*Reuter*.

ASSAULT ON POLICE CONSTABLE.

(Continued from Page 2.)

In reply to his Worship witness stated that he was quite sure it was the third man who had the revolver.
 Another constable, D.36, who went to Po Chung with D.185, then went into the witness box and corroborated most of the evidence. He said that two other men, who were not in court, snatched the revolver from D.185.
 Witness told his Worship that he had to walk back from Po Chung Peninsula to the Aberdeen Police Station after the affray, and it took him three hours.
 Mr. Lo's Submission.
 Before the Court adjourned Mr. Lo mentioned that it appeared to him that the summons must fail in that it stood. The wording was to the effect that the constable was assaulted and obstructed in the execution of his duty. Mr. Lo said that the prosecution to succeed must prove that. So far, the prosecution, on their own admission, had stated that D.185 was not executing his duty at all and that tree cutting at Po Chung was outside his duty.

Mr. Lindsell remarked that admittedly the constable was outside his boat, but that did not debar him from arresting someone.
 Mr. Lo said that even if the constable's story was to be believed he should have had a warrant, but the man was not executing his duty and went to Po Chung without a warrant of any kind.

Mr. Lindsell said that it would be hard to convince him there and illustrated the position by saying that a constable on one boat was perfectly entitled to go beyond his beat to assist another constable on hearing police whistles blown, for instance.

Mr. Lo submitted that in the present case the constable should not have gone without a warrant. He added that he would like to know whether the arrest was on the first defendant's vegetable farm.

His Worship indicated that he would have to call further evidence as to the locality of the arrest.
 Mr. Lindsell then enquired if Mr. Russ was going to call all his clients to the witness box to give evidence?

Mr. Russ: I shall watch your Worship's face. After I have called one I shall tell you whether it is necessary to call any more.
 The hearing will be continued on Monday next at 2.15 p.m.

LAND SALES.

\$18,000 FOR PROPERTY IN LAICHKOK.

Two valuable pieces of property were sold by auction at the offices of the Public Works Department yesterday afternoon. The first lot, consisting of 60,000 square feet of spare land situate in Laichkok and known as "New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1,130," was sold to Mr. Lam Ming-fan, while Mr. Lai Hon-fai was the purchaser of a New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1,132 situate at Prince Edward Road, Kowloon City.
 The first lot was offered for \$18,000 and on there being only one bid, Mr. Lam Ming-fan became the new owner. In the second sale, the property which consists of only 5,510 square feet, was sold to Mr. Lai Hon-fai for the up-set price of \$6,887.50.

HAINAN ISLAND.

MORE OUTLETS NEEDED.

The island of Kiangchow, more commonly known as Hainan, lies off the south coast of Kwangtung. It has long been noted for its extremely rich soil, and its immense natural resources. The island possesses a series of mountain ranges running from a common centre or parent range, and having somewhat the appearance of a star of snow's foot. Along the slopes of these ranges there are extensive tracts of fine timber, suitable for industrial purposes. Beneath the timber, in the bowels of mother earth, lie abundant supplies of mineral wealth. Interspersed among the forests, and on the more level plains the soil supports practically all forms of agriculture.

The difficult nature of the hills render survey a difficult problem, says the Canton Gazette, and so far there has been no attempt at accurate and extensive survey. Some years ago a cursory survey was carried out, and although it was a necessarily light investigation, the results obtained furnished convincing proof of the abundant natural wealth of the island.

The island also possesses a rich salt and fishing trade.

In recent years rubber, coconuts, and other tropical products have been planted, and plantations are springing up slowly but nevertheless surely, with invariable success. Mr. Li Lu-chao, Commissioner of the Department of Industry opened a Bureau of Industry on the island, to foster the industrial development of the territory. Roads are being opened and built, giving access to the rich valleys of the interior, and communication is developing, facilitating transport.

But there is one great drawback. There is only one sea-outlet (the port of Hoihow). Hoihow is situated at the northern portion. It possesses a poor harbour, of very shallow depth, and coastal ships have to anchor some distance out, necessitating long and tedious journeys by sampans in communicating with the shore.

This lack of sea-outlets is hindering the development of the island. In the Ching dynasty, the Manchus recognised the problem and at one time proposed to build a port at Yu Lin, but this proposal came to naught.

General Chen Ming-shu, Rehabilitation Commissioner for the Southern Region, has been giving much thought to the island. He also recognised the lack of outlet facilities, and investigations made could not discover a better spot than the coastal hamlet of Yu Lin, selected by the Manchus.

Yu Lin is in the southern portion, in Neng Yun district. It possesses a promising natural harbour, with deep water, and with proper development, offers potentialities of a fine shipping port.

Mr. Wu Tung-kai, Chief of the local Bureau of Industry, with Mr. Yang Chuek-man, his secretary, recently came to Canton to see Marshal Li Chai-sum with the proposal to develop Yu Lin into a regular sea port. The development of this port would render accessible the natural products of the southern portion of the island, which hitherto has been neglected. It is reported that Marshal Li has approved of this suggestion, and that a company is being promoted for this purpose. The company will not only develop the port, but will also work the forests and minerals in the neighbourhood.

VERY GOOD REASON.

SOVIET-AFGHAN ALLIANCE NOT PROPOSED.

Moscow, May 7.
 It is officially stated that the reports published abroad that King Amanullah had refused to enter into a military alliance with Russia were untrue. "The King" has neither accepted nor rejected any such project seeing that it was never proposed.—*Reuter*.

P. & O. BRITISH-INDIA, APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES.

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND)
 Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for Straits, Java and Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Australasia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports, Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe, Etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
KASHGAR	9,005	12th May.	M'ses, L'don, A'werp & Hull
LAHORE	5,252	19th May.	Marseilles, London, A'werp, Rotterdam & Hamburg
KIDDERPORE	5,334	22nd May.	Straits, O'bo B'bay, & Karachi
MALWA	10,936	26th May.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
ALIPORE	5,273	31st May.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
JEYPORE	5,318	2nd June.	Marseilles & London
DELTA	8,097	9th June.	B'bay, M'ses, L'don & A'werp
MIRZAPORE	6,715	19th June.	Straits & Bombay
RANPURA	16,601	23rd June.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
NOVARA	6,989	30th June.	Marseilles, London, A'werp, Hull, Rotterdam & Hamburg
KHYBER	9,114	7th July.	M'ses, L'don, A'werp & Hull
RAWALPINDI	16,619	21st July.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
NANKIN	7,058	28th July.	Marseilles, London, A'werp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

Cargo only.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers & Cargo to Constantinople, Pyrene, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S. S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

HATIPARA	7,764	17th May.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	26th May.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

Calls only.

B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

TANDA	6,656	1st June.	Manila, Sandakan, Thura, Island, Townsville, B'bane, Sydney and Melbourne.
ST. ALBANS	4,500	29th June.	

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.
 The P. & O. S. S. Co. Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hioh, Cebu, Kalambagan, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as indicated on offers.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
 The Union, S. S. Co's Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.
 The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.
 The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.
 The New Zealand Shipping Co. Steamers to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

TAELIWA	7,936	8th May. 6 a.m.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
TANDA	6,956	8th May. 4 p.m.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
DELTA	8,097	10 May. 5 p.m.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
NOVARA	6,989	12 May. 5 p.m.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
DEVANHA	8,155	17th May.	S'hai, Kobe Osaka & Yokohama
MIRZAPORE	6,715	21st May.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
SANTHIA	7,754	23rd May.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
RANPURA	10,601	25th May.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama
TILAWA	10,006	2nd June.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
NANKIN	7,058	5th June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
TAKADA	8,948	7th June.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
ST. ALBANS	4,500	5th June.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
KHYBER	9,114	8th June.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
TALAMBA	8,018	17th June.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
RAWALPINDI	16,619	22nd June.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama

Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 24 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Co's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

P. & O. Bldg., Connaught Rd., C.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL LINE"

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD. AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

(ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE"	via Suez Canal 11th May.
S.S. "ADRASTUS"	via Suez Canal 4th June.
S.S. "CITY OF NEWCASTLE"	via Suez Canal 15th June.
S.S. "HELENUS"	via Suez Canal 29th June.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at owners' option.

Subject to Change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to:—
 BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LD., HONGKONG.
 Hongkong & Canton. Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., Canton.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.

"Changte" & "Taiping."

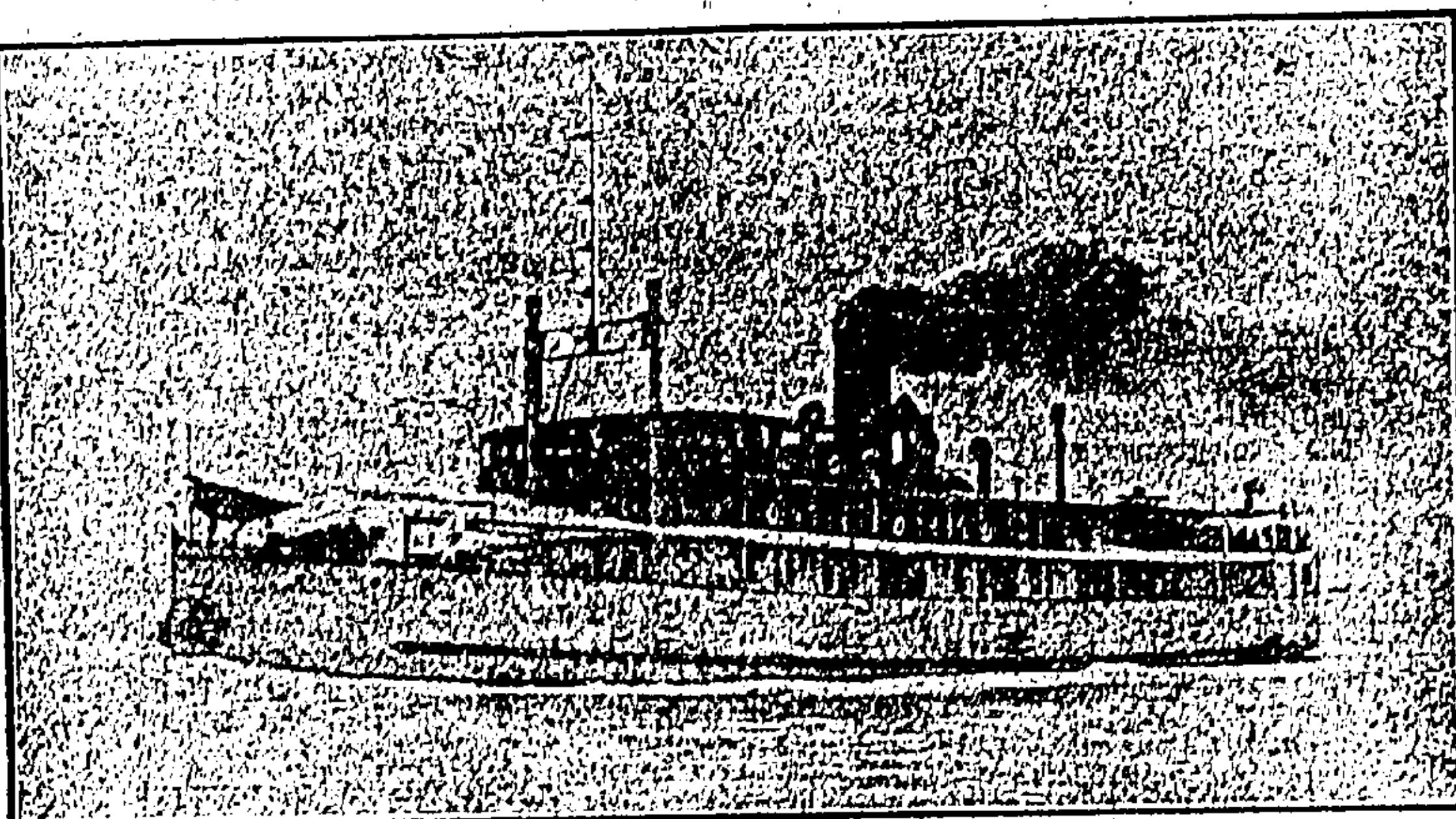
THESE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

VIA MANILA, AND THURSDAY ISLAND.
 Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.
 HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	Due Hongkong on or about	Sails hence on or about
TAIPING	11th May	18th May
CHANGTE	8th June	15th June
TAIPING	10th July	17th July
CHANGTE	7th August	17th August

For Freight & Passage, apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
 Tel. C. 36



T. S. S. "SIANG WO."

Passenger & Cargo River Steamer, built and engine at Kowloon Dock, by the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., to the order of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., for service on the Middle Yangtze Hankow-Johang.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager—

R. M. DYER, B. Sc., M.L.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

HOTELS.

THE HONGKONG

HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL; PEAK HOTEL.
Telegraphic Address: "KREMLIN, HONGKONG."

AND

SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL; PALACE HOTEL;
MAJESTIC HOTEL.
Telegraphic Address: "CENTRAL, SHANGHAI."

HOTELS.
LIMITED.

In association with the Grand Hotel
Des Wagons Lits, Peking.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Most Modern and Central Hotel in the Colony, all Bed Rooms
newly renovated and installed with Box Spring Beds, Hot and Cold
Water, also Telephone.

Ten Dances:

Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 5 to 7 p.m.

Hotel launch meets all steamers.

(\$25 for thirty Tiffin Tickets can be had at the Office of the above

Hotel.)

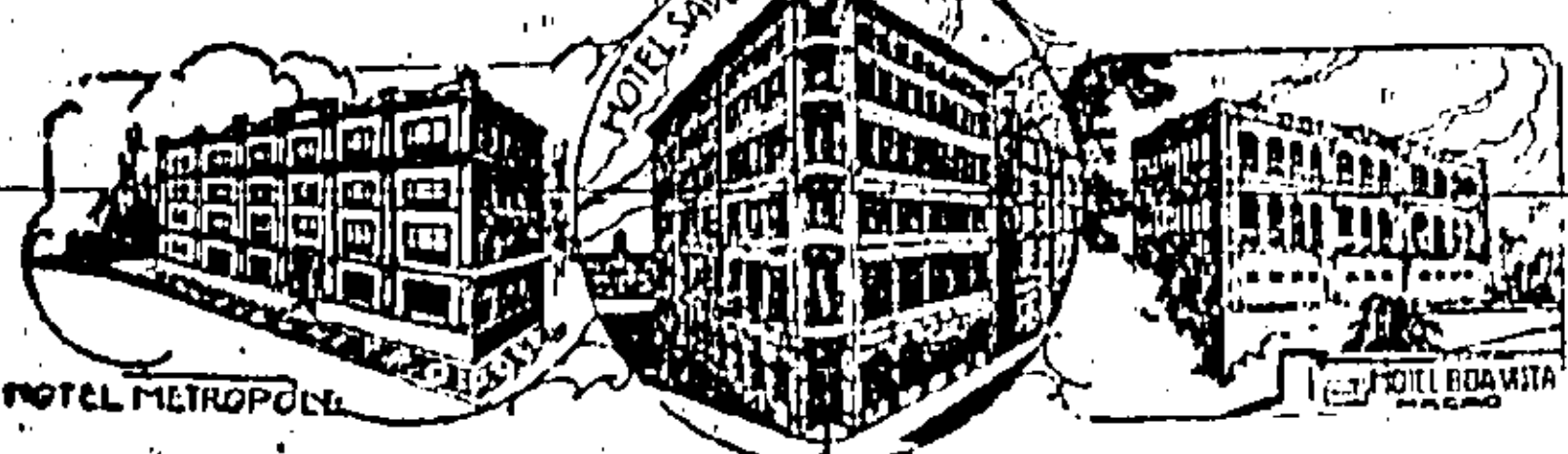
Tel. Add: "Victoria."

Telephone C. 373

J. H. WITCHELL,
Manager.

HOTELS OF

DISTINCTION



METROPOLE-SAVOY-BOA VISTA

The Kowloon Hotel
Kowloon.

The Premier Hotel in Kowloon with all modern conveniences.
High Class Cuisine and Table Appointments. Wonderful view of the
Harbour and Peak, and five minutes from the Ferry, Wharves and
Railway Station. Representative meets all steamers.

Daily Rates from \$ 6.00.

Monthly Rates from \$130.00.

Under the Personal Supervision and attention of

MR. & MRS. H. J. WHITE.

Tel. No. K.608 & K.609.

Cables. "Kowhotel," Kowloon.

PALACE HOTEL.

Tel. Kowloon No. 8. Tel. Address "PALACE."
Three minutes from Kowloon Wharf, Ferry and Railway Station.
Entirely under English Management. Electric Light and Fan throughout.
Every Room with Private Bath. Lounge, Bar and Billiard-Rooms.
Unrivalled Cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress.
Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to:
Mrs. J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietress.

EUROPE Cables: "EUROPE
Singapore.

HOTEL

SINGAPORE.

After-dinner
dancing everyTuesday, Thursday
and Saturday.

Grill

THE EUROPE HOTEL LTD.

Arthur E. Odell, Managing-Director.

THE HOTEL RIVIERA

MACAO

Cable Address: "RIVIERA, MACAO"

EMBODYING THE
LUXURIES OF MODERN HOTEL
CONSTRUCTION

THE FINAL EXPRESSION
OF COMFORT AND
SERVICE

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by ALFRED MORLEY,
at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street, in the City of Victoria Hongkong.

NEW TSINAN
SENSATION.

(Continued from Page 1.)

eastern section of the commercial
area which was guarded by the
troops under Lieut-Colonel
Kojima, the Commander of the
Japanese Garrison in Tientsin. A
portion of his troops tried to
restrain the Chinese soldiers, but
they would not listen to them. On
the contrary, the Chinese soldiers
opened fire, whereupon the
Japanese troops were constrained
to use arms. Approximately 2,000
Southern troops, which were quar-
tered in that neighbourhood, also
joined in the trouble.

"As the affair became serious,
the Japanese troops immediately
took up their allotted positions to
safeguard the Japanese residents.
Japanese residents were accommo-
dated in the Japanese Consulate,
General and the Japanese Club.
Meanwhile, the Headquarters of
the Japanese Army sent Lieut-
Colonel Sasaki to the General
Headquarters of the Southern
Forces and demanded immediate
cessation of hostilities. The
Southern authorities sent liaison
officers to restrain riotous soldiers,
but orders were not obeyed by the
soldiers.

"Outside the Japanese defence
area, not only Japanese homes but
those of foreigners were pillaged
by Chinese troops, and a number
of Japanese were slaughtered.

"The Japanese Division made
every endeavour to suppress the
rioting in co-operation with the
Southern authorities, and it
appears that the situation quieted
down towards 10 o'clock last night.

The number of casualties on the
side of the Japanese Army known
up to yesterday evening is 5 killed,
20 wounded and one missing. On
the other hand, the casualties on
the Chinese side is not less than
100, and some 1,500 Chinese
soldiers were disarmed." Toho.

Japanese Civilians in Refuge.

Shanghai, May 4.
A Tsinan message, dated May
3, received in Shanghai yesterday,
reports as follows on the circum-
stances which led to the collision
between Japanese and Chinese
troops:

"Seeing that the demeanour of
the Chinese troops in the city was
comparatively inoffensive, the
Japanese troops set about remov-
ing all defence works at about 10
o'clock this morning, when Chi-
nese troops, taking advantage of the
relaxation of the Japanese de-
fence, started looting in the com-
mercial area of the city, firing
rifles at the same time.

"The Headquarters of the
Japanese troops, while ordering
men to take up their posts for the
protection of the Japanese resi-
dents, sent officers to the Head-
quarters of the Chinese troops for
negotiations, but in vain. The
Japanese and Chinese troops are
still engaged in fighting.

"On the other hand, some of the
Japanese residents, carrying arms,
which were taken from Chinese
soldiers by Japanese troops, are
acting with Japanese regulars.
The majority of the Japanese resi-
dents have been accommodated in
the Japanese Consulate-General
and the Japanese Club." Toho.

CANTON PROTESTS.

Police Precautions.

Over 50,000, including Govern-
ment officials took part in the mass
meeting in Canton yesterday, to
commemorate, on the one hand,
National Humiliation Day, in con-
nexion with the Japanese 21 De-
mands; and on the other, to pro-
test against the Japanese
"Massacre" of Chinese soldiers
and the murder of the Chinese
Commissioner of Foreign Affairs
at Tsinanfu.

To prevent any untoward in-
cident, a full brigade of soldiers
and many detectives were pre-
sent to preserve order.

Representatives of the Kwang-
tung Press Association, the
Kwangtung Kuomintang Branch
Association and of all political
factions and public organisations
attended.

Drastic Measures.

It was resolved to dispatch a
telegram to the Nanking Nation-
alist Government urging im-
mediate and most drastic measures
in settling the matter with the
Japanese. The telegram was
worded as follows:

"Under the pretext of protect-
ing her nationals in Shanghai,
the Japanese Government repeat-
ed her most erroneous action of
last year by sending to Shanghai,
a large force of Japanese troops.
Such a plot to hinder the pro-
gress of the Nationalist army when
it was accomplishing wonder-
ful results in the Northern Ex-
pedition, is most lamentable.

Mischievous Plot.

This is a mischievous plot to
assist the Fengtien Party and to
employ the latter political faction
to further the ends of the Japa-
nese Government in securing privi-
leges in Shanghai and elsewhere
in China.

Despite the country-wide protest
of the Chinese demanding
immediate evacuation the Japanese
troops opened fire on the Nation-
alists on May 3rd, murdering the
Chinese Commissioner of Foreign
Affairs at Tsinanfu and massacring
more than 1,000 Chinese
soldiers.

The inhumanity and cruelty of
the Japanese Imperialists is now
exposed. What will China be if
the Japanese create such a prece-
dent, when we are being oppressed
by other countries?

Must Fight for Race.

"To fight for our race and for the
complete independence of China
we must struggle with the
Japanese."

Telegram To Japan.

The meeting also filed a tele-
gram of protest to the Japanese
Government in which it was stat-
ed: The Northern Expedition of
the Nationalist Government is
directed at the extermination of
militarism in China. The Nation-
alist armies have been advancing
rapidly towards their goal and it
is expected that before long China
will be united. Your Govern-
ment's despatch of troops to Shan-
tung regarded as a pretext to help
the Peking Government, which will
ultimately protract Chinese civil
strife.

The people of Kwantung are
indignant to hear of the massacring
of more than 1,000 Chinese soldiers
in Tsinanfu, and they have deter-
mined to call on all the people of
China for a combined protest
against such high-handed action.
Pending the evacuation of Japa-
nese troops from all Chinese terri-
tories, the Chinese will take the
most drastic measures in negotiat-
ing with your government.

Shanghai Agitation.

Shanghai, May 7.
The Student Union of Shanghai
is giving open air lectures just
outside the Settlement boundaries,
inflaming anti-Japanese sentiment
and preaching a boycott and the
severance of economic relations,
while the Chinese merchants at the
Chamber of Commerce meeting this
afternoon will discuss the advisa-
bility of declaring a general strike.
—Reuter.

Japan Attacked.

Shanghai, May 7.
The vernacular papers have
been mostly silent in regards to
Tsinan until to-day, but are now
strongly attacking Japan. They
are accusing the Japanese of
provoking the affair in order to
justify the despatch of their
troops.

Most Chinese also attack Japan,
although many other well inform-
ed people declare that the trouble
was caused by the communists in
order to embarrass Chiang Kai-
shek. —Reuter.

Stein's Hotel Looted.

Peking, May 7.
Mr. H. J. Timperley, the corres-
pondent of the Manchester Guard-
ian, arrived at Tsinan this
morning from Tsinan by the Japa-
nese military train. He gives
additional confirmation of the re-
port that British and American re-
sidents of Tsinanfu are safe, but
states that the Stein's Hotel, where
he was staying, was looted. He
expected that the foreigners would
evacuate Tsinanfu shortly, as soon
as the line from Tsinanfu to Tsin-
tao is repaired. —Reuter.

Troops From Dairen.

Tsingtao, May 7.
Two thousand Japanese troops
from Dairen disembarked yesterday
but were held up in their journey to
Tsinanfu through the lack of rolling-
stock.

The Nationalists continue to cut
the Shantung Railway in several
places. —Reuter.

Forty Aeroplanes.

Tokyo, May 7.
The aeroplane carrier Noto-
ro which has a capacity of 40 planes,
has been ordered to prepare for
departure for Tsingtao. —Reuter.

Home Comments.

London, May 7.
The new crisis in China and the
possibilities of a definite Chinese-
Japanese clash, has been featured
in the newspapers, splashed on the
news pages and exhaustively dis-
cussed in leaders.

Significance is especially at-
tached to the Northerners joining
the Southerners in protesting
against Japanese intervention.

The Morning Post says that
Japan is involved in a struggle
from which it will be difficult for
her to extricate herself without
military precautions and expense.

The Daily Mail says that the
outrages in Tsinanfu were the re-
sult of a dangerous anti-foreign
movement and British sympathy
with Japanese therefore is strong.
General satisfaction will be felt
that the Japanese are dealing with
such vigour and decision.

The Manchester Guardian says
that after the British experiences
in China it is difficult to be very
condemning over the decision of the
Japanese Government to defend
lives and property by the despatch
of troops, but it is conceivable that
the events in Tsinanfu will de-
velop in such a way as to involve
Japan further and cause her to
make very undesirable inroads up-
on the sovereign territorial rights
of China. —Reuter.

\$40,000 DAMAGES
CLAIM.DEFENCE OPENED THIS
MORNING.PLEA OF ACTING IN GOOD
FAITH.

COUNSEL'S ARGUMENT.

Mr. F. C. Jenkin, defending
counsel in the claim for \$40,000
damages, declared in the Supreme
Court this morning that the defend-
ant had given more in cash or in
credit for goods than he had over-
received, and further contended
that the Chief Justice would have
to find that the defendant was so
grossly negligent that his actions
amounted to fraud, before he could
find for the plaintiff.

The case is one in which Kwik
Djeon-yung, of the Kiam Tjiang
Han firm, 126 Wing Lok Street,
claims \$40,000 from Tsang Fook,
cabinet shop proprietor, 94a, Wan-
chai Road, either as damages or
as money received for the use of
the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleges
that a clerk, named Iu Po-lun
formerly in his employ, who has
absconded by altering the amounts
of debit notes, obtained large sums
of money from the firm and passed
cheques on to Tsang Fook.

The case for the plaintiff is be-
ing conducted by Mr. Eldon Potter,
K. C., together with Mr. H. G.
Sheldon, instructed by Mr. E.
Davidson of Messrs. Hastings,
Dennys and Bowley. Mr. F. C. Jen-
kin, instructed by Mr. D. H. Blake,
of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, is
defending.

In closing his case, Mr. Potter
formerly put in the defendant's
pass book to establish that on the
dates of the two order cheques,
September 9, 1925, and January
8, 1926, the defendant had credit
with the bank apart from the two
cheques. Therefore, the two
cheques would not be used to wipe
out an outstanding debt balance.

Defendant's Good Faith.

Mr. Jenkin, in opening the case
for the defence, said that the prin-
ciples upon which the case had to
be decided were drawn by com-
mon consent from the same au-
thorities. The defendant's story
was that in taking the cheques he
took them in good faith. It was
laid down in law that if a thing
was deemed to have been done in
good faith, where it was in fact
done honestly, whether with
negligence or not, no degree of
negligence was sufficient to saddle
the taker with bad faith unless
the tribunal examining the cir-
cumstances came to the conclu-
sion that the conduct of the taker
was so gross that it amounted to
fraud.

Mr. Jenkin said he would put it
to his Lordship that he would have
to be convinced that, in order to
saddle Tsang Fook with the claim
made in the action, there being
facts which called for enquiry
Tsang Fook wilfully and fraudu-
lently abstained from making
those enquiries. With regard to
the present case it would be shown
that the defendant did make en-
quiries and was satisfied. He
had, in fact, given more in cash
or in credit for goods supplied
than he had ever received.

"A Big Noise."

After addressing his Lordship
on the question of values, Mr.
Jenkin went on to refer to ac-
counts which had been drawn up
as between the defendant and Iu
Po-lun, showing the transactions
that had passed between them
with regard to loans and purchases
of musical apparatus.

Counsel explained that Tsang
Fook opened a head office in Ice
House Street in February, 1925,
and Iu Po-lun, who was
a big noise in the Chinese musical
world, brought business from the
Chinese community. A great
deal of Tsang Fook's success in the
early years had been due to the
efforts of Iu Po-lun, commented
counsel. On the occasion of the
opening of the office, a banquet was
given in the Kam Ling Restaurant.
The banquet was arranged by Iu
Po-lun and he also settled the bills
afterwards, as a result of which
Tsang Fook owed money to Iu Po-
lun.

Money Advanced.
Among the people Iu Po-lun in-
troduced to the music store, con-
tinued Mr. Jenkin, was a son of the
plaintiff. Iu Po-lun was regarded
as, and accepted the position of,
being responsible for Tsang
Fook's accounts which had been
opened by people who had been in-
troduced by Iu Po-lun. From time
to time the defendant would ad-
vance money to Iu Po-lun and
those advances would subsequently
be settled by Iu Po-lun bringing
cheques drawn upon the Kwik
firm in favour of the Chartered
Bank or bearer. After deducting
any loan already made, a cheque
would be given by the defendant to
Iu Po-lun.

Counsel then went on to deal
with details of the accounts be-
tween the two men.
The case is proceeding.

A ROMANCE OF LONDON



WITH JOYCE
NORMAN TREVOR
a
Paramount
Picture

A dramatic story
told with a new
twist that marks it
as something quite
different.

ADOLPH ZUKOR and JESSE L. LASKY present

ADOLPHE
MENJOU
"THE ACE
OF CADS"

ADAPTED to the screen from the brilliant
story by Michael Arlen, famous author of
"The Green Hat," and literary lion of the
hour.

Romantic—Dramatic—Colourful.

AT THE QUEEN'S TO-DAY &
TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20.

The story of a man who captured twenty-two war
prisoners but feared to fight the town bully!

KENNETH
HARLANin
THE
SAP

with

Mary McAllister

Based on The Big Broadway Stage Hit.

AT THE WORLD TO-DAY &
TO-MORROW
Orchestra 5.15 and 9.20. Interpreter 2.30 and 7.15.

Victorien Sardou's
"DIPLOMACY"

The strange
drama of a
stolen treaty.

with
BLANCHE
SWEET

ARLETTE MARCHAL—NEIL HAMILTON—MATT MOORE

AT THE STAR TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
Continuous 2.30 to 11.15.